

# **LEGISLATIVE HISTORY**

# **MTC and ABAG Priority Bills**





Bill Number	Current Text	Status	Summary	MTC Position	ABAG Position
AB 6 Friedman	Amended 3/16/2023	Senate 2 year	Transportation planning: regional transportation plans: Solutions for Congested Corridors Program: reduction of greenhouse gas emissions. Current law requires that each regional transportation plan also include a sustainable communities strategy prepared by each metropolitan planning organization in order to, among other things, achieve certain targets established by the State Air Resources Board for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from automobiles and light trucks in the region for 2020 and 2035, respectively. This bill would require the state board, after January 1, 2024, and not later than September 30, 2026, to establish additional targets for 2035 and 2045, respectively, as specified.		
AB 7 Friedman	Amended 9/1/2023	Senate 2 year	<b>Transportation: planning: project selection processes.</b> The Transportation Agency is under the supervision of the Secretary of Transportation, who has the power of general supervision over each department within the agency. The secretary, among other duties, is charged with developing and reporting to the Governor on legislative, budgetary, and administrative programs to accomplish coordinated planning and policy formulation in matters of public interest, including transportation projects. On and after January 1, 2025, and to the extent applicable, feasible, and cost effective, this bill would require the agency, the Department of Transportation, and the California Transportation Commission to incorporate specified goals into program funding guidelines and processes.		
AB 16 Dixon	Amended 1/3/2024	Assembly Dead	Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Law: adjustment suspension. Would authorize the Governor to suspend an adjustment to the motor vehicle fuel tax, as specified, scheduled on or after July 1, 2025, upon making a determination that increasing the rate would impose an undue burden on low-income and middle-class families. The bill would require the Governor to notify the Legislature of an intent to suspend the rate adjustment on or before January 10 of that year, and would require the Department of Finance to submit to the Legislature a proposal by January 10 that would maintain the same level of funding for transportation purposes as would have been generated had the scheduled adjustment not been suspended.		
AB 31 Carrillo, Juan	Introduced 12/5/2022	Assembly Dead	<b>Public transit: funding.</b> Current law provides various sources of funding for capital and operating expenses of public transit systems and intercity rail in the state. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would appropriate funds for the development and operation of a privately run public transit system connecting the Victor Valley and the Antelope Valley in southern California.		
AB 73 Boerner	Amended 3/9/2023	Senate 2 year	Vehicles: required stops: bicycles. Current law requires the driver of any vehicle, including a person riding a bicycle, when approaching a stop sign at the entrance of an intersection, to stop before entering the intersection. A violation of this requirement is an infraction. This bill would require a person who is 18 years of age or older riding a bicycle upon a two-lane highway when approaching a stop sign at the entrance of an intersection with another roadway with two or fewer lanes, where stop signs are erected upon all approaches, to yield the right-of-way to any vehicles that have either stopped at or entered the intersection, or that are approaching on the intersecting highway close enough to constitute an immediate hazard, and to pedestrians, as specified, and continue to yield the right-of-way to those vehicles and		

AB 86  Jones-Sawyer	Amended 4/20/2023	Senate 2 year	pedestrians until reasonably safe to proceed. The bill would require other vehicles to yield the right-of-way to a bicycle that, having yielded as prescribed, has entered the intersection. The bill would state that these provisions do not affect the liability of a driver of a motor vehicle as a result of the driver's negligent or wrongful act or omission in the operation of a motor vehicle.  Homelessness: Statewide Homelessness Coordinator. Would require the Governor to appoint a Statewide Homelessness Coordinator, within the Governor's Office, to serve as the lead person for ending homelessness in California. The bill would require the coordinator to perform prescribed duties, including, among others, identifying a local leader in each relevant city, county, city and county, or other jurisdiction to serve as a liaison between the coordinator and that jurisdiction, overseeing homelessness programs, services, data, and policies between federal, state, and local agencies, coordinating the timing of release of funds and applications for funding for housing and housing-based services impacting Californians experiencing homelessness, and, in collaboration with local leaders, providing annual recommendations to the Legislature and the Governor, as specified. The bill would authorize the coordinator to adjust state goals to the extent allowed by state law.		
AB 312 Reyes	Amended 3/30/2023	Assembly Dead	State Partnership for Affordable Housing Registries in California Grant Program. Would establish, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the State Partnership for Affordable Housing Registries in California Grant Program to provide technical assistance to eligible entities, as defined, for the purpose of creating a state-managed online platform of affordable housing listings, information, and applications. The bill would require the department to administer the program and to adopt guidelines for this purpose. The bill would require the department to develop a housing preapplication to standardize applications for affordable housing and to solicit participation of eligible entities no later than January 1, 2026, and to launch the platform no later than July 1, 2027. The bill would require the department to provide technical assistance to participating entities and to ensure equitable access to database users, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to coordinate with the Office of Data and Innovation to carry out the requirements of the program and to contract with vendors pursuant to existing provisions of state contract law, as specified. The bill would establish minimum requirements for the platform and would require a vendor selected to create and maintain the platform to demonstrate specified capabilities and implement those requirements. The bill would exempt from disclosure as a public record any personally identifiable information collected by the platform or shared between eligible entities and the department in administering the program.		
AB 321 Wilson	Amended 4/13/2023	Assembly Dead	Sales and Use Tax: exemptions: zero-emission public transportation ferries. Current sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill, beginning January 1, 2024, and until January 1, 2029, would exempt from those taxes the gross receipts from the sale in this state of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, zero-emission public transportation ferries, as defined, sold to a public agency, as specified.		
AB 463 Hart	Introduced 2/6/2023	Assembly Dead	Electricity: prioritization of service: public transit vehicles. Current law requires the Public Utilities Commission to establish priorities among the types or categories of customers of every electrical corporation and every gas corporation, and among the uses of electricity or gas by those customers, to determine which of those customers and uses provide the most important public benefits and serve the greatest public need, and to categorize all other customers and uses in order of descending priority based on these standards. Current law	Support	

			requires the commission, in establishing those priorities, to consider, among other things, the economic, social, and other effects of a temporary discontinuance in electrical or gas service	
			to certain customers or for certain uses, as specified. If an electrical or gas corporation	
			experiences a shortage of capacity or capability and is unable to meet all demands by its	
			customers, existing law requires the commission to order that service be temporarily reduced	
			by an amount that reflects the established priorities for the duration of the shortage. This bill	
			would require the commission, in establishing those priorities, to also consider the economic,	
			social equity, and mobility impacts of a temporary discontinuance in electrical service to the	
			customers that rely on electrical service to operate public transit vehicles.	
			Social Service Transportation Improvement Act: coordinated transportation services	
			<b>agencies.</b> The Social Service Transportation Improvement Act requires transportation	
			planning agencies and county transportation commissions to prepare and adopt plans detailing	
<b>AB 540</b>	T., 4.,		required steps to consolidate social service transportation services, including the designation	
	Introduced	Assembly Dead	of consolidated transportation service agencies. The act requires funding for implementation	
Wicks	2/8/2023		to be provided from specified local transportation funds. This bill would require the	
			coordination, rather than the consolidation, of social service transportation services under the	
			act and would recharacterize consolidated transportation service agencies in the act as	
			coordinated transportation service agencies.	
			Federal Housing Voucher Acceleration Program. The Housing Authorities Law creates a	
			housing authority in each county and each city that is authorized to transact business and	
			exercise specified powers upon adoption of a resolution by the governing body of the county	
			or city declaring that there is a need for the authority to function. Among other things, current	
			law authorizes a housing authority to prepare, carry out, acquire, lease, and operate housing	
			projects and housing developments for persons of low income, as provided. This bill would	
<b>AB 653</b>	Amended		establish the Federal Housing Voucher Acceleration Program, and would require the	
	1	Senate 2 year	Department of Housing and Community Development to establish, administer, and fund a	
Reyes	5/1/2023		grant application process and award grants to public housing authorities in geographically	
			diverse communities, as determined by the department, on or before July 1, 2024. The bill	
			would authorize applicants to use grant funds to provide specified services to the eligible	
			population. The bill would require the department to allocate grant funds to applicants based	
			upon the number of public housing and Section 8 vouchers maintained by the housing	
			authority and by a housing authority's success rate, defined as the percentage of new voucher	
			families that successfully lease a qualifying unit.	
			Local finance: enhanced infrastructure financing districts. Current law authorizes the	
			legislative body of a city or a county to designate a proposed enhanced infrastructure	
			financing district by adopting a resolution of intention to establish the proposed district which,	
			among other things, is required to state that an enhanced infrastructure financing district is	
			proposed and describe the boundaries of the proposed district. Current law requires the public	
			financing authority to direct the preparation of and adopt an infrastructure financing plan	
<u>AB 761</u>	Amended		consistent with the general plan and any relevant specific plan, and consisting of, among other	
	9/13/2023	Senate Rules	things, a financing section. Current law requires that the financing section include a plan for	
Friedman			financing the public facilities, a limit on the total number of dollars of taxes that may be	
			allocated to the district pursuant to the plan, and a date, either not more than 45 years from the	
			date on which the issuance of the bonds is approved for the plan on which the district will	
			cease to exist, by which time all tax allocation to the district will end, or, where the district is	
			divided into project areas, a date on which the infrastructure financing plan will cease to be in	
			effect and all tax allocations to the district will end and a date on which the district's authority	
			to repay indebtedness with incremental tax revenues will end, as specified. This bill, for plans	

			proposed on or after January 1, 2024, would specify that for the purpose of development and construction of passenger rail projects in the County of Los Angeles where at least 75% of the revenue from the district is used for debt service on a federal Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act loan, the date on which the district will cease to exist shall not be more than 75 years from the date of the issuance of bonds or approval of a loan, as specified. This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for specified districts enacted primarily for the purpose of development and construction of zero-emission mass transit projects.	
AB 799 Rivas, Luz	Amended 9/1/2023	Senate 2 year	Homelessness: financing plan. Would require the California Interagency Council on Homelessness, in collaboration with continuums of care, counties, and big cities, as defined, and other stakeholders, to establish and regularly update a financing plan to solve homelessness by the year 2035. The bill would require the council to establish and update statewide performance metrics to reduce racial and ethnic disparities in homelessness and to increase successful exits from homelessness to permanent housing by updating the Statewide Action Plan for Preventing and Ending Homelessness in California, no later than January 1, 2025, and would require the council to publish these goals on its internet website, as specified.	
AB 817 Pacheco	Amended 1/17/2024	Senate Rules	Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body. The Ralph M. Brown Act requires, with specified exceptions, each legislative body of a local agency to provide notice of the time and place for its regular meetings and an agenda containing a brief general description of each item of business to be transacted. The act also requires that all meetings of a legislative body be open and public, and that all persons be permitted to attend unless a closed session is authorized. The act generally requires for teleconferencing that the legislative body of a local agency that elects to use teleconferencing post agendas at all teleconference locations, identify each teleconference location in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and have each teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction. Current law authorizes the legislative body of a local agency to use alternate teleconferencing provisions during a proclaimed state of emergency (emergency provisions) and, until January 1, 2026, in certain circumstances related to the particular member if at least a quorum of its members participate from a singular physical location that is open to the public and situated within the agency's jurisdiction and other requirements are met (nonemergency provisions). This bill, until January 1, 2026, would authorize a subsidiary body, as defined, to use similar alternative teleconferencing provisions and would impose requirements for notice, agenda, and public participation, as prescribed. In order to use teleconferencing pursuant to this act, the bill would require the legislative body that established the subsidiary body by charter, ordinance, resolution, or other formal action to make specified findings by majority vote, before the subsidiary body uses teleconferencing for the first time and every 12 months thereafter.	Support
AB 990 Grayson	Amended 1/25/2024	Senate Rules	Water quality: waste discharge requirements: infill housing projects. Under current law, the State Water Resources Control Board and the 9 California regional water quality control boards regulate water quality and prescribe waste discharge requirements in accordance with the federal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program established by the federal Clean Water Act and the act. This bill would require the regional water board, defined to mean the regional water board with geographic boundaries for the San Francisco Bay region, to, by July 1, 2025, initiate modifications to its waste discharge requirements, as specified. The bill would require these modifications to be completed within	

			6 months of initiation. Before finalizing the modifications, the bill would require the regional water board to make specified findings, including, among other things, that concerns regarding the potential impacts of the draft NPDES permit requirements on the development of housing on infill sites have been adequately addressed. The bill would make these provisions inoperative on July 1, 2028, and would repeal them on January 1, 2029.		
AB 1053 Gabriel	Amended 3/30/2023	Senate 2 year	Housing programs: multifamily housing programs: expenditure of loan proceeds. Current law establishes the Department of Housing and Community Development and requires it to administer various programs intended to promote the development of housing, including the Multifamily Housing Program, pursuant to which the department provides financial assistance in the form of deferred payment loans to pay for the eligible costs of development of specified types of housing projects. Current law sets forth various general powers of the department in implementing these programs, including authorizing the department to enter into long-term contracts or agreements of up to 30 years for the purpose of servicing loans or grants or enforcing regulatory agreements or other security documents. This bill would authorize a borrower to use any funds approved, reserved, or allocated by the department for purposes of providing a loan under any multifamily housing program under these provisions for construction financing, permanent financing, or a combination of construction financing and permanent financing, as provided.	Support	Support
<u>AB 1335</u> <u>Zbur</u>	Amended 6/22/2023	Senate 2 year	Local government: transportation planning and land use: sustainable communities strategy. Current law requires specified designated transportation planning agencies to prepare and adopt a regional transportation plan directed at achieving a coordinated and balanced regional transportation system, as described. Current law requires the plan to include specified information, including a sustainable communities strategy prepared by each metropolitan planning organization, and requires each transportation planning agency to adopt and submit, every 4 years, an updated plan to the California Transportation Commission and the Department of Transportation. Current law requires the sustainable communities strategy to include specified information, including an identification of areas within the region sufficient to house all the population of the region over the course of the planning period of the regional transportation plan, as specified, and an identification of areas within the region sufficient to house an 8-year projection of the regional housing need for the region, as specified. This bill would additionally require each metropolitan planning organization to include in the sustainable communities strategy the total number of new housing units necessary to house all the population of the region over the course of the planning period of the regional transportation plan, as specified, and the total number of new housing units necessary to house the above-described 8-year projection, as specified.	Oppose	Oppose
AB 1464 Connolly	Amended 3/23/2023	Assembly Dead	Richmond-San Rafael Bridge. Existing law establishes state-owned toll bridges in the San Francisco Bay area, including the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge. Under existing law, the Bay Area Toll Authority is responsible for the administration of the toll revenues from the state-owned toll bridges in the San Francisco Bay area. Existing law requires the Department of Transportation to collect tolls, operate, maintain, and provide rehabilitation of the state-owned toll bridges in the San Francisco Bay area and to be responsible for the design and construction of improvements on those bridges in accordance with programming and scheduling requirements adopted by the Bay Area Toll Authority. This bill would require the department and the authority, if they develop a project to open the 3rd lane on the westbound level of the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge to motor vehicle traffic, to consider operating the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge in a specified manner.		
AB 1505	Amended 7/3/2023	Senate Inactive File	Seismic retrofitting: soft story multifamily housing. Current law establishes the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing for the purposes of providing		

Rodriguez			financial assistance to owners of soft story multifamily housing for seismic retrofitting to protect individuals living in multifamily housing that have been determined to be at risk of collapse in earthquakes, as specified. Current law also establishes the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing Fund, and its subsidiary account, the Seismic Retrofitting Account, within the State Treasury. Current law provides that the Legislature will appropriate \$250,000,000 from the General Fund in the 2023–24 Budget Act to the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing Fund for the purposes of carrying out the program. Current law requires the CRMP to develop and administer the program, as specified. Existing law makes these provisions inoperative on July 1, 2042, and repeals them as of January 1, 2043. Current federal law, the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, establishes various grant opportunities, including the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program and Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities grant program, to support hazard mitigation projects. This bill would remove the requirement for the Legislature to appropriate \$250,000,000 from the General Fund in the 2023–24 Budget Act to the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing Fund. The bill would authorize the Office of Emergency Services to dedicate federal Hazard Mitigation Grant Program and Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities application funding to specified projects to augment and support the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing.		
AB 1525 Bonta	Amended 4/19/2023	Assembly Dead	<b>Transportation projects: priority populations.</b> Would require the agency, the Department of Transportation, and the California Transportation Commission, on or before July 1, 2025, to jointly develop and adopt criteria and an evaluation process for purposes of jointly evaluating each agency, Department of Transportation, or California Transportation Commission project, as defined, to, among other things, determine if the project would be located in a priority population, address an important need of a priority population, and provide a direct, meaningful, and assured benefit to a priority population, as specified. The bill would require the agency, the Department of Transportation, and the California Transportation Commission, on and after July 1, 2025, to jointly evaluate all new proposed projects by the criteria, and, on or before July 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, to jointly submit a report to the Legislature that evaluates how projects funded during the prior year impacted priority populations, as specified.		
<u>AB 1657</u> <u>Wicks</u>	Amended 4/17/2023	Senate Appropria tions Suspense File	The Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2024. Would enact the Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2024, which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$10,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law. Proceeds from the sale of these bonds would be used to finance programs to fund affordable rental housing and homeownership programs, including, among others, the Multifamily Housing Program, the CalHome Program, and the Joe Serna, Jr. Farmworker Housing Grant Program.	Support	Support
AB 1777  Ting	Introduced 1/3/2024	Assembly Print	Autonomous vehicles. Would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation regarding autonomous vehicles, as specified.		
AB 1778 Connolly	Introduced 1/3/2024	Assembly Transp ortation	Vehicles: electric bicycles. Under current law, a "class 2 electric bicycle" is a bicycle equipped with a motor that may be used exclusively to propel the bicycle, and that is not capable of providing assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 20 miles per hour. Under current law, a "class 3 electric bicycle" is a bicycle equipped with a speedometer and a motor that provides assistance only when the rider is pedaling, and that ceases to provide assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 28 miles per hour. Current law prohibits a person under 16 years of age from operating a class 3 electric bicycle. Existing law requires a person operating, or riding upon, a class 3 electric bicycle to wear a helmet, as specified. This		

			bill would additionally prohibit a person under 16 years of age from operating a class 2 electric bicycle. The bill would require a person operating, or riding upon, a class 2 electric bicycle to wear a helmet, as specified. The bill would clarify that an electric bicycle can only be placed in a certain class if it ceases to provide assistance when the bicycle reaches a max speed regardless of the mode.	
AB 1812 Gabriel	Introduced 1/10/2024	Assembly Budget	<b>Budget Act of 2024.</b> Would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2024–25 fiscal year.	
AB 1837 Papan	Introduced 1/16/2024	Assembly Print	San Francisco Bay area: public transportation. Current law creates the Metropolitan Transportation Commission as a local area planning agency for the 9-county San Francisco Bay area with comprehensive regional transportation planning and other related responsibilities. Current law creates various transit districts located in the San Francisco Bay area, with specified powers and duties relating to providing public transit services. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation to encourage coordination and collaboration among transit agencies in the San Francisco Bay area.	
AB 1868 Friedman	Introduced 1/18/2024	Assembly Reven ue and Taxation	Property taxation: assessments: affordable housing. Current law requires the county assessor to consider, when valuing real property for property taxation purposes, the effect of any enforceable restrictions to which the use of the land may be subjected. Under current law, these restrictions include, among other enumerated items, a recorded contract with a nonprofit corporation that meets prescribed requirements, including requirements that the nonprofit corporation has received a welfare exemption for properties intended to be sold to low-income families who participate in a special no-interest loan program, and that the contract includes a restriction on the use of the land for at least 30 years to owner-occupied housing available at affordable housing cost. This bill would, for purposes of valuing property by the county assessor, establish a rebuttable presumption that, at the time of purchase, the value of real property subject to a recorded contract that meets the above-described requirements is no greater than the sum of the value of the first mortgage and any applicable down payment.	
AB 1886 Alvarez	Introduced 1/22/2024	Assembly Print	Housing Element Law: substantial compliance: Housing Accountability Act. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. Current law, commonly referred to as the Housing Element Law, prescribes requirements for a city's or county's preparation of, and compliance with, its housing element, and requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to review and determine whether the housing element substantially complies with the Housing Element Law, as specified. If the department finds that a draft housing element or amendment does not substantially comply with the Housing Element Law, current law requires the legislative body of the city or county to either (A) change the draft element or amendment to substantially comply with the Housing Element Law or (B) adopt the draft housing element or amendment without changes and make specified findings as to why the draft element or amendment substantially complies with the Housing Element Law despite the findings of the department. Current law requires a planning agency to promptly submit an adopted housing element or amendment to the department and requires the department to review the adopted housing element or amendment and report its findings to the planning agency within 60 days. This bill would require a planning agency that makes the above-described findings as to why a draft housing element or amendment substantially complies with the Housing Element Law despite the findings of the department to submit those findings to the department. The bill would require the department to review those finding in its review of an adopted housing element or amendment. The bill would create a rebuttable presumption of validity for the department's findings as to whether	

			the adopted element or amendment substantially complies with the Housing Element Law.	
<u>AB 1893</u> <u>Wicks</u>	Introduced 1/23/2024	Assembly Print	Housing Accountability Act: housing disapprovals: required local findings. The Housing Accountability Act, among other things, prohibits a local agency from disapproving, or conditioning approval in a manner that renders infeasible, a housing development project for very low, low-, or moderate-income households unless the local agency makes written findings as to one of certain sets of conditions, as specified. One set of conditions is that (A) the jurisdiction has adopted a housing element that is in substantial compliance with the Housing Element Law, and (B) the housing development project is inconsistent with both the jurisdiction's zoning ordinance and general plan land use designation as specified in any element of the general plan as it existed on the date the application was deemed complete. This bill would authorize a local agency to disapprove or conditionally approve a housing development project for very low, low-, or moderate-income households if it makes a finding that (A) the local agency has failed to adopt a revised housing element that is in substantial compliance with the Housing Element Law, (B) the housing development project is proposed for a site zoned for residential use or residential mixed-use development, and (C) the housing development project exceeds specified density requirements, has a density that is less than the minimum allowed by state or local law, or does not meet objective standards quantifiable, written development standards, as specified.	
<u>AB 1904</u> <u>Ward</u>	Introduced 1/23/2024	Assembly Print	Transit buses: yield right-of-way sign. Current law authorizes a transit bus in the Santa Cruz Metropolitan Transit District and the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority to be equipped with a yield right-of-way sign on the left rear of the bus if the applicable entity approves a resolution requesting that this section be made applicable to it. Current law requires the sign to be designed to warn a person operating a motor vehicle approaching the rear of the bus that the bus is entering traffic and be illuminated by a red flashing light when the bus is signaling in preparation for entering a traffic lane after having stopped to receive or discharge passengers. This bill would expand the authorization to equip transit buses, as described above, to apply to any transit agency if the transit agency approves a resolution that this authorization be made applicable to it.	
<u>AB 1932</u> <u>Ward</u>	Introduced 1/25/2024	Assembly Print	California Statewide Housing Plan. Current law establishes the California Statewide Housing Plan, developed in cooperation with the private housing industry, regional and local housing and planning agencies, and other agencies of the state, to serve as a state housing plan. Current law requires the plan to incorporate specified segments, including a review of housing assistance policies, goals, and objectives affecting the homeless. This bill would recast that provision to require the plan to incorporate, in consultation with the Interagency Council on Homelessness and utilizing data from the Homeless Data Integration system, a review of housing assistance, policies, goals, and objectives affecting people experiencing homelessness.	
AB 1958  Berman	Introduced 1/29/2024	Assembly Print	Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority: board of directors. Current law vests the government of the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority (VTA) in a 12-member board of directors, appointed by the County of Santa Clara and the cities within the county, as specified. Current law requires, to the extent possible, the county and cities to appoint individuals to the board of directors who have expertise, experience, or knowledge relative to transportation issues. This bill would require, to the extent possible, the county and cities to appoint individuals to the board of directors who have expertise, experience, or knowledge relative to transportation or project management issues.	
AB 2023  Quirk-Silva	Introduced 1/31/2024	Assembly Print	Housing element substantial compliance: rebuttable presumptions. The Housing Element Law prescribes requirements for a city's or county's preparation of, and compliance with, its housing element, and requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to	

			review and determine whether the housing element substantially complies with the Housing Element Law, as specified. Current law also requires the department to review any action or failure to act by a city, county, or city and county that it determines is inconsistent with an adopted housing element and requires the department to provide a reasonable time no longer than 30 days for the city, county, or city and county to respond. Current law creates a rebuttable presumption in any action filed on or after January 1, 1991, taken to challenge the validity of a housing element of the validity of the element or amendment if the department has found that the element or amendment substantially complies with the requirements of the Housing Element Law. This bill would create a rebuttable presumption of invalidity in any legal action challenging an action or failure to act by a city, county, or city and county if the department finds that the city, county, or city and county's action or failure to act does not substantially comply with its adopted housing element or specified obligations under the Housing Element Law.		
<u>AB 2061</u> <u>Wilson</u>	Introduced 2/1/2024	Assembly Print	Sales and Use Tax: exemptions: zero-emission public transportation ferries. Current sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill, beginning January 1, 2025, and until January 1, 2030, would exempt from those taxes the gross receipts from the sale in this state of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, zero-emission public transportation ferries, as defined, sold to a public agency, as specified.		
ACA 10 Haney	Introduced 3/6/2023	Assembly Appropriations	Fundamental human right to housing. The California Constitution enumerates various personal rights, including the right to enjoy and defend life and liberty, acquiring, possessing, and protecting property, and pursuing and obtaining safety, happiness, and privacy. This measure would declare that the state recognizes the fundamental human right to adequate housing for everyone in California. The measure would make it the shared obligation of state and local jurisdictions to respect, protect, and fulfill this right, by all appropriate means, as specified.		
SB 225 Caballero	Amended 6/22/2023	Assembly 2 year	Community Anti-Displacement and Preservation Program: statewide contract. This bill would establish the Community Anti-Displacement and Preservation Program (CAPP) to make loans to aq/rehab unrestricted housing units and attach long-term affordability restrictions. HCD would issue an RFQ to select a private sector entity or consortium to manage the program for 5 years. Additionally, HCD could award funding to local entities to make loans for the same purposes.	Support	Support
SB 320 Skinner	Introduced 2/6/2023	Senate Dead	Property taxation: possessory interests: independent: publicly owned housing project. Current property tax law requires that all property subject to tax be assessed at its full cash value, and includes certain possessory interests among those property interests that are subject to tax. Current property tax law defines a taxable possessory interest to be a use that is independent, durable, and exclusive. Current property tax law specifies that, for purposes of the definition of a taxable possessory interest, a possession or use is not independent if it is pursuant to a contract that includes, but is not limited to, a long-term lease for the private construction, renovation, rehabilitation, replacement, management, or maintenance of housing for active duty military personnel and their dependents, if specified criteria are met. This bill would provide that there is no independent possession or use of land or improvements if the possession or use is for a tenancy, as defined, in a residential unit, as defined, in a publicly owned housing project, as defined, is part of a governmental assistance program, and directly fulfills the governmental, public purpose of providing the housing, as described in the governmental assistance program.		

SB 405 Cortese	Amended 4/26/2023	Senate Dead	Planning and zoning: housing element: inventory of sites: regional housing need. The Planning and Zoning Law requires each county and each city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for the physical development of the county or city, and specified land outside its boundaries, that includes specified mandatory elements, including a housing element. Current law also establishes a planning agency in each city and each county with the powers necessary to carry out the Planning and Zoning Law. Current law requires the housing element to include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable and available for residential development. For a housing element or amendment adopted on or after January 1, 2021, existing law requires the planning agency to submit to the Department of Housing and Community Development an electronic copy of its inventory, as specified. Existing law requires a county or city to submit each revision or amendment of its housing element to the department promptly following adoption of the revision or amendment and requires the department, within 90 days, to review the adopted housing element or amendment and report its findings to the planning agency. This bill would expand the requirement to submit an electronic copy of the above-described inventory to the department to additionally require the planning agency to submit a housing element or amendment prepared on or after January 1, 2021.	
SB 440 Skinner	Amended 6/30/2023	Assembly 2 year	Regional Housing Finance Authorities. The San Francisco Bay Area Regional Housing Finance Act establishes the Bay Area Housing Finance Authority to raise, administer, and allocate funding for affordable housing in the San Francisco Bay area, as defined, and provide technical assistance at a regional level for tenant protection, affordable housing preservation, and new affordable housing production. The Los Angeles County Regional Housing Finance Act similarly establishes the Los Angeles County Affordable Housing Solutions Agency to increase the supply of affordable housing in Los Angeles County, as specified. This bill, the Regional Housing Finance Act, would authorize 2 or more local governments, as defined, to establish a regional housing finance authority to raise, administer, and allocate funding for affordable housing in the jurisdiction of the authority, as defined, and provide technical assistance at a regional level for affordable housing development, including new construction and the preservation of existing housing to serve a range of incomes and housing types. The bill would require an authority to be governed by a board composed of at least 3 directors who are elected officials representing the local governments that are members of the authority.	
SB 466 Wahab	Amended 5/15/2023	Senate Dead	Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act: rental rates. The Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act prescribes statewide limits on the application of local rent control with regard to certain properties. The act generally authorizes an owner of residential real property to establish the initial rental rate for a dwelling or unit, except in specified circumstances, including, (1) when the residential real property has a certificate of occupancy issued after February 1, 1995, (2) when the residential real property has already been exempt from the residential rent control ordinance of a public entity on or before February 1, 1995, pursuant to a local exemption for newly constructed units, and (3) when the residential real property is alienable and separate from title to any other dwelling units, except as specified. This bill would instead authorize an owner of residential real property to establish the initial rental rate for a dwelling or unit when the residential real property has been issued a certificate of occupancy within the 28 years preceding the date on which the owner seeks to establish a rental rate under these provisions, except as specified for dwellings or units exempt from the residential rent control ordinance of a public entity on or before February 1, 1995, pursuant to a local exemption for newly constructed units.	
<u>SB 507</u>	Amended 4/17/2023	Senate Dead	Electric vehicle charging station infrastructure: assessments. Would establish a goal of putting at least 8,000,000 zero-emission vehicles on California roads by 2030 for purposes of	

Gonzalez			the statewide assessment and would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and	T	
Gonzalez			Development Commission to also assess the electric vehicle charging infrastructure needed to support the levels of electric vehicle adoption required for the state to meet the goal of ensuring 100% of new cars and light trucks sold in California are zero-emission vehicles by 2035, and evaluate the electric vehicle charging infrastructure needs of specified use cases to ensure an equitable deployment of electric vehicle charging infrastructure.		
SB 517 Gonzalez	Amended 3/22/2023	Assembly 2 year	Economic development: movement of freight. Current law authorizes GO-Biz to undertake various activities relating to economic development, including the provision of prescribed information. Current law requires the Transportation Agency to prepare a state freight plan that provides a comprehensive plan to govern the immediate and long-range planning activities and capital investments of the state with respect to the movement of freight. This bill would authorize GO-Biz to serve as the coordinating entity to steer the growth, competitiveness, and sustainability for freight and the supply chain across the state and to promote and assess the continued economic vitality, economic competitiveness, and sustainability of the freight sector. The bill would also authorize GO-Biz to provide freight and supply chain economic competitiveness information.		
SB 532 Wiener	Amended 6/29/2023	Assembly Appropriations	San Francisco Bay area toll bridges: tolls: transit operating expenses. Would, until December 31, 2028, require the Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA) to increase the toll rate for vehicles for crossing the state-owned toll bridges in the San Francisco Bay area by \$1.50, as adjusted for inflation. The bill would require the revenues collected from this toll to be deposited in the Bay Area Toll Account, would continuously appropriate moneys from this toll increase and other specified tolls, and would require moneys from this toll to be transferred to the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) for allocation to transit operators that provide service within the San Francisco Bay area and that are experiencing a financial shortfall, as specified. The bill would direct MTC to require each transit operator eligible to receive an allocation from the account to, on an annual basis, submit a 5-year projection of its operating needs, as specified.		
SB 614 Blakespear	Introduced 2/15/2023	Senate Dead	<b>Transportation Development Act.</b> The Mills-Alquist-Deddeh Act, also known as the Transportation Development Act, provides for funding of local public transit systems throughout the state, as provided. The act makes legislative findings and declarations in that regard. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the legislative findings and declarations of the act.		
SB 768 Caballero	Amended 1/11/2024	Assembly Desk	California Environmental Quality Act: State Air Resources Board: vehicle miles traveled: study. The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. Current law requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare, develop, and transmit to the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency for certification and adoption proposed revisions to guidelines establishing criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts of projects within transit priority areas to promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, the development of multimodal transportation networks, and a diversity of land uses. Current law creates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with coordinating efforts to attain and maintain ambient air quality standards, to conduct research into the causes of and solution to air pollution, and to systematically attack the serious problem caused by motor vehicles, which is the major source of air pollution in many areas of the state. Existing law authorizes the state board to do those acts as may be necessary for the proper execution of the powers and duties granted to, and imposed upon, the		

SB 827 Glazer	Amended 1/11/2024	Assembly Desk	state board. This bill would require the state board, by January 1, 2026, to conduct and submit to the Legislature a study on how vehicle miles traveled is used as a metric for measuring transportation impacts pursuant to CEQA, as specified.  San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District: Office of the BART Inspector General. Current law establishes the independent Office of the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District (BART) Inspector General within BART and specifies the duties and responsibilities of the BART Inspector General including, among others, conducting, supervising, and coordinating audits and investigations relating to the district's programs and operations. This bill would provide that the BART Inspector General is vested with the full authority to exercise all responsibility for maintaining a full scope, independent, and objective audit and investigation program. The bill would provide the office with access and authority to examine all records, files, documents, accounts, reports, correspondence, or other property of the district and external entities that perform work for the district. The bill would provide	
			that all books, papers, records, and correspondence of the office are public records subject to the California Public Records Act, but would prohibit the BART Inspector General from releasing certain types of records to the public, except under certain circumstances.	
SB 834 Portantino	Amended 5/2/2023	Assembly Housin g and Community Development	Housing: California Family Home Construction and Homeownership Bond Act of 2023. Would enact the California Family Home Construction and Homeownership Bond Act of 2023 (bond act), which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$25,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance the California Family Home Construction and Homeownership Program, established as part of the bond act. The bill would authorize the California Housing Finance Agency to award California Socially Responsible Second Mortgage Loans to eligible applicants to use as a down payment or to pay closing costs on the purchase of a new home. The bill would also authorize the agency to award Family Homeownership Opportunity Infrastructure Improvement Loans to developers to be used for predevelopment infrastructure improvements and other upfront costs typically incurred in connection with new home construction, under specified conditions. The bill would require that moneys received from a loan recipient for the repayment of financing provided under the program be used to pay debt service when due on bonds issued pursuant to the bond act. The bill would also authorize the agency to issue revenue bonds for the purposes of financing the program, as specified.	
<u>SB 904</u> <u>Dodd</u>	Introduced 1/4/2024	Senate Rules	Sonoma-Marin Area Rail Transit District. Current law creates, within the Counties of Sonoma and Marin, the Sonoma-Marin Area Rail Transit District with specified duties and powers relative to the provision of a passenger and freight rail system within the territory of the district. Under current law, the district is governed by a 12-member board of directors appointed by various local governmental entities. Current law authorizes the board to submit to the voters of the district a measure proposing a retail transactions and use tax ordinance. This bill would also authorize those special taxes to be imposed by a qualified voter initiative. The bill would require the board of supervisors of the Counties of Sonoma and Marin to call a special election on a tax measure proposed by the district's board of directors or a qualified voter initiative in their respective counties, as specified.	
SB 915 Cortese	Introduced 1/9/2024	Senate Rules	Local government: autonomous vehicles. Would prohibit an autonomous vehicle service, which has received approval to conduct commercial passenger service or engage in commercial activity using driverless vehicles by the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Public Utilities Commission, or another state agency, from commencing operation within a local jurisdiction until authorized by a local ordinance enacted pursuant to the bill's provisions. The bill would authorize each city, county, or city and county in which an autonomous vehicle has received authorization to operate, to protect the public health, safety,	

			and welfare by adopting an ordinance or resolution in regard to autonomous vehicle services within that jurisdiction. The bill would require each city, county, or city and county that adopts an ordinance or resolution to include certain provisions within that ordinance or resolution. These would include a policy for entry into the business of providing autonomous vehicle services including a permitting program, the establishment of reasonable vehicle caps and hours of service restrictions, and the establishment of an interoperability or override system accessible by first responders in case of an emergency.	
SB 917 Skinner	Introduced 1/10/2024	Senate Budget and Fiscal Review	<b>Budget Act of 2024.</b> Would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2024–25 fiscal year.	
<u>SB 925</u> <u>Wiener</u>	Introduced 1/11/2024	Senate Rules	San Francisco Bay area: local revenue measure: transportation improvements. Current law creates the Metropolitan Transportation Commission as a local area planning agency for the 9-county San Francisco Bay area with comprehensive regional transportation planning and other related responsibilities. Current law creates various transit districts located in the San Francisco Bay area, with specified powers and duties relating to providing public transit services. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation to authorize the Metropolitan Transportation Commission to propose a revenue measure to the voters in its jurisdiction to fund the operation, expansion, and transformation of the San Francisco Bay area's public transportation system, as well as other transportation improvements.	
<u>SB 926</u> <u>Wahab</u>	Introduced 1/12/2024	Senate Rules	San Francisco Bay area: public transportation. Current law creates the Metropolitan Transportation Commission as a local area planning agency for the 9-county San Francisco Bay area with comprehensive regional transportation planning and other related responsibilities. Current law creates various transit districts located in the San Francisco Bay area, with specified powers and duties relating to providing public transit services. Current law establishes the Transportation Agency, consisting of various state agencies under the supervision of an executive officer known as the Secretary of Transportation, who is required to develop and report to the Governor on legislative, budgetary, and administrative programs to accomplish comprehensive, long-range, and coordinated planning and policy formulation in the matters of public interest related to the agency. This bill would require the Transportation Agency to develop a plan to consolidate all transit agencies, as defined, that are located within the geographic jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission.	
SB 946 McGuire	Introduced 1/18/2024	Senate Rules	Wildfires: community hardening. Current law requires the Community Wildfire Mitigation Assistance Program to, among other things, provide technical assistance to local jurisdictions with community wildfire preparedness and prevention services and identify funding opportunities and best practices, including, but not necessarily limited to, defensible space, structure hardening, fuel reduction around communities, wildland building code standards, and land use planning. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation related to community hardening to address risks resulting from wildfires.	
SB 951 Wiener	Introduced 1/18/2024	Senate Rules	California Coastal Act of 1976: coastal zone: City and County of San Francisco. Current law requires a city or county to prepare and adopt a general plan for its jurisdiction that contains certain mandatory elements, including a housing element. Current law requires the housing element to identify adequate sites for housing, including rental housing, factory-built housing, mobilehomes, and emergency shelters, among other things. Current law requires the housing element to contain an assessment of housing needs and an inventory of resources and constraints relevant to the meeting of these needs. Current law requires rezoning, including adoption of minimum density and development standards, as specified, when an inventory of	

			sites does not identify adequate sites to accommodate the need for groups of specified	
			household income levels. This bill would additionally apply specified rezoning standards for	
			any necessary local coastal program updates for jurisdictions located within the coastal zone.	
<u>SB 960</u>		Senate Rules	Transportation: planning: transit priority projects: multimodal. Would require all	
	Introduced		transportation projects funded or overseen by the Department of Transportation to provide	
Wiener	1/23/2024		comfortable, convenient, and connected complete streets facilities unless an exemption is	
			documented and approved, as specified.	
SB 961 Wiener		Senate Rules	Vehicles: safety equipment. The Department of the California Highway Patrol regulates the	
			safe operation of specified vehicles, including motortrucks of 3 or more axles that are more	
	Introduced		than 10,000 pounds, truck tractors, trailers, semitrailers, and buses. Current federal law	
	1/23/2024		regulates required safety equipment on vehicles, including rear impact guards on certain large	
			trucks to prevent rear underrides in collisions with passenger vehicles. This bill would require	
			certain trucks and trailers to also be equipped with side guards, as specified.	
		Senate Rules	Planning and zoning: regional housing needs allocation. Current law requires each council	
			of governments or delegate subregion, as applicable, to develop a proposed methodology for	
			distributing the existing and projected regional housing need to cities, counties, and cities and	
			counties within the region or within the subregion, as provided. Current law requires the	
SB 968 Seyarto			consideration of several specified factors in developing the methodology. Current law	
			prohibits certain criteria from being a justification for a determination or reduction in a	
	Introduced		jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need, including prior underproduction of housing	
	1/24/2024		in a city or county from the previous regional housing need allocation, as specified. This bill	
			would permit the council of governments or delegate subregion, in developing the	
			methodology, to consider prior overproduction of housing units in a city or county from the	
			previous regional housing need allocation in a particular income category and to count it as	
			credit toward the future regional housing need allocation of that same income category in the	
			next cycle. The bill would provide that the amount eligible to count as credit toward the next	
			cycle is determined by each jurisdiction's most recent annual progress report, as specified.	

## Metropolitan Transportation Commission and Association of Bay Area Governments Joint MTC ABAG Legislation Committee

## California Local & Regional Government Association Bill Position Resources

# League of California Cities ("the League")

• <a href="https://www.calcities.org/advocacy/bill-search">https://www.calcities.org/advocacy/bill-search</a>

## **California State Association of Counties (CSAC)**

• <a href="https://www.counties.org/legislative-tracking">https://www.counties.org/legislative-tracking</a>

# California Association of Councils of Government (CALCOG)

• https://calcog.org/bill-tracker/

# Metropolitan Transportation Commission and Association of Bay Area Governments Joint MTC ABAG Legislation Committee

#### 2024 Legislative Calendar\*

#### January

- 1: Statutes take effect
- 3: Legislature reconvenes
- 10: Budget must be submitted by Governor
- 12: Last day for **policy committees** to hear and report to **fiscal committees**' fiscal bills introduced in their house in the **odd-numbered year**.
- 15: Martin Luther King, Jr. Day
  - 19: Last day for any committee to hear and report to the **Floor** bills introduced in that house in the odd-numbered year. Last day to submit bill requests to the Office of Legislative Counsel.
- 31: Last day for each house **to pass bills introduced** in that house in the odd- numbered year

#### **February**

- 16: Last day for bills to be **introduced**
- 19: Presidents' Day

#### March

- 21: Spring Recess begins upon adjournment
- 29: Cesar Chavez Day observed.

#### **April**

- 1: Legislature reconvenes from **Spring Recess**
- 26: Last day for **policy committees** to hear and report to **fiscal committees fiscal bills** introduced in their house

#### May

- 3: Last day for **policy committees** to meet and report to the floor **nonfiscal** bills introduced in their house
- 10: Last day for **policy committees** to meet prior to May 28
- 17: Last day for **fiscal committees** to hear and report to the **Floor** bills introduced in their house. Last day for **fiscal committees** to meet prior to May 28.
- 20- 24: **Floor session only**. No committees may meet for any purpose except Rules Committee, bills referred pursuant to Assembly Rule 77.2, and Conference Committees.
- 24: Last day for each house to pass bills introduced in that house
- 27: Memorial Day
- 28: Committee meetings may resume

#### June

- 15: Budget Bill must be passed by **midnight**
- 27: Last day for a legislative measure to qualify for the Nov. 5 General Election ballot

#### July

- 3: Last day for **policy committees** to meet and report bills. **Summer Recess** begins upon adjournment, provided Budget Bill has been passed.
- 4: Independence Day

#### August

- 5: Legislature reconvenes from **Summer Recess**
- 16: Last day for **fiscal committees** to meet and report bills
- 19-31: **Floor session only**. No committees may meet for any purpose except Rules Committee, bills referred pursuant to Assembly Rule 77.2, and Conference Committees.
- 23: Last day to **amend** bills on the floor
- 31: Last day for each house to pass bills. Final Recess begins upon adjournment

#### September

- 2: Labor Day
- 30: Last day for Governor to sign or veto bills passed by the Legislature before Sept. 1 and in the Governor's possession on or after Sept.

#### October

• 2: Bills enacted on or before this date take effect January 1, 2025

#### November

- 5: General Election
- 30: Adjournment sine die at midnight

#### December

• 2: 2025-26 Regular Session convenes for Organizational Session at 12 noon.

#### 2025

• January 1: Statutes take effect

Source: compiled by the Office of the Assembly Chief Clerk (<a href="https://clerk.assembly.ca.gov/">https://clerk.assembly.ca.gov/</a>) and the Office of the Secretary of The Senate (<a href="https://www.senate.ca.gov/legdeadlines">https://www.senate.ca.gov/legdeadlines</a>).

\*Dates are subject to change.