ACFA ADVANCING CALIFORNIA FINANCE AUTHORITY

Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Governing Board Advancing California Finance Authority San Francisco, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Advancing California Finance Authority ("ACFA"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the ACFA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ACFA, as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the ACFA, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ACFA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ACFA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ACFA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the ACFA's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Crowe LLP

Crowe HP

San Francisco, California November 1, 2023

Advancing California Finance Authority Financial Statements as of June 30, 2023 Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Advancing California Finance Authority (ACFA) and its blended component unit ABAG Finanace Authority for Nonprofit Coroporations (ABAG FAN). ACFA has no financial transactions since its inception through June 30, 2023. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of ABAG FAN, financial activities in the fiscal year, and it should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes which follow.

A. Financial Highlights

- 1. ACFA reported operating income of \$174,115 in fiscal year 2023.
- 2. ACFA net position increased by \$245,886 in fiscal year 2023.

B. Overview of the Financial Statements

ACFA's financial statements include *Statement of Net Position*, *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenses and Changes in Net Position*, and *Statement of Cash Flows*. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Statement of Net Position reports assets, liabilities, and the difference as net position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position consists of operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Statement of Cash Flows is presented using the direct method.

The Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows are presented on pages 8 – 10 of this report.

Advancing California Finance Authority Financial Statements as of June 30, 2023 Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

C. Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

All of ACFA's financial transactions in fiscal year 2022 and 2023 are attributed to ABAG FAN. The following table shows a summary of ABAG FAN's statement of net position as of June 30, for the last two fiscal years.

		2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	3,403,950 \$ 169,811	3,148,416 188,350
Total assets		3,573,761	3,336,766
Current liabilities Total liabilities	_	48,066 48,066	56,975 56,975
Net position Unrestricted		3,525,695	3,279,809
Total net position	\$	3,525,695 \$	3,279,809

Total assets increased by \$236,995 in FY 2023. The increase is due to collection of cash receipts from project monitoring fees and financial services provided in FY 2023. ACFA also received a higher rate of return from investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) during the fiscal year.

Advancing California Finance Authority Financial Statements as of June 30, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Due to the inactivity of ACFA the following table is a summary of the blended component unit ABAG FAN's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the last two fiscal years:

	2023	20	022
Operating revenues			
Administration fees	\$ 490,879	\$	506,199
Project monitoring fees	201,608		197,608
Other financial services revenue	50,000		10,000
Total operating revenues	 742,487		713,807
Operating expenses			
Contracted salaries and benefits	209,977		169,950
Professional fees	252,123		291,617
Overhead and other expenses	 106,272		86,197
Total operating expenses	568,372		547,764
Operating income	 174,115		166,043
Nonoperating revenues and expenses			
Interest Income	71,771		11,326
Contribution to Association of Bay Area	_		
Governments			(300,000)
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	 71,771		(288,674)
Changes in net position	245,886	((122,631)
Net position - beginning	3,279,809	3	,402,440
Net position - ending	\$ 3,525,695	\$ 3	,279,809

Total operating revenues increased by \$28,680 in FY 2023. The increase in operating revenues was mainly a result of an increase in other financial service revenues during the fiscal year.

Total operating expenses increased by \$20,608 in FY 2023. The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to an increase in salaries and benefits during the fiscal year.

The non-operating revenue increased by \$360,445. The increase was primarily due to a one-time contribution to Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) in FY2022.

D. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements beginning on page 11, provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in this management discussion and analysis (MD&A) and the financial statements.

Advancing California Finance Authority Financial Statements as of June 30, 2023 Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

E. Request for information

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Advancing California Finance Authority, 375 Beale Street, Suite 800, San Francisco, CA 94105.

Advancing California Finance Authority Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	ABAG FAN	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,403,950
Accounts receivable		144,483
Interest receivable		25,328
TOTAL ASSETS		3,573,761
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		31,702
Due to other government		16,364
TOTAL LIABILITIES		48,066
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		3,525,695
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,525,695

Advancing California Finance Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	AB	SAG FAN
OPERATING REVENUES		
Administration fees	\$	490,879
Project monitoring fees		201,608
Other financial services revenue		50,000
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		742,487
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Contracted salaries and benefits		209,977
Professional fees		252,123
Overhead		102,153
Other expenses		4,119
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		568,372
OPERATING INCOME		174,115
NONOPERATING REVENUES AND (EXPENSES)		
Interest Income		71,771
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		71,771
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		245,886
Net Position - Beginning of year		3,279,809
Net position - End of year	\$	3,525,695

Advancing California Finance Authority Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	ABAG FAN
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash receipts from financial services Cash payments to consultant and employees for services	\$ 780,728 (577,263)
Net cash provided by operating activities	203,465
Cash flows from investing activities	
Interest income	52,069
Net cash provided by investing activities	52,069
Net change in cash	255,534
Balances - beginning of year	3,148,416
Balances - end of year	\$ 3,403,950
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities	
Operating income	\$ 174,115
Net effect of changes in: Due to Metropolitan Transportation Commission Accounts receivable	(5,956) 38,241
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$\frac{38,241}{(2,935)}$
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 203,465

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity and Operations

The Advancing California Finance Authority ("ACFA") was created on January 1, 2018, as a joint exercise of powers agency established by the Association of Bay Area Governments ("ABAG") and the ABAG Finance Authority for Nonprofit Corporation ("ABAG FAN") pursuant to the Chapter 5, Division 7 and Title I of the Government Code Section 6500 of the State of California. ABAG and ABAG FAN are also joint exercise of powers agencies created and existing under the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act, Sections 6500 through 6599.3 ("Joint Powers Act").

ABAG was established in 1961 pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, California Government Code Section 6500, et seq by agreement among its member counties and cities of the San Francisco Bay Area. ABAG's purpose is to serve as a permanent forum to study and discuss matters of mutual interest and concern to member jurisdictions, develop policies and action plans, and provide services and undertake actions addressing such matters. ABAG is governed by a General Assembly comprised of elected officials from member cities and counties. The General Assembly appoints an Executive Board to carry out policy decisions and approve the annual budget.

ABAG FAN was established in 1990 pursuant to Chapter 5, Division 7, and Title 1 of the Government Code section 6500 of the State of California. ABAG FAN's purpose is to provide the means to meet the capital financing needs of public agencies and their non-profit partners serving the public interest. ABAG FAN is a joint powers authority comprising of California municipalities and is governed by a board appointed by its members.

In April 2020, ABAG FAN Executive Committee voted to transfer administration of ABAG FAN to the Board of ACFA. The transfer provides power for the ACFA Board to act as the ABAG FAN's Board. The ACFA Board of Directors accepted the transfer of responsibilities in May 2020. The notice was sent out and approved by interested Parties at the end of December 2020. Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended, stipulates that since the ABAG FAN and ACFA Board are substantially the same, and the nature and the significance of the relationship of the two entities are so close, therefore it warrants the inclusion of ABAG FAN to be reported as a blended component unit of ACFA.

Prior to July 2017, ABAG provided administrative support for ABAG FAN. In July 2017, ABAG staff was consolidated into the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) and MTC staff will continue to provide administrative support to ACFA/ABAG FAN in accordance with the ABAG-MTC Contract for Services.

B. Basis of Presentation

ACFA's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements. ACFA's basic financial statements are prepared using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *the accrual basis of accounting*.

ACFA and its blended component unit ABAG FAN account for all transactions as individual enterprise funds. These funds are a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses. All transactions are accounted for on the accrual basis, which means that expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred and revenues are recorded when earned, rather than when cash changes hands. From ACFA's inception on January 1, 2018, through June 30, 2023, there were no financial transactions pertaining to ACFA. Since there were no transactions pertaining to ACFA, for fiscal year end June 30, 2023, this report shows only the transactions of ACFA's blended component, ABAG FAN.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations. This statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. ACFA adopted this standard for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. ACFA has a limited commitment associated with their conduit debt obligations, as defined in paragraph 6 & 7 of GASB No. 91. The adoption of the standard has no impact on ACFA's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPPs) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APAs)*, establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for PPPs and APAs for governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. ACFA adopted this standard for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The adoption of the standard has no impact on ACFA's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. ACFA adopted this standard for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The adoption of the standard has no impact on ACFA's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements of this statement are effective as follows: (a) The requirements in

paragraphs 26-32 related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by the pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. (b) The requirements in paragraphs 11-25 related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. (c) The requirements in paragraphs 4-10 related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. ACFA adopted paragraphs 26-32 in fiscal year 2022, and paragraphs 11-25 in fiscal year 2023. The adoption of the above requirements has no impact on ACFA's financial statements. Management is currently evaluating the effect of the remaining paragraphs of this statement on ACFA's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and errors corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this statement on ACFA's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and associated salary-related payments by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this statement on ACFA's financial statements.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

ACFA has assigned its management of cash and investments to MTC under the contract for services and adopted MTC's investment policy. Accordingly, MTC, on behalf of ACFA invests its available cash under the prudent investor rule. The prudent investor rule states, in essence, that "in investing property for the benefit of another, a trustee shall exercise the judgment and care, under the circumstance then prevailing, which people of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs." This policy affords ACFA a broad spectrum of investment opportunities if the investment is deemed prudent and is authorized under the California Government Code Sections 53600, et seq.

Investments allowed under MTC's investment policy adopted by ACFA include the following:

- Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies
- Securities of the State of California or its agencies
- Certificates of deposit issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank
- Authorized pooled investment programs
- Commercial paper Rated "A1" or "P1"
- Corporate notes Rated "A" or better
- Municipal bonds
- Mutual funds Rated "AAA"
- Other investment types authorized by state law and not prohibited in MTC's investment policy.

ACFA applies the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, as amended (including by GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value

Advancing California Finance Authority

Financial Statements for the years ended June 30, 2023

Notes to Financial Statements

Measurement and Application), which generally requires investments to be recorded at fair value with the difference between cost and fair value recorded as an unrealized gain or loss. ACFA reports its money market securities and short-term investments at cost. Net increases or decreases in the fair value of investments are shown in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as interest income.

ACFA considers all balances in demand deposit accounts and the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) to be cash and classifies all other highly liquid short-term investments as cash equivalents. Highly liquid short-term investments are cash equivalents that meet the following definitions:

- Readily convertible to known amounts of cash.
- So near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

E. Due to Other Government

The due to other government consists of the amount due to MTC for services provided in fiscal year 2023.

F. Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those generated for the principal operations of the entity. Operating expenses are those related to service activities. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are all other revenues and expenses not directly related to service activities.

G. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is comprised of housing project monitoring fees, interest, and annual administration fees earned by assisting other governments to issue conduit debts on behalf of eligible borrowers, and other financial services fees. Monitoring fees, administration fees and other financial services fees are recognized as the service is provided.

H. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable consists of amounts due to vendors at the end of the fiscal year.

I. Use of Estimates

ACFA's management has made several estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. NET POSITION

Net position represents residual interest in assets after liabilities are deducted.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

A. The composition of cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Cash in banks \$ 178,168

Government Pools

Local Agency Investment Fund

Total cash and cash equivalents

3,225,782

\$ 3,403,950

The California State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is a program created by state statute as an investment alternative for California's local governments and special districts. Deposits in LAIF are presented as cash as they are available for immediate withdrawal or deposit at any time without prior notice or penalty and there is minimal risk of principal. LAIF is unrated.

B. Deposit Risk Factor

Custodial credit risk can affect the value of deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, ACFA may not be able to recover its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. All checking accounts are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to the limit of \$250,000.

Under California Government Code Sections 53651 and 53652, depending on specific types of eligible securities, a bank must deposit eligible securities to be posted as collateral with its agent with the securities having a fair value of 110% to 150% of ACFA's cash on deposit.

4. CONDUIT FINANCING PROGRAMS FOR ELIGIBLE ORGANIZATIONS

ABAG FAN is a conduit finance issuer. Debt obligations issued through ABAG FAN are those of the governments, nonprofit organizations and private companies who utilize ABAG FAN's governmental status to access the tax-exempt and taxable municipal bond market. Debt service on these issuances are the obligations of the related borrowers. ABAG FAN, as a conduit issuer, is only obligated to make debt service payments on the bonds or loans to the extent it receives funds for that purpose from the conduit borrower, thus ABAG FAN has no ongoing debt servicing responsibility and does not record the outstanding debt liability on ABAG FAN's books.

ABAG FAN has issued bonds for various borrowers. They include but are not limited to developers creating new neighborhoods (Community Facilities and Assessment Districts), private primary and secondary schools and private higher education (Education), hospitals and/or healthcare systems (Health Care), multifamily rental housing (Housing), cultural institutions, charitable organizations and other for-profit businesses involved in certain public benefit projects (Others).

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A summary of outstanding balances for Conduit Financing Programs as of June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Business Type Activities by Sector		nding Balance une 30, 2023
Community Facilities and Assessments District (CFDs)	\$	78,935,000
Education		47,761,086
Health Care		359,500,566
Housing		315,975,930
Other		46,675,000
Principal balance of financing programs as of June 30, 2023	\$	848,847,582

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

ACFA has no commitments and contingencies as of June 30, 2023.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

ACFA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. ACFA transfers its risks by purchasing commercial insurance through an insurance broker, who obtains the appropriate insurance coverage needed by ACFA from insurance companies. No settlement amounts have exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. Insurance coverages is subject to market volatility. Therefore, where it makes financial sense, ACFA retains part or all of its risks but only after diligent executive review of any risk retention decision.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

ABAG FAN paid MTC a total of \$312,130 for staff services in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. On the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position*, this amount is reflected as contracted salaries and benefits and overhead costs.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Advancing California Finance Authority Summary of Conduit Financings (CFDs) As of June 30, 2023

Community Facilities and Assessment Districts (CFDs)

The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 enables ABAG Finance Authority for Non-Profit Corporation to establish a Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts (CFD) which enables issuance of tax-exempt and taxable bonds to finance public improvements and services. The services and improvements include streets, sewer systems and other basic infrastructures. Debt services on the bonds are funded by parcel taxes that are levied on the properties.

Transactions	Original Issued Date	Final Maturity	Original Issuance	Balance at 6/30/2023
ABAG Finance Authority for Nonprofit Corporations Community Facilities District No. 2004-1 (Seismic Safety Improvements - 690 and 942 Market Street Project) Special Tax Bonds, 2018 Special Tax Refunding Bonds	8/30/2018	9/1/2038	\$ 9,795,000	\$ 8,530,000
ABAG Finance Authority for Nonprofit Corporations Community Facilities District No. 2006-2 (San Francisco Mint Plaza Area) Special Tax Bonds, Series 2007A	11/1/2007	9/1/2037	3,270,000	2,685,000
ABAG Finance Authority for Nonprofit Corporations Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 (San Francisco Rincon Hill) Special Tax Bonds, Series 2006A	6/8/2006	9/1/2036	5,825,000	4,655,000
ABAG Finance Authority for Nonprofit Corporations Refunding Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Series 2017-A (Windemere Ranch Infrastructure Financing Program). Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Series 2017-B (Windemere Ranch Infrastructure Financing Program)	6/29/2017	9/2/2034	59,885,000	42,765,000
ABAG Finance Authority for Nonprofit Corporations Refunding Revenue Bonds, Senior Series 2014-A (Windemere Ranch Infrastructure Financing Program)	8/28/2014	9/2/2034	31,805,000	20,300,000
Total 5 Transactions			\$ 110,580,000	\$ 78,935,000

Advancing California Finance Authority Summary of Conduit Financings (Education) As of June 30, 2023

Education

ABAG Finance Authority for Non-Profit Corporations (Authority) provides access to tax-exempt bond financings for eligible 501(C) (3) nonprofit organizations. Borrowers can typically enjoy lower interest costs compared to conventional financings. Interests paid are generally exempt from federal income tax.

	Original	Final	Original	Balance at
Transactions	Issued Date	Maturity	Issuance	6/30/2023
Drew School Series 2014	6/20/2014	8/1/2034	\$ 12,325,000	\$ 6,144,370
Drew School Series 2015	10/1/2015	11/1/2035	2,160,000	1,472,000
Grauer Foundation for Education	1/19/2006	1/1/2031	4,000,000	1,440,000
Harker School 2013 (Remarketed from 1998) ⁽¹⁾	1/1/1998	1/1/2023	18,230,000	-
Harker School 2013 (Remarketed from 2007)	8/1/2007	1/1/2037	20,000,000	5,021,000
La Jolla Country Day School 2010	10/14/2010	9/1/2037	30,000,000	22,235,521
Park Day School	4/10/2014	4/1/2044	9,000,000	7,141,485
Santa Cruz Montessori School	7/2/2013	7/1/2043	5,660,000	4,306,710

Total 8 Transactions \$ 101,375,000 \$ 47,761,086

⁽¹⁾ This bond issue matured on January 1, 2023.

Advancing California Finance Authority Summary of Conduit Financings (Health Care) As of June 30, 2023

Health Care

ABAG Finance Authority for Non-Profit Corporations (Authority) provides access to tax-exempt bond financings for eligible 501(C) (3) nonprofit organizations. Borrowers can typically enjoy lower interest costs compared to conventional financings. Interests paid are generally exempt from federal income tax.

Transactions	Original Issued Date	Final Maturity	Original Issuance	Balance at 6/30/2023
Acacia Creek at Union City, Series 2013 A ⁽¹⁾	10/29/2013	7/1/2038	\$ 99,423,319	\$ -
Eskaton Properties Inc. 2013	6/6/2013	7/1/2038	51,875,000	38,250,000
Eskaton Properties Series 2008 (Remarketed to 2013) ⁽²⁾	4/10/2008	5/15/2029	23,500,000	-
Eskaton Village - Roseville 2012 (Remarketed from				
$(2006)^{(2)}$	12/14/2006	12/1/2037	22,000,000	-
La Clinica de La Raza	12/30/2010	12/1/2030	3,855,000	1,875,000
NorthBay Healthcare Group 2013	9/26/2013	9/26/2029	2,163,521	795,566
O'Connor Woods (3) ⁽³⁾	6/12/2013	1/1/2043	49,115,000	-
Odd Fellows Home of California 2012 A	10/25/2012	4/1/2042	98,550,000	64,635,000
Pathways Home Health & Hospice	10/19/2004	10/1/2034	6,070,000	3,530,000
Sharp HealthCare Series 2009 A	2/1/2009	8/1/2024	60,000,000	10,560,000
Sharp HealthCare Series 2009 C & D	9/2/2009	8/1/2035	99,880,000	99,735,000
Sharp HealthCare Series 2010 A (4)	12/16/2010	12/1/2035	30,000,000	-
Sharp HealthCare Series 2014 A	2/12/2014	8/1/2043	159,485,000	140,120,000

Total 13 Transactions <u>\$ 705,916,840 \$ 359,500,566</u>

⁽¹⁾ This bond issue was fully redeemed on May 1, 2023.

⁽²⁾ This bond issue was refunded on August 29, 2022.

⁽³⁾ This bond issue was fully redeemed on January 1, 2023.

⁽⁴⁾ This bond issue was paid off on March 24, 2023.

Advancing California Finance Authority Summary of Conduit Financings (Housing) As of June 30, 2023

Housing

For-profit and nonprofit developers can access tax-exempt bonds for the financing of low-income multifamily and senior housing projects. The Bonds may be used to finance or refinance the acquisition and rehabilitation of an existing project or for the construction of a new project, provided the developer agrees to set aside all, or a portion, of the units in a project for individuals and families of very low, low, or moderate income.

	Original	Final	Original	Balance at
Transactions	Issued Date	Maturity	Issuance	6/30/2023
Belovida Santa Clara Apartments	8/8/2008	8/1/2040	\$ 5,526,000	\$ 615,000
Citrus Commons (Divine Senior) Apartments	8/23/2005	8/1/2035	3,720,000	530,960
Fair Plaza Senior Apartments	4/10/2008	4/1/2038	3,700,000	2,970,000
Hampton Place Apartments (Gateway Village)	8/24/2001	4/1/2028	4,840,000	453,000
Heritage Park Apartments	6/28/2007	6/1/2042	6,400,000	3,789,901
Kings Garden Apartments (1)	7/28/2006	2/1/2038	6,701,500	-
La Terrazza Apartments (FKA Colma Bart Family Apts)	10/18/2002	11/15/2035	25,175,000	25,175,000
Lakeside Village Apartments	10/28/2011	10/1/2046	91,000,000	91,000,000
Oak Park Apartments	10/7/2002	2/1/2030	4,450,000	332,791
Orchard Glen Apartments	1/13/2006	3/1/2039	30,600,000	25,000,000
Potrero Launch Apartments 2009A	12/9/2010	1/1/2044	57,585,000	50,270,000
Presidio El Camino Apartments	9/15/2011	3/1/2044	7,700,000	1,843,628
Reardon Heights Apartments 2008	6/3/2008	5/15/2038	4,500,000	4,250,000
Rivers Senior Apartments (2)	3/20/2007	4/1/2040	8,585,000	-
Sage Canyon Apartments	10/20/2005	10/1/2038	12,500,000	1,017,451
Shiraz Senior Apartments	11/15/2001	1/1/2034	4,080,000	2,638,208
Spring Villa Apartments (3)	6/27/2006	6/1/2038	12,533,000	-
Terracina at Elk Grove	9/30/2008	5/1/2041	7,600,000	3,847,814
Terracina at Springlake Family Apartments	9/14/2006	9/1/2038	17,000,000	6,949,472
The Crossing Apartments (Changed name to: ASN				
Tanforan Crossing I, LLC)	12/17/2002	12/15/2037	68,700,000	59,450,000
Tracy Garden Village Apartments	12/20/2007	9/1/2049	5,000,000	2,769,083
Villa Serena Apartments	4/28/1998	4/1/2030	11,000,000	4,387,000
Vintage Laguna II City of Elk Grove	9/16/2011	1/1/2044	7,250,000	2,750,000
Vintage Chateau II	7/8/2011	1/1/2044	8,100,000	4,980,000
Vintage Oaks Senior Apartments	12/23/2009	1/1/2040	15,520,000	11,410,000
Vintage Square at Westpark Senior Apartments	6/27/2008	6/1/2040	13,500,000	7,130,622
Wildhorse Family Apartments	6/3/1999	6/1/2031	5,230,000	2,416,000
Yuba Garden Apartments (4)	9/1/2005	2/1/2045	4,800,000	

Total 28 Transactions <u>\$ 453,295,500</u> \$ 315,975,930

⁽¹⁾ This bond issue was paid off on January 17, 2023.

⁽²⁾ This bond issue was paid off on June 8, 2023.

⁽³⁾ This bond issue was sold on October 3, 2022.

⁽⁴⁾ This bond issue was fully redeemed on October 1, 2022.

Advancing California Finance Authority Summary of Conduit Financings (Others) As of June 30, 2023

Others

ABAG Finance Authority for Non-Profit Corporations (Authority) provides access to tax-exempt bond financings for eligible 501(c) (3) nonprofit organizations. Borrowers can typically enjoy lower interest costs compared to conventional financings. Interests paid are generally exempt from federal income tax.

	Original	Final	Original	Balance at
Transactions	Issued Date	Maturity	Issuance	6/30/2023
California Alumni Association Project	12/21/2004	4/1/2034	\$ 8,300,000	\$ 4,755,000
Computer History Museum	12/22/2010	10/1/2032	7,000,000	7,000,000
Ecology Action	12/16/2010	12/1/2030	3,000,000	1,550,000
Institute for Defense Analyses Reissuance (1)	6/10/2019	10/1/2035	10,750,000	-
Jackson Laboratory 2012 (1)	10/24/2012	7/1/2037	60,290,000	-
Kingsbury IDB	4/8/2014	4/1/2025	3,400,000	680,000
Public Policy Institute of California Series 2001A	11/15/2001	11/1/2031	13,065,000	12,705,000
Public Policy Institute of California Series 2001B	11/15/2001	11/1/2031	20,435,000	19,985,000

Total 8 Transactions \$ 126,240,000 \$ 46,675,000

⁽¹⁾ This bond issue was fully redeemed on July 1, 2022.