

# Housing Analysis for a Bay Area Where All Belong

DATE

November 14, 2019

**PRESENTER** 

**Eli Moore, Director**California Community
Partnerships Program

**AUTHORIAL SUPPORT** 

Nicole Montojo

The Othering and Belonging Institute at UC Berkeley is a hub of engaged scholars, researchers, strategic communicators, policymakers, and community partners working to advance belonging for all members of society.



#### TIMELINE OF RACIALLY 1966 1968 **EXCLUSIONARY POLICIES AND** Reenstatement Passage of Federal Fair of California Fair PRACTICES IN THE BAY AREA Housing Act Housing Act 1850 1970 1960 pre-1850 to post-1970 State Violence and Dispossession Statutes enacted by Spanish, Mexican, and US (local, state and federal) governments resulting in dispossession of land and exclusion from the right to property, and enforcement of these laws through police violence. pre-1850 to post-1970 Extrajudicial and Militia Violence Acts of violence against individuals (e.g. assault, murder) and/or their homes (e.g. arson, vandalism) to force or keep specific racial groups out. Racially Restrictive Covenants and Homeowner Association Bylaws Deed restrictions prohibiting the sale or lease of homes to specific racial groups; bylaws restricting HOA membership by race. 1870 to post-1970 Implicitly Racial Zoning 1937-post-1970 Local land use regulations that are race-neutral on paper but Racialized Public Housing Policies have a racially exclusionary effect. Local housing authority segregation policies & racial quotas, barriers (e.g. voter referenda) to building new public housing, 1890-1917 demolition of public housing without replacement. **Explicitly Racial Zoning** Land use regulations that explicitly 1950-post-1970 exclude certain racial groups. **Urban Renewal** State acquisition of private land through eminent domain & forced displacement of residents to allow for redevelopment. late 1800s-post 1970 Racial Steering & Blockbusting A realtor practice of steering homebuyers away or 1945 to post-1970 toward certain neighborhoods depending on the White Flight and Municipal Fragmentation race of the buyer Movement of white households away from urban centers to suburbs, incorporation of new suburban municipalities.

from "Roots, Race, & Place: A History of Racially Exclusionary Housing Policy in the Bay Area," 2019.

<u>haasinstitute.berkeley.edu/rootsraceplace</u>





### The Right to Vote-**GUARD IT!**

HERE ARE THE FACTS ON PROPOSITION 10-WHAT IT PROVIDES - WHY IT IS NECESSARY - HOW IT AFFECTS YOU AND YOUR COMMUNITY

Proposition 10 is undoubtedly the most clear-cut, easily understood measure ever to appear on the California ballot

It adds a vitally necessary section to the State Constitution; the Public Housing Project Law.

It provides, simply, that any permanent public housing project proposed to be undertaken in whole or in part by the Federal Government or a State public body, must first be approved at an election by a majority of the voters of the city, town or county in which such a project is contemplated.

Proposition 10, naturally, will not in any way interfere with the Federal Government's needed power, in time or war or disaster, to construct temporary emergency housing facilities.

Proposition 10 will give the people in local communities the right to decide for themselves if permanent, subsidized housing projects are necessary or desirable for their com-

Proposition 10 is the very essence of American democracy!



# Housing Is A

#### Community Concern

In California, there are approximately two million homeowners, a great many of whom are veterans, making real sacrifices for the enjoyment and responsibilities of home ownership. Hundreds of thousands more are planning to become homeowners in the future.

These people must subsidize, through taxes on their homes, the huge expense of civic services provided public housing projects, which are exempt from taxes. Manifestly, it is only just and right that they, along with other citizens, be allowed the right of decision when a project's construction is contemplated.



#### The People Can Be Trusted!

Under Proposition 10, these facts are indisputable: if a housing project is not needed and not wanted, it will be turned down by a vote of the people; if a housing project is needed and is wanted, it will be approved by a vote of the people.

Given democratic opportunity, the people can be depended on to make the right decision in any given case. It is an affront to the citizenry of California to argue otherwise to contend, as opponents of Proposition 10 have done. that it would be "dangerous" to allow the people of California to vote!

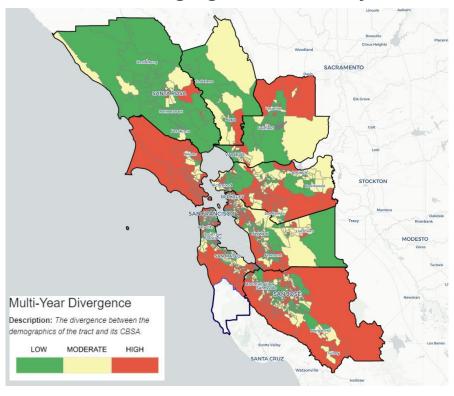
Every true believer in democracy will agree that the right to vote is not a danger-but a cherished blessing!

Pamphlet from the San Francisco-based Northern California Committee for Home Protection 1950 campaign for Proposition 10 framed its opposition to public housing as a matter of democracy.

Source: Liam Dillon, Los Angeles Times



#### Racial Residential Segregation in the Bay Area, 2010

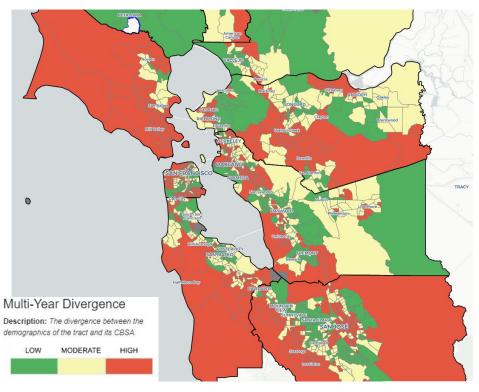


from "Racial Segregation in the San Francisco Bay Area, Part 3: Measuring Segregation," 2019.

haasinstitute.berkeley.edu/bay-segregation-map



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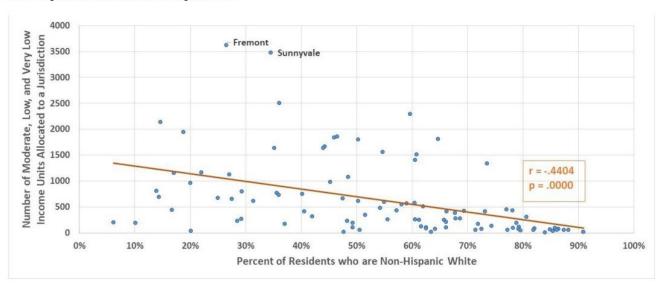
haasinstitute.berkeley.edu/bay-segregation-map



In past RHNA cycles, local governments with higher percentages of white residents were more likely to have received lower allocations of moderate and lower income housing.

CHART 4

#### 5th Cycle Allocations by Race



from "Unfair Shares: Racial Disparities and the Regional Housing Needs Allocation Process in the Bay Area," 2017.

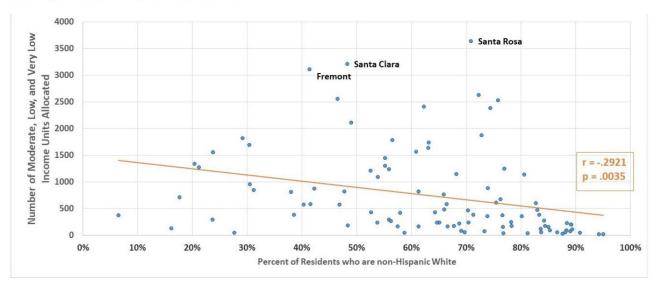
haasinstitute.berkeley.edu/unfairshares



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CHART 6

#### 4th Cycle Allocations and Race



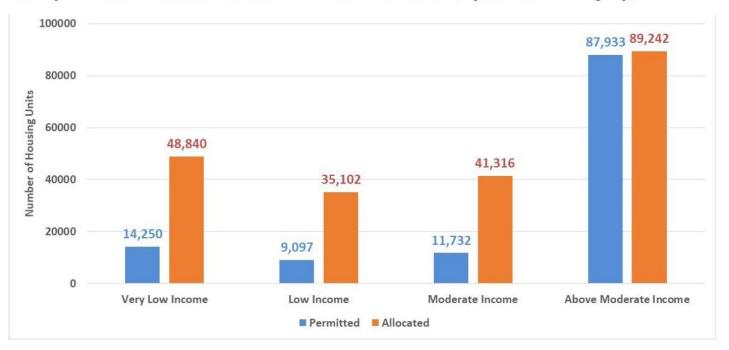
from "Unfair Shares: Racial Disparities and the Regional Housing Needs Allocation Process in the Bay Area," 2017.

haasinstitute.berkelev.edu/unfairshares



#### CHART 7

#### 4th Cycle Units Permitted Relative to Units Allocated (By Income Category)



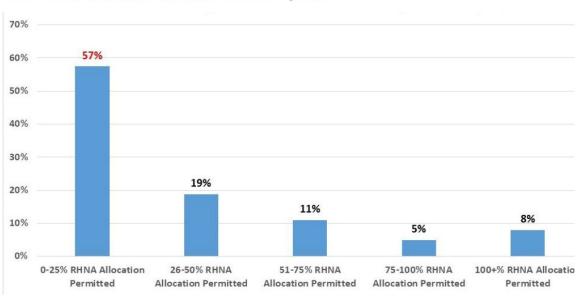
from "Unfair Shares: Racial Disparities and the Regional Housing Needs Allocation Process in the Bay Area," 2017. <u>haasinstitute.berkeley.edu/unfairshares</u>



57% of local governments in the Bay Area permitted less than 25% of the total housing units needed for Moderate, Low, and Very Low income households between 2007 and 2014.

#### CHART 9

Percentage of Cities by Level of Allocated Moderate Income and Below Housing Units Permitted 2007–2014 (4th RHNA Cycle)



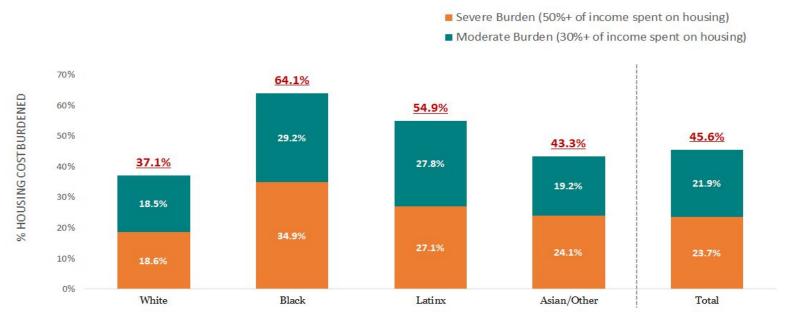
from "Unfair Shares: Racial Disparities and the Regional Housing Needs Allocation Process in the Bay Area," 2017.

haasinstitute.berkeley.edu/unfairshares



#### Renter Housing Cost Burden by Race and Ethnicity

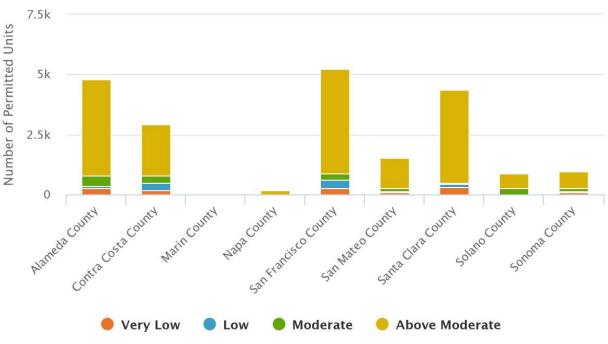
San Francisco - Oakland - Hayward Metropolitan Area, 2016



Source: Harvard Joint Center for Housing Studies, America's Rental Housing 2017



#### 2016 Housing Permits by Affordability Level

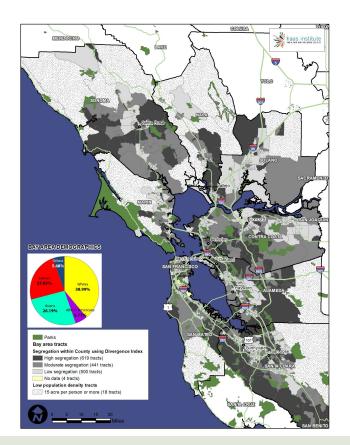


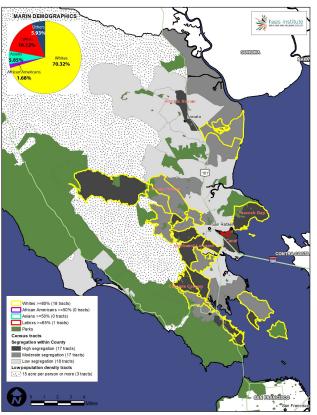
Highcharts.com

Source: MTC Vital Signs <a href="http://www.vitalsigns.mtc.ca.gov/housing-permits#chart-2">http://www.vitalsigns.mtc.ca.gov/housing-permits#chart-2</a>



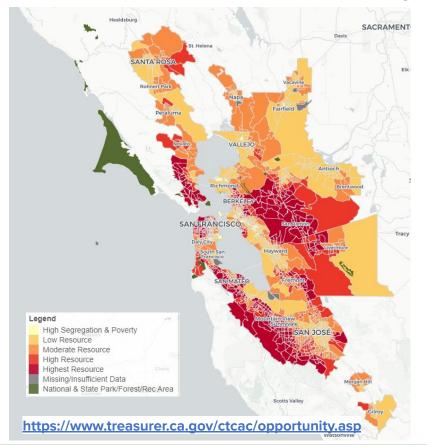
#### **Demographics & Segregation in the Bay Area**

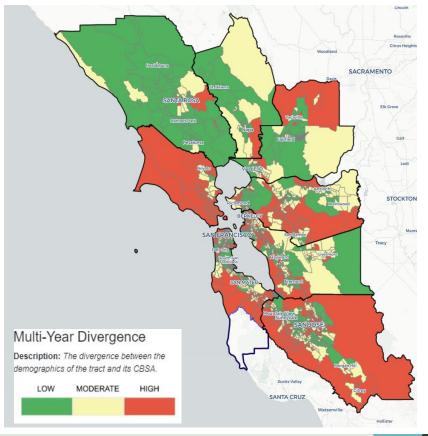






#### **Opportunity & Segregation**









## Eli Moore

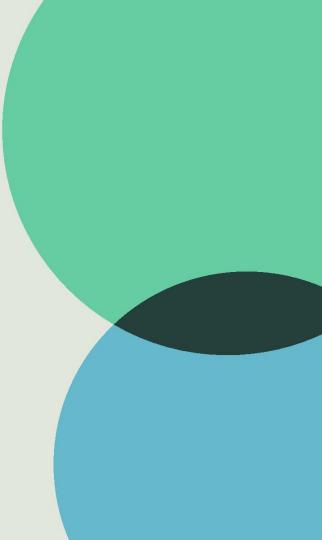
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# Appendices





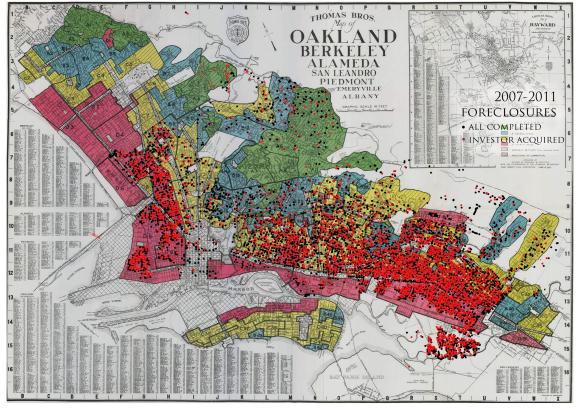


Image by Evan Bissell

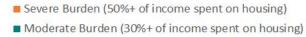
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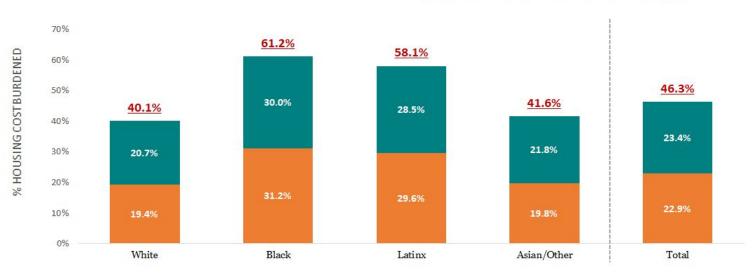
haasinstitute.berkeley.edu/rootsraceplace



#### **Renter Housing Cost Burden by Race and Ethnicity**

San Jose - Sunnyvale - Santa Clara Metropolitan Area, 2016



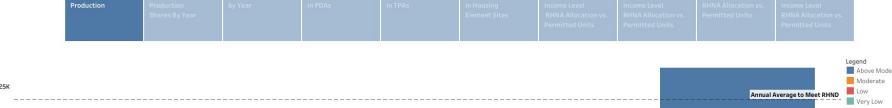


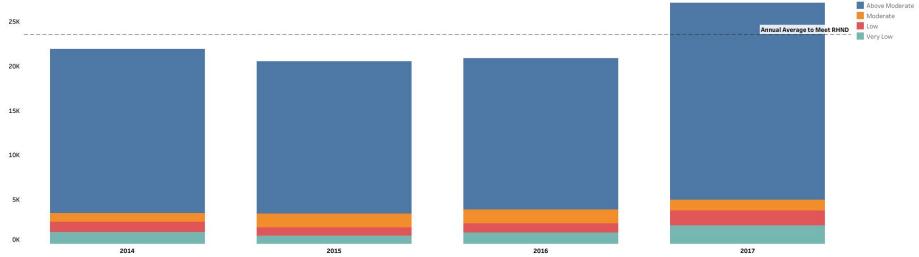
Source: Harvard Joint Center for Housing Studies, America's Rental Housing 2017



#### **Housing Permit Report**

Release Date October 3, 2018





Source: Association of Bay Area Governments, <a href="http://housing.abag.ca.gov/">http://housing.abag.ca.gov/</a>



Affordability