

# Looking Back at the Four-Year Planning Process

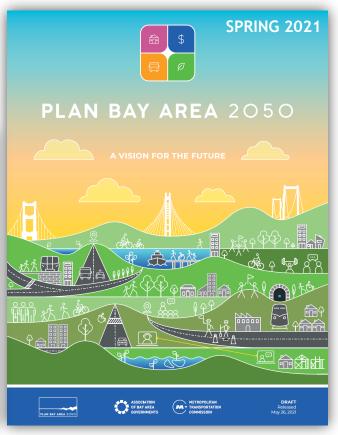
Kicked off in early 2018, Horizon and Plan Bay Area 2050 focused on planning for an uncertain future, while advancing more equitable outcomes for all residents. Adoption of the Final Plan, slated for fall 2021, will be the final step in a four-year planning process that engaged tens of thousands of Bay Area residents.











#### **HORIZON**

Futures Planning Perspective Papers Project Performance

#### PLAN BAY AREA 2050

Draft Blueprint & Final Blueprint
Plan Document & Implementation Plan
Environmental Impact Report (EIR)



### Refresher on Past Actions: Plan Scope & Vision

WHAT IS THE PLAN? Plan Bay Area 2050 is the long-range plan charting a course for the nine-county San Francisco Bay Area, slated for adoption in fall 2021.

VISION & **GUIDING PRINCIPLES** 

Ensure by the year 2050 that the Bay Area is affordable, connected, diverse, healthy and vibrant for all.

**FOUR ELEMENTS** OF THE PLAN



- Transportation Strategies
- Housing Geographies & Strategies
- Economic Geographies & Strategies
- **Environmental** Strategies

# Refresher on Past Actions: Growth Geographies



new households between 2015 million and 2050



new jobs between 2015 and 2050

#### **Protect**



**Areas Outside Urban Growth** Boundaries (including PCAs)



Unmitigated High Hazard Areas

### **Prioritize**





Priority Development
Areas (PDAs)





**Priority Production** Areas (PPAs)



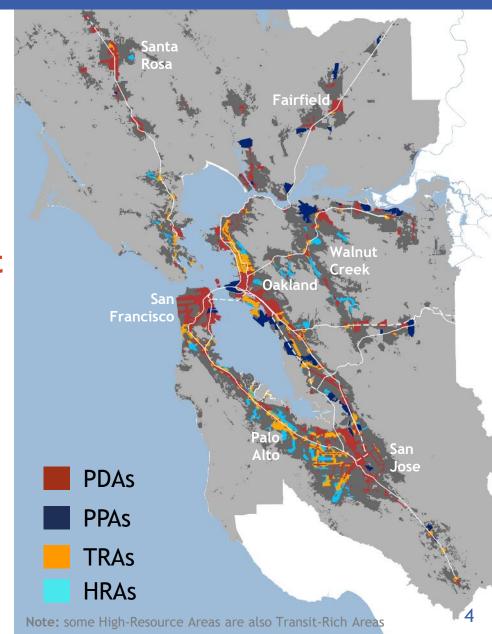


**Transit-Rich Areas** 





High-Resource
Areas (HRAs)



# Refresher on Past Actions: Themes & Strategies



Maintain and Optimize the Existing System



Create Healthy and Safe Streets



Build a Next-Generation Transit Network



Protect and Preserve Affordable Housing



Spur Housing Production at All Income Levels



Create Inclusive Communities

### Plan Bay Area 2050 35 Adopted Strategies





Shift the Location of Jobs



Reduce Risks from Hazards



Expand Access to Parks and Open Space



Reduce Climate Emissions



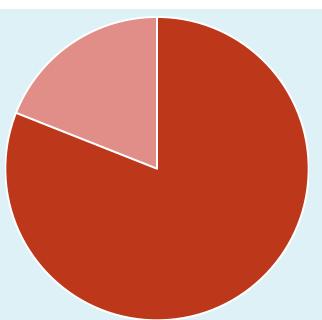
Learn more about each of the 35 strategies in Chapters 2 through 5 of the Draft Plan Document at <u>planbayarea.org</u>.



### Refresher on Past Actions: Revenues

#### **Transportation** Element

\$469 billion in existing funding \$110 billion in new revenues

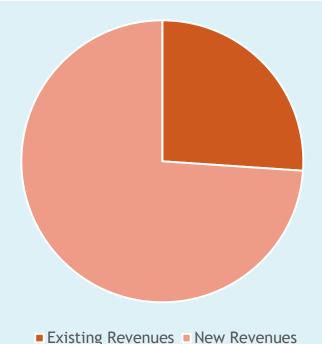


**Note:** \$12 billion in existing transportation funding is shown in Environment Element for climate & sea level rise strategies.

■ Existing Revenues ■ New Revenues

#### **Housing** Element

\$122 billion in existing funding \$346 billion in new revenues

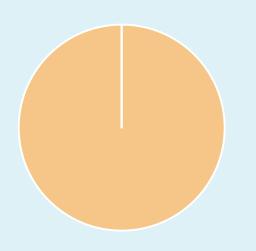


- Existing Revenues - New Revenues

**Note:** new housing revenues could come from a mix of federal, state, regional, or local sources.

#### **Economy** Element

N/A in existing funding \$234 billion in new revenues



Existing Revenues New Revenues

**Note:** as Needs & Revenue data is unavailable for economic development, existing funding is underrepresented.

#### **Environment** Element

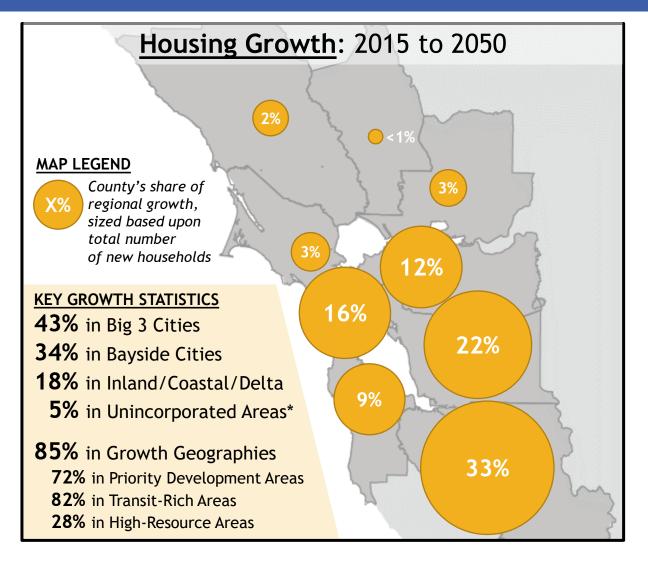
\$15 billion in existing funding \$87 billion in new revenues

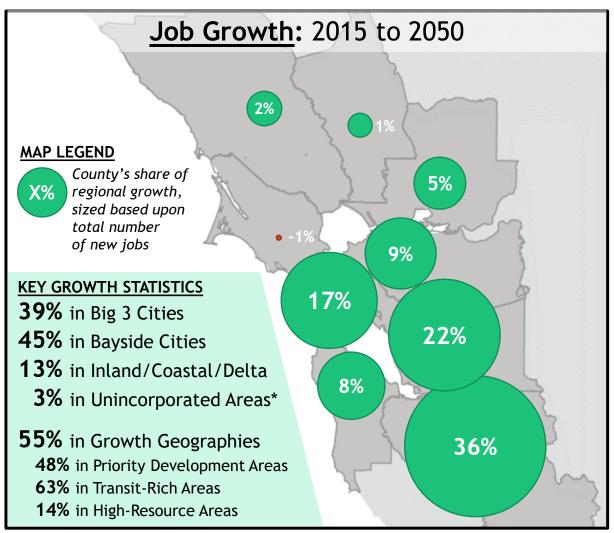


■ Existing Revenues ■ New Revenues

**Note:** as Needs & Revenue data is unavailable for parks & conservation, existing funding is underrepresented.

### Refresher on Past Actions: Growth Pattern





<sup>\*</sup> All urbanized growth in unincorporated areas is focused within existing urban growth boundaries (Strategy EN4). For breakdowns on the subcounty level, please refer to the Final Blueprint Growth Pattern on planbayarea.org Totals do not always sum to 100% due to rounding.



# Refresher on Past Actions: Key Outcomes













Plan would reduce housing & transportation cost burden by 13 percentage points, with even greater improvements for low-income households

Plan would improve access to frequent transit and to safe bicycle & pedestrian facilities, enabling nearly 20 percent of workers to shift away from commuting by auto

Plan would provide more affordable housing in historicallyexclusionary jurisdictions, while helping at least 10 percent of the region's low-income residents to buy their first home

Plan would meet the state-mandated greenhouse gas reduction target, while concurrently protecting nearly all homes from sea level rise impacts through 2050

Plan would improve jobs-housing balance in counties throughout the Bay Area, yielding shorter commutes for all workers





### **Draft Plan Document:** Overview

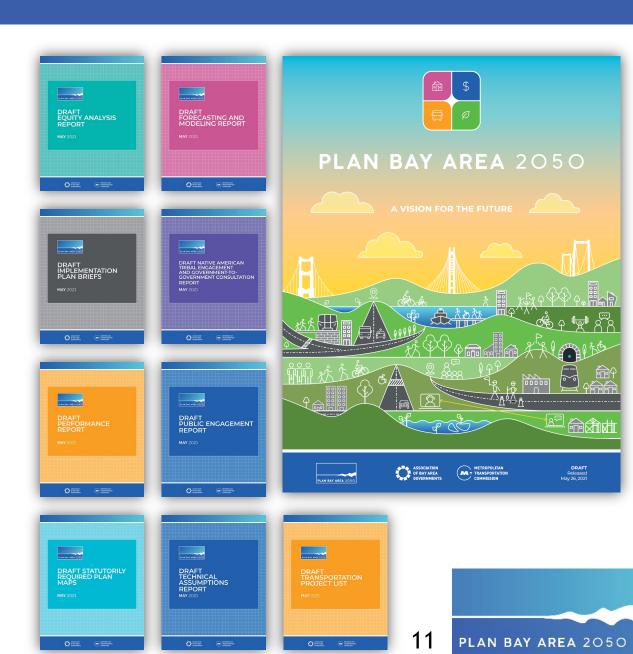
#### What is the Plan Document?

The Plan Document summarizes the vision, strategies, and outcomes from the Final Blueprint/Draft Plan, while integrating the Implementation Plan's near-term actions.

#### What are the Supplemental Reports?

Supplemental reports provide technical and statutory-required information to augment the core Plan Document with additional context:

- Equity Analysis Report
- Forecasting and Modeling Report
- Implementation Plan Briefs
- Native American Engagement and Government-to-Government Consultation Report
- Performance Report
- Public Engagement Report
- Statutorily-Required Plan Maps
- Technical Assumptions Report
- Transportation Project List



# Draft Plan Document: Spotlight on Equity Report

The Plan Document shines a spotlight on advancing equitable outcomes, with additional analysis featured in the Equity Analysis Report. Key findings include:

- Plan strategies disproportionately benefit low-income households across all four elements.
- The plan reduces disparities across most of the equity metrics.
- The plan's transportation investments fulfill federal Title VI and EJ requirements.

Outcomes			
7	Outcomes in Positive Direction		
-	<ul><li>Mixed Outcomes</li></ul>		
4	Outcomes in Negative Direction		

Disparities					
Dispai icies					
1	Increase				
-	Unchanged				
Û	Decrease				

Guiding		Outcomes		
Principle	Measure of Disparity	Underserved Population <sup>1</sup>	Regional Average	Disparities
Affordable	Housing and Transportation Affordability	7	7	Û
	Transportation Expenses	-	_	Û
Connected	Proximity to Transit	7	7	Û
	Accessibility to Jobs	7	7	Û
Diverse	Access to Opportunity	7	7	Û
	Ability to Stay in Place	_	-	n/a
Healthy	Access to Parks	7	7	Û
	Air Quality Impacts	7	7	-
	Safety from Vehicle Collisions	7	7	-
	Protection from Natural Disasters	7	7	Û
Vibrant	Employment Diversity	7	7	Û
	Employment Location	7	7	-

<sup>1.</sup> Underserved Population refers to either households or workers with low incomes, or residents in Equity Priority Communities, depending on the metric.

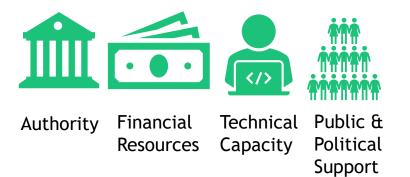
### Draft Implementation Plan (IP): Overview

#### What is the Implementation Plan?

Integrated as the final chapter of the Plan Document, the Implementation Plan identifies success factors for each of the 35 strategies, the proposed role for MTC/ABAG, and nearly 70 specific implementation actions for MTC/ABAG.

# Plan Bay Area 2050 30-year strategies

Implementation Plan 5-year near-term actions





Success Factors

**Potential Roles** 





7 | Implementation Plan



# Draft IP: Spotlight on Partnership Phase

#### What is the Partnership Phase?

- Slated for summer 2021, the Partnership Phase will **expand the implementation focus beyond MTC and ABAG**, further developing the partnerships and commitments to move each strategy forward.
- To spark a robust conversation on potential partnerships, the Draft Implementation Plan highlights strategic opportunities and high-priority focus areas for select strategic partners.

#### How can organizations engage in the Partnership Phase?

- Staff will consider feedback received on the Draft Implementation Plan as part of the official Draft Plan Bay Area 2050 comment period, leveraging this feedback to inform partnership discussions between July and September.
- Through small group discussions, presentations to partner organizations, and targeted outreach & webinars, the Partnership Phase will help shape a broader range of actions, complementary initiatives, and more specific role recommendations beyond MTC/ABAG.

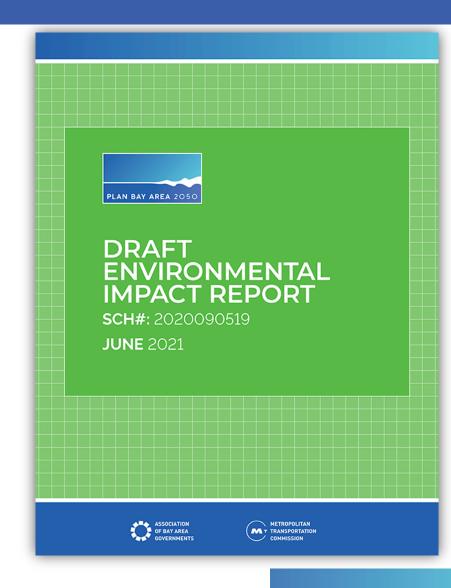
### **Draft EIR:** Overview

#### What is the Environmental Impact Report (EIR)?

As required under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the EIR is intended to analyze and disclose the potential range of environmental effects from implementation of Plan Bay Area 2050 - to better inform decision-makers, agencies, and the public.

The EIR identifies environmental impacts, recommends mitigation measures for significant adverse impacts, and analyzes a reasonable range of alternatives to the Draft Plan (Final Blueprint).

Plan Bay Area 2050's EIR is a **programmatic document** reflecting the impacts of the regional growth pattern, as well as transportation & resilience investments.



### **Draft EIR:** Overview

The EIR explored a wide suite of 14 environmental impact areas, as shown in the table to the right.

Compared to baseline year conditions, our analysis identified 36 significant and unavoidable impacts prior to mitigation measures identified in the Draft EIR for Plan Bay Area 2050.

Impact Area	Significant & Unavoidable Impacts*	
Aesthetics and Visual Resources	4	
Agriculture and Forestry Resources	3	
Air Quality	3	
Biological Resources	3	
Climate Change, Greenhouse Gases, and Energy	2	
Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources	3	
Geology, Seismicity, and Mineral Resources	1	
Hazards and Wildfire	3	
Hydrology and Water Quality	0	
Land Use, Population, and Housing	3	
Noise	4	
Public Services and Recreation	2	
Public Utilities and Facilities	4	
Transportation	1	

<sup>\*</sup> Tally of significant & unavoidable impacts without mitigation measures.

How do strategies & growth geographies differ between the Draft Plan and each alternative?

#### No Project Alternative

Required as part of CEQA, this alternative explores what the Bay Area would look like if the Draft Plan is not adopted.

#### Alternative 1

- Further concentrates housing growth in transit-rich areas (TRAs) by further increasing developable capacities and by shrinking urban growth boundaries
- Adds a new economy strategy to charge VMT-based development fees for new office developments
- Funds additional core capacity transit investments in lieu of highway expansion to support this growth pattern

#### Alternative 2

- Further concentrates housing growth in high-resource areas (HRAs) by further increasing developable capacity in jobs-rich exclusionary jurisdictions
- Adds a new economy strategy to implement office development caps in jobs-rich exclusionary jurisdictions & their neighbors
- Funds improved local bus and express bus service, expanded transit fare discounts, and enhanced bike/ped infrastructure to support this growth pattern, while reducing funding for rail expansion

How does the growth pattern differ between the Draft Plan and each alternative?



Housing Growth



Job Growth



Jobs-Housing Balance

No Project Alternative More dispersed
Significantly more
growth in Contra Costa
County

More concentrated

More growth in San Francisco & Santa Clara County Less balanced

"Status quo"; continued imbalances between counties

Alternative 1

More concentrated

Significantly more growth in San Francisco & San Mateo County

Similar to Draft Plan

Slightly more growth in Contra Costa County

More balanced

Improved performance in San Francisco & Contra Costa County

Alternative 2

More concentrated

Significantly more growth in Santa Clara County

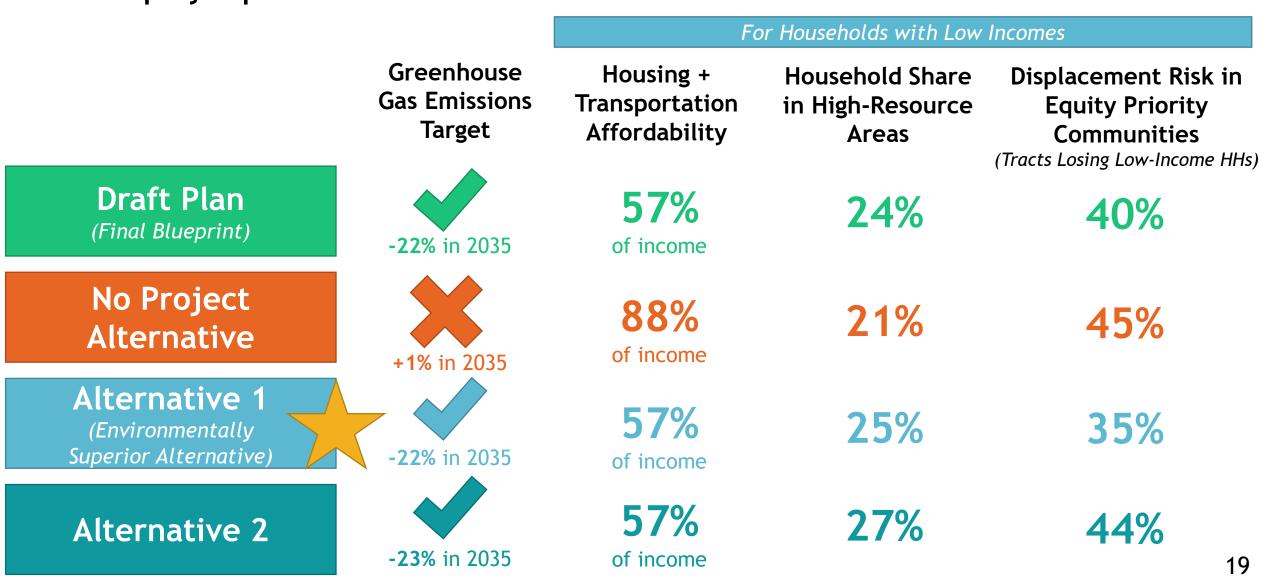
More concentrated

Significantly more growth in San Francisco

Less balanced

Greater imbalances in San Francisco and San Mateo counties

How do equity & performance outcomes differ between the Draft Plan and each alternative?



#### What did we learn from the EIR Alternatives Analysis?

- The Draft Plan would have dramatic, and positive, impact on the region's future. As explored in the No Project Alternative, a "status quo" region would not be able to achieve its statutory greenhouse gas targets, nor make significant headway towards the Plan Vision of a more affordable, connected, diverse, healthy, and vibrant region for all.
- A more concentrated growth pattern in Transit-Rich Areas would yield the most beneficial environmental outcomes. Alternative 1 demonstrates that focusing a greater share of growth near high-quality transit, while scaling back investments in highways and express lanes, would yield the smallest growth footprint, least environmental impacts, and most balanced growth pattern, while enabling the most low-income residents in Equity Priority Communities to remain in place (i.e., lowest displacement risk).
- At the same time, "displacement risk" as a metric captures more than just displacement. Alternative 2 shows that revised strategies paired with complementary transportation investments can allow for more low-income residents to relocate to increasingly inclusive High-Resource Areas. Yet at the same time, this relocation to communities of higher opportunity may change the character of legacy Equity Priority Communities, as many of these places experience gentrification without significant displacement.



### What's Next: Final Round of Public Engagement

Draft Plan Bay Area 2050 is now available for public review on planbayarea.org, including:

- Draft Plan Document + Implementation Plan
- **Draft Supplemental Reports**
- Draft Environmental Impact Report

The public comment period will continue through July 20th at 5:00 PM - for more information on how to submit comments, go to planbayarea.org.



#### Virtual Public Workshops

- June 14 at 5:00 PM
- June 17 at 12:00 PM
- June 28 at 5:00 PM
- June 30 at 12:00 PM



#### **Virtual Public Hearings**

- June 11 at 9:30 AM
- June 22 at 5:30 PM
- July 7 at 1:30 PM



Overview Videos & Web Resources

Youth Workshop & Video Challenge

Virtual Tribal Summit



### What's Next: Path to Fall 2021 Adoption

#### July

- Wrap up public workshops & public hearings
- Review comments received through July 20<sup>th</sup>

#### August

- Report out on public & stakeholder feedback
- Engage in partnership discussions as part of Final Implementation Plan

#### October (tentative)

- Final Plan Bay Area 2050
   Document, Implementation
   Plan, and EIR to be considered
   for adoption by MTC & ABAG
- Submit for state & federal approvals