



METROPOLITAN
TRANSPORTATION
COMMISSION

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY
Legislative History
May 7, 2019



Bill Number	Current Text	Status	Summary	MTC Position	ABAG Position
AB 10 Chiu	Amended 4/30/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Income taxes: credits low-income housing: farmworker housing. Would, under the law governing the taxation of insurers, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Corporation Tax Law, for the 2020 to 2024 calendar years, inclusive, would increase the aggregate housing credit dollar amount that may be allocated among low-income housing projects by an additional \$500,000,000, as specified, and would allocate to farmworker housing projects \$25,000,000 per year of that amount. The bill, under those laws, would modify the definition of applicable percentage relating to qualified low-income buildings to depend on whether the building is a new or existing building and federally subsidized, or a building that is, among other things, at least 15 years old, serving households of very low income or extremely low income, and will complete substantial rehabilitation, as specified.		
AB 11 Chiu	Amended 4/11/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Community Redevelopment Law of 2019. Current law dissolved redevelopment agencies as of February 1, 2012, and designates successor agencies to act as successor entities to the dissolved redevelopment agencies. This bill, the Community Redevelopment Law of 2019, would authorize a city or county, or two or more cities acting jointly, to propose the formation of an affordable housing and infrastructure agency by adoption of a resolution of intention that meets specified requirements, including that the resolution of intention include a passthrough provision and an override passthrough provision, as defined.		

<p>AB 36 Bloom</p>	<p>Amended 4/22/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Rules</p>	<p>Residential tenancies: rent control. The Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act prescribes statewide limits on the application of local rent control with regard to certain properties. This bill would modify those provisions to authorize an owner of residential real property to establish the initial and all subsequent rental rates for a dwelling or unit that has been issued its first certificate of occupancy within 20 years of the date upon which the owner seeks to establish the initial or subsequent rental rate, or for a dwelling or unit that is alienable separate from the title to any other dwelling unit or is a subdivided interest in a subdivision and the owner is a natural person who owns 10 or fewer residential units within the same jurisdiction as the dwelling or unit for which the owner seeks to establish the initial or subsequent rental rate, subject to certain exceptions.</p>		
<p>AB 68 Ting</p>	<p>Amended 4/3/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Land use: accessory dwelling units. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide, by ordinance, for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and sets forth required ordinance standards, including, among others, lot coverage. This bill would delete the provision authorizing the imposition of standards on lot coverage and would prohibit an ordinance from imposing requirements on minimum lot size.</p>		
<p>AB 69 Ting</p>	<p>Amended 4/4/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Land use: accessory dwelling units. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to propose building standards to the California Building Standards Commission, and to adopt, amend, or repeal rules and regulations governing, among other things, apartment houses and dwellings, as specified. This bill would require the department to propose small home building standards governing accessory dwelling units smaller than 800 square feet, junior accessory dwelling units, and detached dwelling units smaller than 800 square feet, as specified, and to submit the small home building standards to the California Building Standards Commission for adoption on or before January 1, 2021.</p>		
<p>AB 147 Burke</p>	<p>Chaptered 4/25/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Chaptered</p>	<p>Use taxes: collection: retailer engaged in business in this state: marketplace facilitators. Would specify that, on and after April 1, 2019, a retailer engaged in business in this state includes any retailer that, in the preceding calendar year or the current calendar year, has total combined sales of tangible personal property for delivery in this state by the retailer and all persons related to the retailer that exceed \$500,000. The bill would allow the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to grant relief to certain retailers engaged in business in this state for specified interest or penalties imposed on use tax liabilities due and payable for tax reporting periods beginning April 1, 2019 and ending December 31, 2022.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Support</p>

<p>AB 148 Quirk-Silva</p>	<p>Introduced 12/14/2018</p>	<p>Assembly 2 year</p>	<p>Regional transportation plans: sustainable communities strategies. Current law requires certain transportation planning agencies to prepare and adopt a regional transportation plan directed at achieving a coordinated and balanced regional transportation system. Current law requires the regional transportation plan to include, if the transportation planning agency is also a metropolitan planning organization, a sustainable communities strategy. This bill would require each sustainable communities strategy to identify areas within the region sufficient to house an 8-year projection of the emergency shelter needs for the region, as specified.</p>		
<p>AB 185 Grayson</p>	<p>Introduced 1/10/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Consent Calendar</p>	<p>California Transportation Commission: transportation policies: joint meetings. Current law creates the California Transportation Commission, with various powers and duties relative to the programming of transportation capital projects and allocation of funds to those projects pursuant to the state transportation improvement program and various other transportation funding programs. Existing law requires the commission and the State Air Resources Board to hold at least 2 joint meetings per calendar year to coordinate their implementation of transportation policies. This bill would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to participate in those joint meetings.</p>		
<p>AB 252 Daly</p>	<p>Introduced 1/23/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>Department of Transportation: environmental review process: federal program. Current federal law requires the United States Secretary of Transportation to carry out a surface transportation project delivery program, under which the participating states may assume certain responsibilities for environmental review and clearance of transportation projects that would otherwise be the responsibility of the federal government. Current law, until January 1, 2020, provides that the State of California consents to the jurisdiction of the federal courts with regard to the compliance, discharge, or enforcement of the responsibilities it assumed as a participant in the program. This bill would extend the operation of these provisions indefinitely.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Support</p>
<p>AB 352 Garcia, Eduardo</p>	<p>Amended 3/14/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: investment plan: Transformative Climate Communities Program. Would, beginning July 1, 2020, would require state agencies administering competitive grant programs that allocate moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to give specified communities preferential points during grant application scoring for programs intended to improve air quality, to include a specified application timeline, to allow applicants from the Counties of Imperial and San Diego to include daytime population numbers in grant applications, and to prohibit grant eligibility and scoring criteria from precluding low-income communities, as defined, from applying for or being awarded a grant.</p>		

<p>AB 393 Nazarian</p>	<p>Amended 3/21/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Building codes: earthquake safety: functional recovery standard. Would require the California Building Standards Commission, by June 30, 2020, to assemble a functional recovery working group comprised of certain state entities and members of the construction and insurance industries, as specified. The bill would require the working group, by June 30, 2021, to consider whether a “functional recovery” standard is warranted for all or some building occupancy classifications, using specified criteria, and to investigate the practical means of implementing that standard, as specified. The bill would require the working group to advise the appropriate state agencies to propose the building standards, as specified.</p>		
<p>AB 421 Waldron</p>	<p>Introduced 2/7/2019</p>	<p>Assembly 2 year</p>	<p>Transportation finance: De Luz Community Services District. With respect to the portion of revenues that is derived from increases in the motor vehicle fuel excise tax beginning in 2010, current law requires, after certain allocations are made, the Controller to allocate the remaining amount of this portion of revenues 44% to the state transportation improvement program, 12% to the State Highway Operation and Protection Program, and 44% to cities and counties for local street and road purposes. This bill would require the Controller to allocate a portion of these revenues available for counties to the De Luz Community Services District for local street and road purposes as though the De Luz Community Services District were a county. The bill would thereby make an appropriation.</p>		
<p>AB 429 Nazarian</p>	<p>Amended 3/20/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Seismically vulnerable buildings: inventory. Current law establishes a program within all cities and all counties and portions thereof located within seismic zone 4, as defined, to identify all potentially hazardous buildings and to establish a mitigation program for these buildings. This bill would require the Alfred E. Alquist Seismic Safety Commission, by specified deadlines, to identify funding and develop a bidding process for hiring a third-party contractor to create an inventory of potentially vulnerable buildings, as defined. The bill would require the third-party contractor, in conjunction with the commission, by July 1, 2022, to develop a statewide inventory of potentially seismically vulnerable buildings in 29 specified counties in California using information developed by local jurisdictions pursuant to the above-described provisions.</p>		

AB 587 Friedman	Amended 4/22/2019	Senate Desk	<p>Accessory dwelling units: sale or separate conveyance. Current property tax law establishes a welfare exemption under which property is exempt from taxation if the property is owned and operated by a nonprofit corporation that is organized and operated for the purpose of building and rehabilitating single-family or multifamily residences for sale, as provided, at cost to low-income families. This bill would authorize a local agency to allow, by ordinance, an accessory dwelling unit that was created pursuant to the process described above to be sold or conveyed separately from the primary residence to a qualified buyer if certain conditions are met.</p>		
AB 659 Mullin	Introduced 2/15/2019	Assembly Appropriations Suspense File	<p>Transportation: emerging transportation technologies: California Smart City Challenge Grant Program. Would establish the California Smart City Challenge Grant Program to enable municipalities to compete for grant funding for emerging transportation technologies to serve their transportation system needs, and would specify certain program goals. The bill would require the commission to form the California Smart City Challenge Workgroup on or before July 1, 2020, to guide the commission on program matters, as specified. The bill would require the commission, in consultation with the workgroup, to develop guidelines on or before March 1, 2021, for the program, which would not be subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, and would authorize the commission to revise them as necessary.</p>		
AB 671 Friedman	Amended 3/26/2019	Assembly Appropriations	<p>Accessory dwelling units: incentives. Would require a local agency to include a plan that incentivizes and promotes the creation of accessory dwelling units that can be offered at affordable rent for very low, low-, and moderate-income households in its housing element. The bill would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to develop a list of existing state grants and financial incentives for operating, administrative, and other expenses in connection with the planning, construction, and operation of accessory dwelling units with affordable rent, as specified.</p>		
AB 724 Wicks	Amended 4/25/2019	Assembly Appropriations	<p>Rental property data registry. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to create a rental registry online portal, which would be designed to receive specified information from landlords regarding their residential tenancies and to disseminate this information to the general public. The bill would require the department to complete the rental registry online portal, the form necessary to support it, by January 1, 2021, and would require landlords who own or operate property that includes more than 15 dwelling units to register within 90 days and annually thereafter.</p>		

AB 725 Wicks	Amended 4/2/2019	Assembly 2 year	General plans: housing element: above moderate-income housing: suburban and metropolitan jurisdictions. The Planning and Zoning Law requires that the housing element include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable for residential development, to be used to identify sites that can be developed for housing within the planning period and that are sufficient to provide for the jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need determined pursuant to specified law. This bill would prohibit more than 20% of a suburban or metropolitan jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need for above moderate-income housing from being allocated to sites with zoning restricted to single-family development.		
AB 784 Mullin	Amended 4/9/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Sales and use taxes: exemption: California Hybrid and Zero-Emission Truck and Bus Voucher Incentive Project: transit bus vehicles. Current state sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. The Sales and Use Tax Law provides various exemptions from those taxes. This bill would, until January 1, 2024, provide an exemption from those taxes with respect to the sale of, and the storage and use of, or other consumption in this state of, specified zero-emission technology medium- and heavy-duty transit bus vehicles.		
AB 821 O'Donnell	Introduced 2/20/2019	Assembly 2 year	Transportation: Trade Corridor Enhancement Account: project nomination: California Port Efficiency Program. Current law creates the Trade Corridor Enhancement Account to receive revenues attributable to 50% of a \$0.20 per gallon increase in the diesel fuel excise tax imposed by the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 for corridor-based freight projects nominated by local agencies and the state. Current law makes these funds and certain federal funds apportioned to the state available upon appropriation for allocation by the California Transportation Commission for trade infrastructure improvement projects that meet specified requirements. This bill would require the commission to allocate not less than 10% of the funds that are required to be allocated to projects nominated by the department to projects nominated pursuant to the California Port Efficiency Program, which this bill would create		
AB 847 Grayson	Amended 3/27/2019	Assembly 2 year	Housing: transportation-related impact fees grant program. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development , upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish a competitive grant program to award grants to cities and counties to offset up to 100% of any transportation-related impact fees exacted upon a qualifying housing development project, as defined, by the local jurisdiction.		

<p>AB 881 Bloom</p>	<p>Amended 4/11/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Third Reading</p>	<p>Accessory dwelling units. The Planning and Zoning Law provides for the creation of accessory dwelling units by local ordinance, or, if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, by ministerial approval, in accordance with specified standards and conditions. Current law requires the ordinance to designate areas where accessory dwelling units may be permitted and authorizes the designated areas to be based on criteria that includes, but is not limited to, the adequacy of water and sewer services and the impact of accessory dwelling units on traffic flow and public safety. This bill would instead require a local agency to designate these areas based on the adequacy of water and sewer services and the impact of accessory dwelling units on traffic flow and public safety.</p>		
<p>AB 923 Wicks</p>	<p>Introduced 2/20/2019</p>	<p>Senate Desk</p>	<p>Bay Area Rapid Transit District: electricity procurement and delivery. Would authorize BART to elect to obtain electricity purchased from an electrical corporation or marketer, as defined, and electricity purchased through a market operated by the Independent System Operator or any other electricity market.</p>		
<p>AB 931 Boerner Horvath</p>	<p>Amended 4/22/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Local boards and commissions: representation: appointments. Current law establishes the policy of the Legislature to ensure equal access to specific information about the many local regulating and advisory boards, commissions, and committees and to ensure equal opportunity to be informed of vacancies on those boards. Current law requires each legislative body of a local agency to prepare an appointments list of all regular and ongoing boards, commissions, and committees that are appointed by the legislative body of the local agency. This bill, on and after January 1, 2030, would require the composition of a local board and commission of a city with a population of 50,000 or greater with appointed members to have a specified minimum number of women board members or commissioners based on the total number of board members or commissioners on that board, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.</p>		
<p>AB 961 Reyes</p>	<p>Amended 4/23/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>Energy programs and projects: nonenergy benefits. Would require the Public Utilities Commission to (1) establish common definitions of nonenergy benefits and attempt to determine consistent values for use in all distributed energy resource programs, (2) meaningfully consider producing nonenergy benefits in distributed energy resource programs and projects, (3) incorporate nonenergy benefits in distributed energy resource programs and projects in environmental and social justice communities, as defined, and (4) track the nonenergy benefits produced in distributed energy resource programs and report those benefits during program evaluations.</p>		

<p>AB 970 Salas</p>	<p>Amended 4/12/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>California Department of Aging: grants: transportation. Would require the California Department of Aging to administer a grant program to receive applications from eligible applicants, including, but not limited to, area agencies on aging and public transit operators, to fund transportation to and from nonemergency medical services for older individuals and persons with a disability, for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions. The bill would require that transportation be made available using the purchase, lease, operation, or maintenance of zero-emission or near-zero-emission vehicles with a capacity for 7, 12, or 15 passengers.</p>		
<p>AB 983 Boerner Horvath</p>	<p>Introduced 2/21/2019</p>	<p>Assembly 2 year</p>	<p>Transportation electrification. Would require an electrical corporation to work with local agencies or regional planning agencies in its service territory with responsibility for planning electric vehicle deployment to determine where to install new electrical charging stations along local transit corridors. The bill would authorize an electrical corporation to file an application with the PUC by December 31, 2020, with the support of the local or regional planning agency, for the infrastructure investments required to support electrical charging stations at transit corridor entry and exit points or other locations.</p>		
<p>AB 992 Mullin</p>	<p>Amended 4/22/2019</p>	<p>Assembly 2 year</p>	<p>Open meetings: local agencies: social media. The Ralph M. Brown Act generally requires that the meetings of legislative bodies of local agencies be conducted openly. That act defines "meeting" for purposes of the act and prohibits a majority of the members of a legislative body, outside a meeting authorized by the act, from using a series of communications of any kind to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item of business that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. This bill would provide that the prohibition described above does not apply to the participation, as defined, in an internet-based social media platform, as defined, by a majority of the members of a legislative body, provided that a majority of the members do not discuss among themselves, as defined, business of a specific nature that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body of the local agency.</p>		
<p>AB 1017 Boerner Horvath</p>	<p>Amended 4/23/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Consent Calendar</p>	<p>New or modified railroad crossings: approval. Would require the The Public Utilities Commission, if a city or county develops and adopts, by resolution upon a majority vote of the city council or the board of supervisors, a plan to improve mobility for multimodal access that calls for new or modified railroad crossings, to make an engineer available from the Rail Crossings and Engineering Branch to assist and advise that city or county on the safety of the planned railroad crossings prior to the filing of an application to the commission for the approval of the new or modified railroad crossings.</p>		

AB 1035 Mayes	Amended 4/22/2019	Assembly Second Reading	Personal information: data breaches. Would require a person or business, as defined, that owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal information to disclose a breach of the security of the system in the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, but in no case more than 45 days, following discovery or notification of the breach, subject to the legitimate needs of law enforcement, as provided. The bill would make other conforming changes.		
AB 1112 Friedman	Amended 4/8/2019	Assembly Second Reading	Motorized scooters: local regulation. Would authorize a local authority to regulate motorized scooters by, among other things, assessing limited penalties for moving or parking violations involving the use of motorized scooters. The bill would prohibit a local authority from subjecting the riders of shared scooters to requirements more restrictive than those applicable to riders of privately owned motorized scooters or bicycles. The bill would authorize a local authority to regulate scooter share operators by, among other things, requiring a scooter share operator to pay fees that do not exceed the reasonable cost to the local authority of regulating the scooter share operator.		
AB 1142 Friedman	Amended 4/1/2019	Senate Transportation	Regional transportation plans. Current law requires a regional transportation plan to include a policy element, an action element, a financial element, and, if the transportation planning agency is also a metropolitan planning organization, a sustainable communities strategy. Under current law, the policy element describes the transportation issues in the region, identifies and quantifies regional needs, and describes the desired short-range and long-range transportation goals, as well as pragmatic objective and policy statements. Current law authorizes the policy element of transportation planning agencies with populations that exceed 200,000 persons to quantify a set of specified indicators. This bill would authorize the inclusion of an additional indicator regarding measures of policies to increase use of existing transit.		
AB 1243 Fong	Amended 4/3/2019	Assembly Transportation	Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Act. Would create the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Program to address traffic congestion and deferred maintenance on the state highway system and the local street and road system. The bill would provide for the deposit of various existing sources of revenue in the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Account, which the bill would create in the State Transportation Fund, including revenues attributable to the sales and use tax on motor vehicles, revenues attributable to automobile and motor vehicle insurance policies from the insurer gross premiums tax, and certain miscellaneous State Highway Account revenues.		

<p>AB 1255 Rivas, Robert</p>	<p>Amended 4/11/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Surplus public land: database. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. That law requires the housing element to contain an inventory of land suitable for residential development, as defined, and requires that inventory to be used to identify sites that can be developed for housing within the planning period and that are sufficient to provide for the jurisdiction's share of the regional housing need for all income levels. This bill would also require the housing element to contain an inventory of land owned by the city or county that is in excess of its foreseeable needs.</p>		
<p>AB 1277 Oberholte</p>	<p>Amended 3/19/2019</p>	<p>Assembly 2 year</p>	<p>Transportation projects: oversight committees. Would require a public agency administering a megaproject, which the bill would define as a transportation project with total estimated development and construction costs exceeding \$1,000,000,000, to take specified actions to manage the risks associated with the megaproject, including establishing a comprehensive risk management plan and regularly reassessing its reserves for potential claims and unknown risks. The bill would require a public agency administering a megaproject to establish a project oversight committee composed of specified individuals to review the megaproject and perform other specified duties.</p>		
<p>AB 1279 Bloom</p>	<p>Introduced 2/21/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>Planning and zoning: housing development: high-resource areas. Would require the department to designate areas in this state as high-resource areas, as provided, by January 1, 2021, and every 5 years thereafter. The bill would authorize a city or county to appeal the designation of an area within its jurisdiction as a high-resource area during that 5-year period. In any area designated as a high-resource area, the bill would require that a housing development project be a use by right, upon the request of a developer, in any high-resource area designated pursuant be a use by right in certain parts of the high-resource area if those projects meet specified requirements, including specified affordability requirements. For certain development projects where the initial sales price or initial rent exceeds the affordable housing cost or affordable rent to households with incomes equal to or less than 100% of the area median income, the bill would require the applicant agree to pay a fee equal to 10% of the difference between the actual initial sales price or initial rent and the sales price or rent that would be affordable, as provided. The bill would require the city or county to deposit the fee into a separate fund reserved for the construction or preservation of housing with an affordable housing cost or affordable rent to households with a household income less than 50% of the area median income. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		

AB 1350 Gonzalez	Amended 3/26/2019	Assembly 2 year	Youth Transit Pass Pilot Program. Would create the Youth Transit Pass Pilot Program upon the appropriation of moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund by the Legislature, and would require the Department of Transportation to administer the program. The bill would require the department to award available moneys to eligible participants, as defined, to provide free transit passes to persons under the age of 25 through new or existing transit pass programs, as specified.		
AB 1402 Petrie-Norris	Amended 3/26/2019	Assembly 2 year	Active Transportation Program. Would require the Department of Transportation, instead of the California Transportation Commission, to award funds to projects in the statewide and small urban and rural region distribution categories and to adopt a program of projects for those distribution categories. The bill would require that 75% of available funds be awarded to MPO's in urban areas with populations greater than 200,000, in proportion to their relative share of the population, 15% to small urban and rural regions with populations of 200,000 or less, competitively awarded by the department to projects in those regions, and 10% to projects competitively awarded by the department, in consultation with the commission, on a statewide basis.		
AB 1481 Bonta	Amended 4/23/2019	Assembly Third Reading	Tenancy termination: just cause. Would, with certain exceptions, prohibit a lessor of residential property from terminating the lease without just cause, as defined, stated in the written notice to terminate.		
AB 1482 Chiu	Amended 4/22/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Tenancy: rent caps. Would prohibit an owner of residential real property from increasing the rental rate for that property in an amount that is greater than 5% plus the percentage change in the cost of living, as defined, more than the lowest rental rate in effect for the immediately preceding 12 months, subject to specified conditions. The bill would exempt from these provisions deed-restricted affordable housing, dormitories, and housing subject to a local ordinance that imposes a more restrictive rent increase cap than these provisions.		
AB 1483 Grayson	Amended 4/29/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Housing data: collection and reporting. The Planning and Zoning Law requires the planning agency of a city or county to provide by April 1 of each year an annual report to, among other entities, the Department of Housing and Community Development (department) that includes, among other specified information, the number of net new units of housing that have been issued a completed entitlement, a building permit, or a certificate of occupancy, thus far in the housing element cycle, as provided. This bill would authorize the department to require a planning agency to include in that annual report specified additional information that this bill would require, as specified.		

<p>AB 1484 Grayson</p>	<p>Amended 4/10/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>Mitigation Fee Act: housing developments. The Mitigation Fee Act requires a local agency that establishes, increases, or imposes a fee as a condition of approval of a development project to, among other things, determine a reasonable relationship between the fee's use and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed. This bill would require each city, county, or city and county to post on its internet website the type and amount of each fee imposed on a housing development project, as defined.</p>		
<p>AB 1485 Wicks</p>	<p>Amended 4/11/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Third Reading</p>	<p>Housing development: streamlining. The Planning and Zoning Law requires that a development be subject to a requirement mandating a minimum percentage of below market rate housing based on one of 3 specified conditions. Current law requires, among those conditions, a development to dedicate a minimum of 10% of the total number of units to housing affordable to households making below 80% of the area median income, if the project contains more than 10 units of housing and the locality did not timely submit its latest production report to the Department of Housing and Community Development, or that production report reflects that there were fewer units of above moderate-income housing issued building permits than were required for the regional housing needs assessment cycle for that reporting period. This bill would modify that condition to authorize a development to instead dedicate 20% of the total number of units to housing affordable to households making below 120% of the area median income with the average income of the units at or below 100% of the area median income, except as provided.</p>		
<p>AB 1486 Ting</p>	<p>Amended 4/11/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>Local agencies: surplus land. Current law prescribes requirements for the disposal of surplus land by a local agency. Current law defines "local agency" for these purposes as every city, county, city and county, and district, including school districts of any kind or class, empowered to acquire and hold real property. This bill would expand the definition of "local agency" to include sewer, water, utility, and local and regional park districts, joint powers authorities, successor agencies to former redevelopment agencies, housing authorities, and other political subdivisions of this state and any instrumentality thereof that is empowered to acquire and hold real property, thereby requiring these entities to comply with these requirements for the disposal of surplus land. The bill would specify that the term "district" includes all districts within the state, and that this change is declaratory of existing law.</p>		

<p>AB 1487 Chiu</p>	<p>Amended 4/29/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>San Francisco Bay area: housing development: financing. Current law provides for the establishment of various special districts that may support and finance housing development, including affordable housing special beneficiary districts that are authorized to promote affordable housing development with certain property tax revenues that a city or county would otherwise be entitled to receive. This bill, the San Francisco Bay Area Regional Housing Finance Act, would establish the Housing Alliance for the Bay Area (hereafter the entity) and would state that the entity's purpose is to increase affordable housing in the San Francisco Bay area, as defined, by providing for enhanced funding and technical assistance at a regional level for tenant protection, affordable housing preservation, and new affordable housing production.</p>		
<p>AB 1543 Holden</p>	<p>Introduced 2/22/2019</p>	<p>Assembly 2 year</p>	<p>Transportation funds: transit operators: fare revenues. Would require a fare paid pursuant to a reduced fare transit program to be counted as a full adult fare for purposes of calculating any required ratios of fare revenues to operating costs specified in the Transportation Development Act, except for purposes of providing information in a specified annual report to the Controller or providing information to the entity conducting a fiscal or performance audit pursuant to specified provisions.</p>		
<p>AB 1560 Friedman</p>	<p>Amended 4/11/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations</p>	<p>California Environmental Quality Act: transportation: major transit stop. CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and propose guidelines for the implementation of CEQA by public agencies and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt the guidelines. CEQA requires the office to propose revisions to the guidelines establishing criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts of projects within transit priority areas to meet certain objectives. CEQA defines "transit priority area" as an area within 1/2 mile of a major transit stop. This bill would revise the definition of "major transit stop" to include a bus rapid transit station, as defined, with a frequency of service interval of 20 minutes or less during the morning and afternoon peak commute periods.</p>		

AB 1568 McCarty	Amended 4/11/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Housing law compliance: prohibition on applying for state grants. The Housing Element Law, prescribes requirements for the preparation of the housing element, including a requirement that a planning agency submit a draft of the element or draft amendment to the element to the Department of Housing and Community Development prior to the adoption of the element or amendment to the element. Current law requires the department to review the draft and report its written findings, as specified. Current law also requires the department, in its written findings, to determine whether the draft substantially complies with the Housing Element Law. This bill would authorize the city or county to submit evidence that the city or county is no longer in violation of state law to the department and to request the department to issue a finding that the city or county is no longer in violation of state law.		
AB 1605 Ting	Amended 4/10/2019	Senate Desk	City and County of San Francisco: Crooked Street Reservation and Pricing Program. Would authorize the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco by ordinance to conduct a reservation and pricing pilot program for vehicles that use the "Crooked Street," which the bill would define to mean the portion of Lombard Street located between Leavenworth Street and Hyde Street in the City and County of San Francisco. Before the board of supervisors adopts an ordinance to conduct the pilot program, the bill would require the board of supervisors to make certain findings and to conduct at least 2 public outreach meetings or hearings.		
AB 1633 Grayson	Introduced 2/22/2019	Senate Desk	Regional transportation plans: traffic signal optimization plans. Would authorize each city located within the jurisdiction of MTC to develop and implement a traffic signal optimization plan intended to reduce greenhouse gases and particulate emissions and to reduce travel times, the number of stops, and fuel use. The bill would also require the Department of Transportation to coordinate with each city that develops a traffic signal optimization plan pursuant to these provisions to ensure that any traffic signals owned or operated by the department are adjusted and maintained in accordance with the plan.		
AB 1697 Grayson	Amended 5/1/2019	Assembly Third Reading	Housing: tenancy termination: just cause. Would, with certain exceptions, prohibit a lessor of residential property, for a term not specified by the parties, in which the tenant has occupied the property for 10 months or more, from terminating the lease without just cause, stated in the written notice to terminate.		

AB 1706 Quirk	Amended 3/26/2019	Assembly 2 year	Housing development: incentives. Would, until January 1, 2035, provide specified financial incentives that ensure financial feasibility to a development proponent of a residential housing development in the 9-county San Francisco Bay area region that dedicates at least 20% of the development's housing units to households making no more than 150% of the area median income. The incentives provided to those developments include an exemption from the California Environmental Quality Act, a density bonus of 35%, a waiver of local parking requirements, and a waiver of physical building requirements imposed on development by the local agency, such as green building standards.		
AB 1717 Friedman	Amended 4/10/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Transit-Oriented Affordable Housing Funding Program Act. Would establish the Transit-Oriented Affordable Housing Funding Program, to be administered by the California Housing Finance Agency (CalHFA). The bill would authorize the city council of a city, or the board of supervisors of a city and county, to participate in the program by enactment of an ordinance establishing a transit-oriented affordable housing district, as provided.		
AB 1782 Chau	Amended 4/30/2019	Assembly Appropriations	Automated license plate recognition information: usage and privacy policy. Current law authorizes the Department of the California Highway Patrol to share automatied license plate data with law enforcement agencies for specified purposes and requires both an ALPR operator and an ALPR end-user, as those terms are defined, to implement a usage and privacy policy regarding that ALPR information, as specified. Current law requires that the usage and privacy policy implemented by an ALPR operator and an ALPR end-user include the length of time ALPR information will be retained, and the process the ALPR operator and ALPR end-user will utilize to determine if and when to destroy retained ALPR information. This bill would delete the requirement that the usage and privacy policy implemented by an ALPR operator and an ALPR end-user include the retention and destruction information described above, and would instead require those usage and privacy policies to include a procedure to ensure the destruction of all nonanonymized ALPR information no more than 60 days from the date of collection, except as provided.		

<p><u>ACA 1</u> <u>Aguiar-Curry</u></p>	<p>Amended 3/18/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval. The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Support</p>
<p><u>SB 4</u> <u>McGuire</u></p>	<p>Amended 4/10/2019</p>	<p>Senate 2 year</p>	<p>Housing. Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project or eligible transit-oriented development (TOD) project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a "neighborhood multifamily project" to mean a project to construct a multifamily unit of up to 2 residential dwelling units in a nonurban community, as defined, or up to 4 residential dwelling units in an urban community, as defined, that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019.</p>		
<p><u>SB 5</u> <u>Beall</u></p>	<p>Amended 4/23/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Program. Would establish in state government the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Program, which would be administered by the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Committee. The bill would authorize a city, county, city and county, joint powers agency, enhanced infrastructure financing district, affordable housing authority, community revitalization and investment authority, transit village development district, or a combination of those entities, to apply to the Affordable Housing and Community Development Investment Committee to participate in the program and would authorize the committee to approve or deny plans for projects meeting specific criteria.</p>	<p>Support in Concept</p>	<p>Support in Concept</p>

<p>SB 6 Beall</p>	<p>Amended 4/23/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Residential development: available land. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to furnish the Department of General Services with a list of local lands suitable and available for residential development as identified by a local government as part of the housing element of its general plan. The bill would require the Department of General Services to create a database of that information and information regarding state lands determined or declared excess and to make this database available and searchable by the public by means of a link on its internet website.</p>		
<p>SB 13 Wieckowski</p>	<p>Amended 4/23/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Accessory dwelling units. Would authorize the creation of accessory dwelling units in areas zoned to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling use. The bill would also revise the requirements for an accessory dwelling unit by providing that the accessory dwelling unit may be attached to, or located within, an attached garage, storage area, or other structure, and that it does not exceed a specified amount of total floor area.</p>		
<p>SB 18 Skinner</p>	<p>Amended 4/30/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Keep Californians Housed Act. Current law establishes the Department of Consumer Affairs (DCA) under the control of a civil executive officer known as the Director of Consumer Affairs. Current law requires, among other things, that the director provide for the establishment of a comprehensive library of books, documents, studies, and other materials relating to consumers and consumer problems. This bill, no later than January 1, 2021, would require DCA to publish on its internet website, and to biannually update, a guide to all state laws pertaining to landlords and the landlord-tenant relationship.</p>		
<p>SB 50 Wiener</p>	<p>Amended 5/1/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Planning and zoning: housing development: incentives. Would authorize a development proponent of a neighborhood multifamily project located on an eligible parcel to submit an application for a streamlined, ministerial approval process that is not subject to a conditional use permit. The bill would define a "neighborhood multifamily project" to mean a project to construct a multifamily structure on vacant land, or to convert an existing structure that does not require substantial exterior alteration into a multifamily structure, consisting of up to 4 residential dwelling units and that meets local height, setback, and lot coverage zoning requirements as they existed on July 1, 2019.</p>		

<p>SB 59 Allen</p>	<p>Amended 4/1/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Autonomous vehicle technology: Statewide policy. Would establish certain guiding principles relating to autonomous vehicles in order to ensure that these vehicles support the state's efforts to, among other things, reduce greenhouse gas emissions and encourage efficient land use. The bill would require the Office of Planning and Research, in coordination with the State Air Resources Board, to convene an autonomous vehicle interagency working group of specified state agencies, including, among others, the Transportation Agency, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Motor Vehicles, to guide policy development for autonomous vehicle technology consistent with the statewide principles as specified.</p>		
<p>SB 127 Wiener</p>	<p>Amended 4/30/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Transportation funding: active transportation: complete streets. Would establish a Division of Active Transportation within the Department of Transportation and require that an undersecretary of the Transportation Agency be assigned to give attention to active transportation program matters to guide progress toward meeting the department's active transportation program goals and objectives. The bill would require the California Transportation Commission to give high priority to increasing safety for pedestrians and bicyclists and to the implementation of bicycle and pedestrian facilities.</p>		
<p>SB 128 Beall</p>	<p>Amended 3/21/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Local Government</p>	<p>Enhanced infrastructure financing districts: bonds: issuance. Current law authorizes the legislative body of a city or a county to establish an enhanced infrastructure financing district, with a governing body referred to as a public financing authority, to finance public capital facilities or other specified projects of communitywide significance. Current law requires a public financing authority to adopt an infrastructure financing plan and hold a public hearing on the plan, as specified. Current law authorizes the public financing authority to issue bonds for these purposes upon approval by 55% of the voters voting on a proposal to issue the bonds. Current law requires the proposal submitted to the voters by the public financing authority and the resolution for the issuance of bonds following approval by the voters to include specified information regarding the bond issuance. This bill would instead authorize the public financing authority to issue bonds for these purposes without submitting a proposal to the voters.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Support</p>

<p>SB 137 Dodd</p>	<p>Introduced 1/15/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations Suspense File</p>	<p>Federal transportation funds: state exchange programs. Current federal law apportions transportation funds to the states under various programs, including the Surface Transportation Program and the Highway Safety Improvement Program, subject to certain conditions on the use of those funds. Current law establishes the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program to address deferred maintenance on the state highway system and the local street and road system, and funds that program from fuel taxes and an annual transportation improvement fee imposed on vehicles. This bill would authorize the Department of Transportation to allow the above-described federal transportation funds that are allocated as local assistance to be exchanged for Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program funds appropriated to the department.</p>	<p>Support & Seek Amendment</p>	<p>Support and Seek Amendment</p>
<p>SB 146 Beall</p>	<p>Introduced 1/18/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Transportation</p>	<p>Peninsula Rail Transit District. Current law, operative under certain conditions, redesignates the Peninsula Corridor Study Joint Powers Board as the Peninsula Rail Transit District, comprised of 9 members appointed from various governing bodies situated in the City and County of San Francisco and the Counties of San Mateo and Santa Clara, with specified powers. This bill would repeal the provisions relating to the Peninsula Rail Transit District.</p>		
<p>SB 152 Beall</p>	<p>Amended 4/25/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Active Transportation Program. Current law establishes the Active Transportation Program in the Department of Transportation for the purpose of encouraging increased use of active modes of transportation, such as biking and walking. Existing law requires specified funds for the program to be appropriated to the department in the annual Budget Act and allocated to eligible projects by the California Transportation Commission. This bill would require that 60% of available funds be awarded to projects selected by metropolitan planning organizations (MPO) in urban areas with populations greater than 200,000, with the available funds distributed to each MPO based on its relative share of the population, 15% to fund projects in small urban and rural regions, and 25% to projects competitively awarded by the commission on a statewide basis.</p>	<p>Support (sponsor)</p>	

<p>SB 235 Dodd</p>	<p>Amended 3/25/2019</p>	<p>Assembly Desk</p>	<p>Planning and zoning: housing production report: regional housing need allocation. Would authorize the County of Napa and the City of Napa to reach a mutually acceptable agreement to allow one of those jurisdictions to report on its annual production report to the Department of Housing and Community Development those completed entitlements, building permits, and certificates of occupancy issued by the other jurisdiction for the development of housing if certain conditions are met. The bill would require the board of supervisors of the County of Napa and the city council of the City of Napa to each hold a public hearing to solicit public comment on the proposed agreement and to make specified written findings based on substantial evidence before approving the agreement.</p>		
<p>SB 254 Hertzberg</p>	<p>Amended 4/1/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>California Earthquake Authority. Current law authorizes the California Earthquake Authority, with the Treasurer as its agent, to issue and sell investment grade revenue bonds or issue or secure other debt financing, or both, in amounts up to \$1,000,000,000 plus specified costs, if claims and claim expenses paid following an earthquake event exhaust 4 specified sources of capital, including the CEA's available capital and all insurer capital contributions and assessments. This bill would, instead, limit the amount of the investment grade revenue bonds or other debt financing to an amount up to \$1,000,000,000 outstanding at any time, excluding those specified costs.</p>		
<p>SB 277 Beall</p>	<p>Amended 3/18/2019</p>	<p>Senate Consent Calendar</p>	<p>Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program: guidelines. The Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 continuously appropriates \$200,000,000 annually from the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account for allocation by the California Transportation Commission to local or regional transportation agencies that have sought and received voter approval of taxes or that have imposed certain fees, which taxes or fees are dedicated solely to transportation improvements. Existing law requires the commission, in cooperation with the Department of Transportation, transportation planning agencies, county transportation commissions, and other local agencies, to develop guidelines for the allocation of those moneys, and authorizes the commission to amend the adopted guidelines after conducting at least one public hearing. This bill would require the commission, in cooperation with those same entities, to biennially update the guidelines with final approval of the update occurring on or before January 1 of each even-numbered year.</p>		

<p>SB 278 Beall</p>	<p>Amended 3/28/2019</p>	<p>Senate 2 year</p>	<p>Metropolitan Transportation Commission. The Metropolitan Transportation Commission Act creates the Metropolitan Transportation Commission as a local area planning agency to provide comprehensive regional transportation planning for the region comprised of the 9 San Francisco Bay area counties. The act requires the commission to continue to actively, on behalf of the entire region, seek to assist in the development of adequate funding sources to develop, construct, and support transportation projects that it determines are essential. This bill would also require the commission to determine that those transportation projects are a priority for the region.</p>		
<p>SB 330 Skinner</p>	<p>Amended 4/24/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Housing Crisis Act of 2019. The The Housing Accountability Act requires a local agency that proposes to disapprove a housing development project that complies with applicable, objective general plan and zoning standards and criteria that were in effect at the time the application was deemed to be complete, or to approve it on the condition that it be developed at a lower density, to base its decision upon written findings supported by substantial evidence on the record that specified conditions exist, and places the burden of proof on the local agency to that effect. The act requires a court to impose a fine on a local agency under certain circumstances and requires that the fine be at least \$10,000 per housing unit in the housing development project on the date the application was deemed complete. This bill would, until January 1, 2030, specify that an application is deemed complete for these purposes if a complete initial application was submitted, as specified.</p>		
<p>SB 336 Dodd</p>	<p>Amended 4/29/2019</p>	<p>Senate Third Reading</p>	<p>Transportation: fully-automated transit vehicles. Would require a transit operator, as defined, until January 1, 2025, to ensure each of its fully-automated transit vehicles, as defined, is staffed by at least one of its employees, who has had specified training, while the vehicle is in service. The bill would require a transit operator that deploys a fully-automated transit vehicle to report the results of that deployment to the Legislature on or before March 31, 2025.</p>		

<p>SB 358</p> <p>Committee on Transportation</p>	<p>Amended 4/8/2019</p>	<p>Senate Consent Calendar</p>	<p>Transportation. Article XIX of the California Constitution restricts the use of excise tax revenues imposed by the state on fuels used in motor vehicles on public highways to highway and certain mass transit purposes and provides for the deposit of these fuel excise tax revenues in the Highway Users Tax Account for apportionments to cities, among other things. Current law prohibits apportionments from the account to a city pursuant to specified provisions from being made unless the city has set up by ordinance a special gas tax street improvement fund, and requires the apportionment of those moneys to be deposited into that fund. This bill would delete the reference to those specified provisions providing for apportionments from the account, thereby prohibiting any and all apportionments from the account to a city from being made unless the city has set up by ordinance a special gas tax street fund, and thereby requiring the apportionment of those moneys to be deposited into that fund.</p>		
<p>SB 397</p> <p>Glazer</p>	<p>Introduced 2/20/2019</p>	<p>Senate Third Reading</p>	<p>Public transit operators: passengers with pets: evacuation orders. Would require each public transit operator to develop best practices for allowing pets on public transit vehicles serving areas subject to an evacuation order. If an evacuation order is issued that covers all or a portion of a public transit operator's service area, the bill would require the operator to authorize passengers to board public transit vehicles with their pets in the area covered by the evacuation order, consistent with those best practices.</p>		
<p>SB 526</p> <p>Allen</p>	<p>Amended 4/30/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Regional transportation plans: greenhouse gas emissions: State Mobility Action Plan for Healthy Communities. Would require the State Air Resources Board to adopt a regulation that requires a metropolitan planning organization to provide any data that the state board determines is necessary to fulfill the requirements of the above-described report and to determine if the metropolitan planning organization is on track to meet its 2035 greenhouse gas emission reduction target. After completing each report, the bill would require the state board to determine if each metropolitan planning organization is on track to meet its 2035 target.</p>		

<p>SB 529 Durazo</p>	<p>Amended 4/30/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Tenant associations: eviction for cause: withholding payment of rent. Current law prohibits a lessor from retaliating against a lessee because the lessee has lawfully organized or participated in a lessees' association or an organization advocating lessees' rights, or has lawfully and peaceably exercised any rights under the law, by increasing rent, decreasing services, causing a lessee to quit involuntarily, bringing an action to recover possession, or from threatening to do any of those acts. A lessor who violates this latter provision is liable to the lessee for actual damages and, under certain circumstances, punitive damages. This bill would declare that tenants have the right to form, join, and participate in the activities of a tenant association, subject to any restrictions as may be imposed by law, or to refuse to join or participate in the activities of a tenant association.</p>		
<p>SB 621 Glazer</p>	<p>Amended 4/30/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>California Environmental Quality Act: court actions or proceedings: affordable housing projects. Would require the Judicial Council, by July 1, 2020, to adopt a rule of court applicable to an action or proceeding brought to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the certification of an environmental impact report for an affordable housing project, as defined, or the granting of an approval of an affordable housing project that requires the action or proceeding, including any potential appeals therefrom, to be resolved, to the extent feasible, within 270 days of the filing of the certified record of proceeding with the court. The bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to an affordable housing project if it is in certain locations.</p>		
<p>SB 744 Caballero</p>	<p>Amended 4/29/2019</p>	<p>Senate Appropriations</p>	<p>Planning and zoning: California Environmental Quality Act: permanent supportive housing. Would, if a No Place Like Home project, as defined, is not eligible for approval as a use by right, as specified, would authorize the development applicant to request within a specified time period that the lead agency prepare concurrently the record of proceeding for the project with the performance of the environmental review of the program. The Within 2 working days of approval, the bill would require the lead agency, if the project is subject to CEQA, to file and post a notice of determination or, if the project is not subject to CEQA, to file a notice of exemption with the county clerk in each county in which the project is located, in accordance with specified law.</p>		

Federal Bills

United States House of Representatives					
Bill Number (Author)	Topic	Current Version	Status	Summary	Position
H.R. 140 (Green)	Housing Fairness Act	1/3/19	House Financial Services Committee	Authorizes funds to prevent housing discrimination through the use of nationwide testing, to increase funds for the Fair Housing Initiatives Program, and for other purposes.	
H.R. 180 (Hastings)	Build America Act	1/3/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee; House Ways & Means Committee	Directs the Department of Transportation (DOT) to carry out a national infrastructure investment grant program for capital investments in surface transportation infrastructure. Projects eligible for funding under the program include, at a minimum, highway and bridge projects, public transportation projects, passenger and freight rail transportation projects, and port infrastructure investments.	
H.R. 228 (Velazquez)	Increase Transportation Alternatives Investment Act	1/3/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee	Authorizes programs and activities to support transportation options in areas that are undergoing extensive repair or reconstruction of transportation infrastructure, including highways, federally owned roads open for public travel, passenger rail facilities, and public transportation facilities.	
H.R. 330 (Lieu)	Climate Solutions Act	1/8/19	House Energy & Commerce Committee; House Foreign Affairs Committee	Contains findings related to the risks of climate change and declares the sense of Congress that the U.S. should honor its commitments to the Paris Climate Agreement. Requires the U.S. Energy Secretary to promulgate regulations that require an annual increase in the share of electric energy generated by renewable sources with 100% established by 2035 and thereafter. Establishes a national energy efficiency standard. Sets national greenhouse gas reduction targets for 2035 and 2050.	
H.R. 731 (Malinowski)	Transportation Funding Fairness Act	1/23/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee	Eliminates FTA's discretionary authority to declare TIFIA and RRIF loans as the federal share of an infrastructure project, to allow states to attribute federal transportation loans towards their share of jointly funded large-scale infrastructure projects.	

H.R. 763 (Deutch)	Energy Innovation and Carbon Dividend Act	1/24/19	House Energy & Commerce Committee; House Foreign Affairs Committee; House Ways and Means Committee	Creates a Carbon Dividend Trust Fund to encourage market-driven innovation of clean energy technologies and market efficiencies which will reduce harmful pollution and leave a healthier, more stable, and more prosperous nation for future generations. Institutes a federal carbon fee of \$15/ton in 2019 (growing by \$10/year thereafter) of greenhouse gas content on the use, sale or transfer of fuel related to refineries and importers of any petroleum product; coal mining; natural gas.	
H.R.876 (DeFazio)	Pacific Northwest Earthquake Preparedness Act	2/6/19	Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs	Requires the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to develop a plan for the purchase and installation of an earthquake early warning system for the Cascadia Subduction Zone. The term "Cascadia Subduction Zone" means the landward-dipping fault that is approximately 684 miles long, separates the Juan De Fuca and North America plates, and stretches along a portion of the western coast of the United States beginning off Cape Mendocino, California, along the states of Oregon and Washington, to Northern Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada.	
H.R. 879 (Brownely)	Support Local Transportation Act	1/30/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee	Increase the percentage of surface transportation block grant program funds to be allocated to certain urbanized areas from 55 percent to 65 percent by 2020	
H.R. 880 (Brownley)	Surface Transportation Investment Act of 2019	1/30/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure and Ways & Means Committees	Amends the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal loopholes for major integrated oil companies and directs savings to the surface transportation block grant program.	

H.R. 927 (Torres)	Sustainable Communities Act of 2019	1/30/19	House Financial Services and Transportation & Infrastructure Committees	Authorizes the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, in conjunction with the Secretary of Transportation, to carry out a Sustainable Communities Initiative, and for other purposes.	
H.R. 1139 (Napolitano)	Transit Worker and Pedestrian Protection Act	2/11/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee	Amends title 49, United States Code, to require the development of public transportation operations safety risk reduction programs, and for other purposes.	
H.R. 1517 (DeSaulnier)	Connecting Opportunities through Mobility Metrics and Unlocking Transportation Efficiencies Act	3/5/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee	Requires the Secretary of Transportation to carry out a pilot program to develop and provide to States and transportation planning organizations accessibility data sets.	
H. Res. 109 (Ocasio-Cortez)	Green New Deal	2/7/19	House Energy & Commerce; Science, Space & Technology; Education & Labor; Transportation & Infrastructure; Agriculture; Natural Resources; Foreign Affairs; Financial Services; Judiciary; Ways & Means; and Oversight & Reform Committees	Recognizes the duty of the Federal Government to create a Green New Deal.	
H.R. 2164 (Brownley)	Green Bus Act of 2019	4/9/19	House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee	Increases federal funding for zero-emission buses and beginning in 2029 requires that any bus purchased for use in public transportation with funds provided by the Federal Transit Administration to be a zero-emission bus.	

United States Senate					
Bill Number (Author)	Topic	Current Version	Status	Summary	Position
S. 146 (Hoeven)	Move America Act of 2019	1/16/19	Senate Finance Committee	Amends the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for Move America bonds and Move America credits.	
S. 615 (Portman)	State Transportation Flexibility Act	2/28/19	Senate Environment & Public Works Committee	Devolves the federal highway transportation program down to the states.	
S. 654 (Baldwin)	Connecting Opportunities through Mobility Metrics and Unlocking Transportation Efficiencies Act	3/5/19	Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee	Requires the Secretary of Transportation to carry out a pilot program to develop and provide to States and transportation planning organizations accessibility data sets.	
S. 674 (Carper)	Clean Corridors Act of 2019	3/6/19	Senate Environment & Public Works Committee	Establishes a grant program for the installation of electric vehicle charging infrastructure and hydrogen fueling infrastructure along the National Highway System.	
S. 787 (Warren)	American Housing and Economic Mobility Act of 2019	3/13/19	Senate Finance Committee	Authorizes a number of new federal programs and amends existing programs to make housing more affordable. Includes increasing investments in the National Housing Trust Fund and Capital Magnet Fund, expanding the Community Reinvestment Act and creates a \$10 billion incentive program for local governments to eliminate certain land use restrictions. Funds new programs through increasing the federal estate tax.	
S. Res. 59 (Markey)	Green New Deal	2/7/19	Senate Environment & Public Works Committee	Recognizes the duty of the Federal Government to create a Green New Deal.	
S. 1098 (Cardin)	Transportation Alternatives Enhancement Act	4/9/19	Senate Environment & Public Works Committee	Increases suballocation of the federal funding for bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure (the “STP set-aside”) to 66 percent from 50 percent.	

California State Legislative Calendar 2019*

<p>January 1 Statutes take effect 7 Legislature reconvenes 10 Budget must be submitted by Governor (Art. IV, Sec. 12(a)) 21 Martin Luther King, Jr. Day 25 Last day to submit bill requests to the Office of Legislative Counsel</p>	<p>June 3 Committee meetings may resume 15 Budget Bill must be passed by midnight</p>
<p>February 18 Presidents' Day 22 Last day for bills to be introduced</p>	<p>July 4 Independence Day 10 Last day for policy committees to hear and report fiscal bills to fiscal committees 12 Last day for policy committees to hear and report bills. Summer Recess begins upon adjournment of session, provided Budget Bill has been passed</p>
<p>March 29 Cesar Chavez Day</p>	<p>August 12 Legislature reconvenes from Summer Recess 30 Last day for fiscal committees to meet and report bills to the floor</p>
<p>April 11 Spring Recess begins upon adjournment 22 Legislature reconvenes from Spring recess 26 Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house</p>	<p>September 2 Labor Day 3-13 Floor session only. No committee may meet for any purpose, except Rules Committee, bills referred pursuant to Assembly Rule 77.2, and Conference Committees 6 Last day to amend on floor 13 Last day for any bill to be passed. Interim Recess begins upon adjournment</p>
<p>May 3 Last day for policy committees to hear and report to the floor nonfiscal bills introduced in their house 10 Last day for policy committees meet prior to June 3 17 Last day for fiscal committees to hear and report to the floor bills introduced in their house. Last day for fiscal committee to meet prior to June 3 27 Memorial Day 28 – 6/1 No committee may meet for any purpose except for Rules Committee, bills referred pursuant to A.R. 77.2, and Conference Committees</p>	<p>October 13 Last day for Governor to sign or veto bills passed by the Legislature on or before Sept. 13 and in the Governor's possession after Sept. 13</p> <p>November 6 General Election.</p> <p>December</p> <p>January 2020 1 Statutes take effect.</p>

Source: Senate & Assembly websites.

*Dates are subject to change.

116th United States Congress, First Session (Tentative) Calendar*

<p>January 1 New Year’s Day 3 House and Senate reconvene 4 Senate district work period 21 Martin Luther King, Jr. Day 21-25 House and Senate district work periods</p>	<p>July 1-5 House and Senate district work periods 4 Independence Day 29-31 House district work period</p>
<p>February 4 Deadline for President’s budget submission 18 President’s Day 18-22 House and Senate district work periods</p>	<p>August 1-31 House district work period 5-31 Senate district work period</p>
<p>March 18-22 House and Senate district work periods</p>	<p>September 2 Labor Day 2-6 House and Senate district work periods 30 House and Senate district work periods</p>
<p>April 15 Congressional concurrent resolution budget deadline 15-26 House and Senate district work periods</p>	<p>October 1-11 House and Senate district work periods 14 Columbus Day</p>
<p>May 27 Memorial Day 27-31 House and Senate district work periods</p>	<p>November 1 Fiscal year 2020 begins 1-8 House district work period 11 Veterans’ Day 25-29 House and Senate district work periods 28 Thanksgiving Day</p>
<p>June 30 General deadline for Congressional action on regular appropriations bills and budget reconciliation</p>	<p>December 16-31 House and Senate empty calendar 25 Christmas day</p>

Source: Senate & House of Representatives websites.
 Joint MTC Legislation Committee and ABAG Legislation Committee
 May 10, 2019

**Dates are subject to change.*
 Agenda Item 5a
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California Local & Regional Government Association Bill Position Resources

League of California Cities (“the League”)

<https://www.cacities.org/Policy-Advocacy/Bill-Search>

California State Association of Counties (CSAC)

<https://www.counties.org/legislative-tracking>

California Association of Councils of Government (CALCOG)

<https://www.calcog.org/index.php?src=gendocs&ref=billtrack&link=billtrack>