

Agenda Item 8a Attachment D

Summer 2024 Public Engagement Findings

Background

Staff kicked off the second round of engagement in early August 2024 with activities throughout the nine Bay Area counties, including:

- 18 pop-up workshops hosted by MTC-ABAG
- 8 pop-up workshops hosted in partnership with local community-based organizations
 (CBOs)
- 21 in-person and virtual discussion groups hosted by local CBOs
- 6 in-person and virtual presentations to community groups
- One in-person workshop hosted by a local CBO
- Two in-person partner workshops
- One webinar
- One online survey

Overall, over 13,800 residents and partners participated in summer 2024 engagement activities.

Findings

Staff integrated the results from the 26 pop-up workshops and the online survey, which focused on requesting input on proposed solutions to meet the plan's climate target, proposed transit frequency and safety improvements, potential transit funding priorities and early priorities for implementing Plan Bay Area 2050+.

A summary of the results is provided in the tables and figures below. Figures 1 through 4 include the data from all the pop-up workshops and the survey. Table 1 summarizes the themes that rose to the top from comments received via the survey and pop-ups. Appendix 1 summarizes the findings from the CBO discussion groups, presentations and workshop. All

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detailed results, including all correspondence received during the public comment period are available on the Plan Bay Area website at https://planbayarea.org/get-involved/your-comments/plan-bay-area-2050/public-engagement-round-2-summer-2024.

Figure 1. Let's Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Participants were asked to indicate their level of support for five proposed solutions to help reduce GHG emissions.

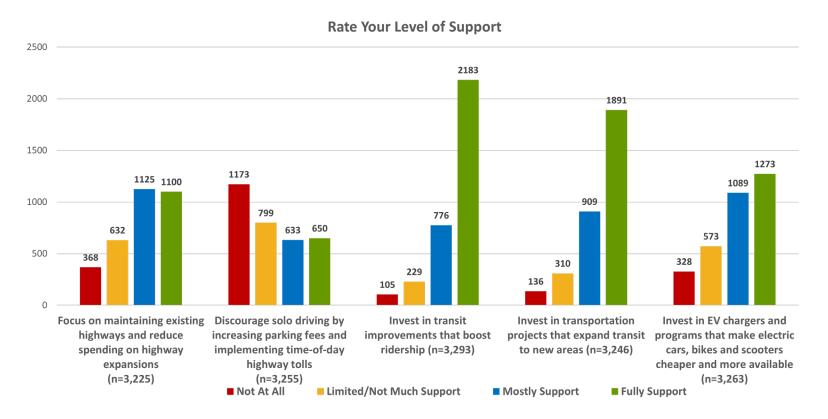


Figure 2. Let's Improve Public Transit

Participants were asked to select their top two frequency improvements from a list of four proposed improvements.

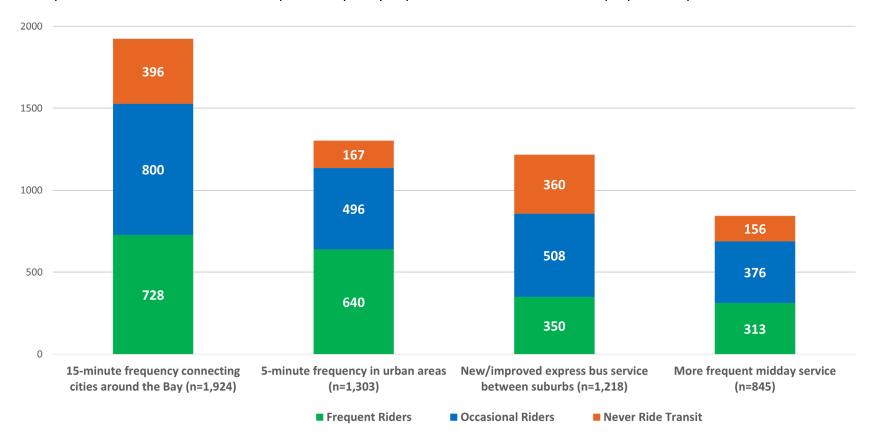


Figure 3. Let's Improve Public Transit

Participants were asked to select their top three safety improvements from a list of six proposed improvements.

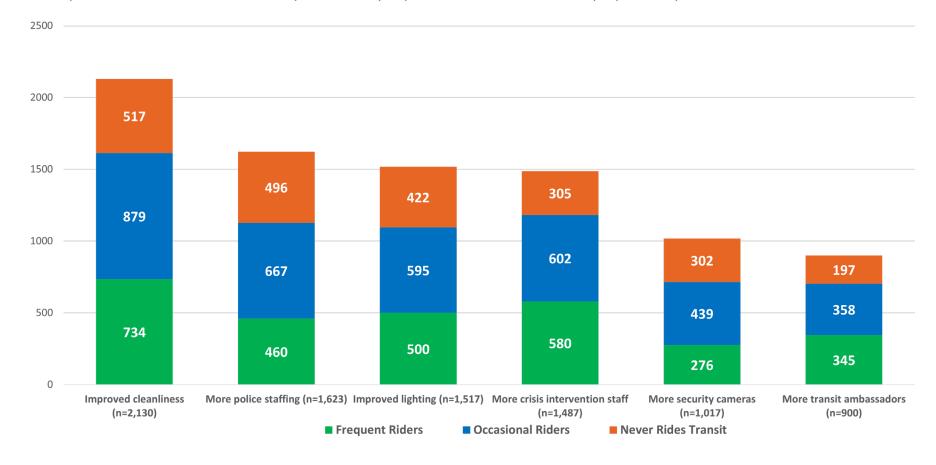


Figure 4. Let's Improve Public Transit

Participants were asked to select their preferred transit funding strategy from two proposed strategies.

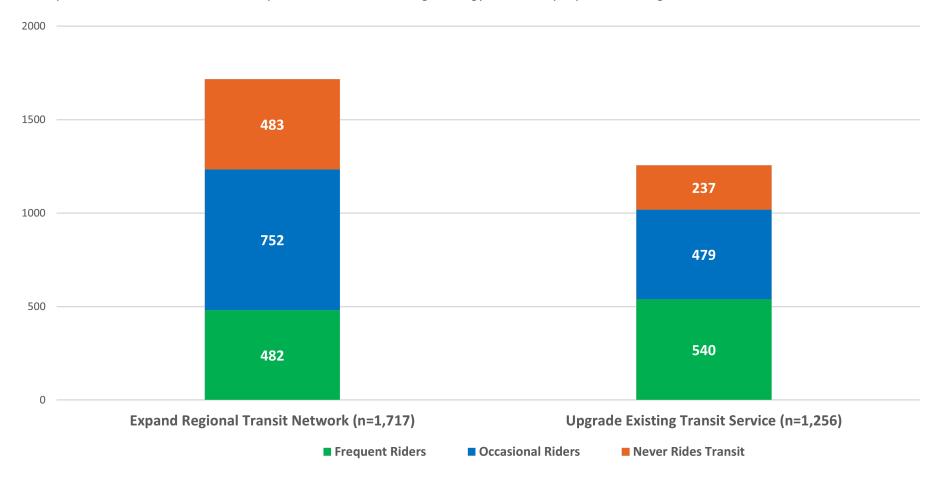


Figure 5. Let's Make Our Vision a Reality

Participants were asked to select their top three priorities for implementation from the plan's 11 themes.

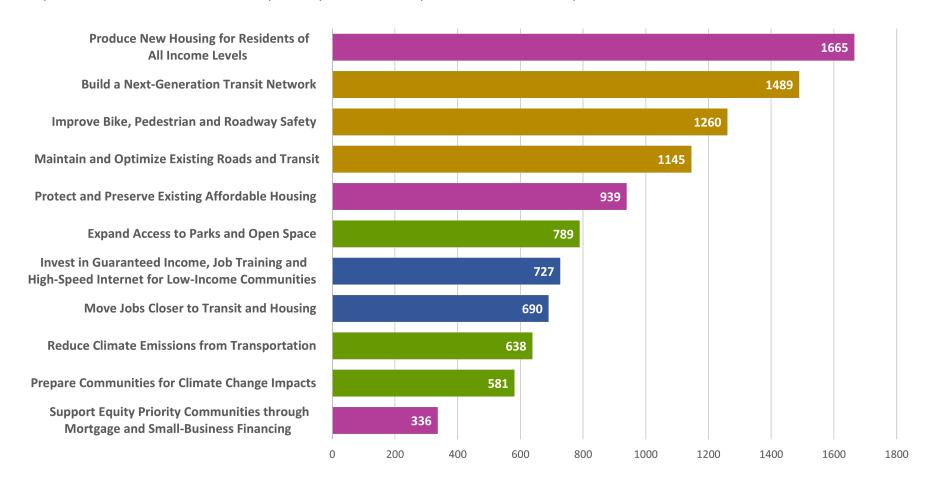


Table 1. Top Themes from Comments Received

Top Themes	Key Issues	Sample Comments
1. Transit	The most common issue raised among	"For a lot of commuters right now, there isn't a practical
	transit-related comments was improving	and viable transit solution whether it be due to transit time,
	transit.	availability, etc. Focusing goals/metrics on making it
	These comments primarily focused on	possible and *faster* to take transit/walk/bike would have
	improving transit travel times, service	side effect of reducing greenhouse emissions."
	frequency and transit priority	"I live 10 minutes from my job and from all my grocery and
	enhancements (i.e. grade separations,	errands needs. I have to drive everywhere because transit
	bus-only lanes, etc.).	would take me an hour and a half. Let that sink in."
	Other transit-related comments focused	"I would like to see transit solutions where the travel time
	on expanding transit, making transit more	is less than twice that of driving."
	accessible and addressing	"Transit frequency is important, as well as rezoning for
	safety/security.	higher densities especially around transit. More seamless
		transfers and fare/schedule coordination between
		agencies would be welcome."
		"Better, more frequent buses through dedicated bus
		lanes, signal priority, and multi-door boarding."

Top Themes	Key Issues	Sample Comments
		"Stop sharing Muni metro tracks with cars. Don't stop
		every other block in Sunset. Use traffic lights to allow for
		speedier trains."
		"Post-COVID transit is not safe period. Transit in the Bay
		Area doesn't work; it's just a concentrated crime scene for
		riders and vehicles, and usually doubles to triples time to
		destination."
2. Housing and	The key issue among housing and land	"Top priority should be zoning reform to encourage dense,
Land Use	use comments was transit-oriented	mixed-use, mixed-income, transit-oriented, parking-lite
	communities.	developments throughout the Bay Area."
	These comments primarily focused on	"Job-housing balance is essential to reduce the commute
	housing density/zoning reform, increasing	time to work. If Santa Clara County creates 40% job
	jobs near transit and mixed-use housing.	growth, then ask Santa Clara to add housing equally.
	Other comments focused on affordable	Alternatively, if you create job centers around the Bay at
	housing and infill development/housing.	transit centers, a broader access to jobs for the working
		class is achieved."
		"Dramatically decrease single-family zoning, allow more
		mix of business and residential uses, with denser
		neighborhoods, to reduce car dependency."

Top Themes	Key Issues	Sample Comments
		"Housing is extremely hard for low-income people. We
		need more initiatives that help the working class who
		cannot afford housing."
		"More housing supply, without restrictions. I wouldn't drive
		so much if I could afford to live where I work."
		"Housing which is affordable needs to be preserved. New
		housing needs to include affordable housing on-site with
		market rate housing."
		"Building a better Bay Area is all about dramatically more
		housing and improving biking/transit networks. Housing
		costs are crushing people here which causes people to
		live farther away, drive more and pollute the air with long
		commutes. Build more housing in our core bay area and
		expand transit frequency/speed."
3. Bike/	The key issue related to bike/ped	"Improved infrastructure for bicycling and walking should
Pedestrian	infrastructure was increasing safety and	be part of the main set of solutions. These projects can be
Infrastructur	e biking infrastructure.	completed at a fraction of the cost of transit projects and,
	These comments primarily focused on	when done well, significantly impact bike/walk mode
	separated bike paths, protected bike	shift."

Top Themes	Key Issues	Sample Comments
	lanes, road diets and improved safety	"Encourage walkability and bike-ability in every jurisdiction
	education for both drivers and cyclists.	throughout the region."
	Other comments focused on pedestrian	"Road improvements need to focus on safety for all
	safety/infrastructure and walkability.	modes. Bike network improvement need to be balanced
		with freight and needs of mobility impaired."
		"Safer bike/ped systems. Network of lighted routes, not
		just fragments. Maintenance of this system. More secure
		bike lockers at bus & rail transit centers that are easy to
		use by all people."
		"Invest in complete streets so that people can bike, roll,
		walk and enjoy our beautiful cities and towns in the Bay
		Area. Invest much more in active transit, making safe bike
		routes for people of all ages."
4. Roads/Pricing	The key issues raised among comments	"Maintenance is key. No expansion until roads are
	related to roads and pricing were local	smooth."
	road maintenance, highway expansion,	"We should stop new freeway and highway expansions
	roadway safety and tolling.	entirely (including expansions that are express lanes) to
		stop creating additional sources of GHGs, then prioritize

Top Themes	Key Issues	Sample Comments
		our resources on transit improvements and bike/ped
		safety instead."
		"Mass transit is so piecemeal in Solano County. It's
		useless to use it to actually commute into Alameda,
		Contra Costa or San Francisco. Until mass transit is
		connected to the North Bay, highway expansion will be
		necessary."
		"Better traffic enforcement - eliminate speeders, slow
		drivers in fast lanes and lane weavers to cut accident rates
		and improve flow. Forbid freeway expansion until you can
		show that we can maintain the existing roadways and
		patrol them adequately first."
		"Additional roadway fees can act regressively, as some
		lower-income populations do need to drive for their
		livelihoods and would be disproportionately affected.
		Driving should be discouraged by reducing road capacity,
		for example, by removing lanes (which also offers the
		opportunity for addition of bus lanes and protected bike
		lanes)."

Top Themes	Key Issues	Sample Comments
5. Equity	Equity-related comments focused	"We should really make public services more equitable for
	primarily on participants' desire for	middle class people. Why is it that in the places where
	equitable public investments in	people are better able and have the means to pay transit
	transportation, housing, and parks and	fares, the fares are cheaper? And where transit service is
	open space.	really necessary it is more expensive."
	Participants called for prioritizing the	"I'd much rather see subsidies going to electric bikes and
	needs of historically marginalized	scooters than electric cars. It makes a much bigger dent in
	communities and individuals with lower	the overall cost of the vehicle and could help way more
	incomes, including seniors and persons	people. Electric car subsidies seem to be only helpful for
	with disabilities.	the wealthy."
	Some participants also expressed	"Open space investments should be equitable and include
	concerns about tolling, policing and	recreational facilities serving the interests of low-income
	income inequality.	and people of color (i.e. transit accessible, active
		recreation and social outdoor spaces). Invest in nature
		access near population centers (i.e. along the bay, not just
		the hills). Nature that is accessible and attractive to
		people as well as protective of habitat is important."
		"My experience of not feeling safe on Bay Area public
		transit has to do with systemic issues like racism and our
		society's biases toward public transit being relegated to

Top Themes	Key Issues	Sample Comments
		lower socioeconomic classes and higher status being
		given to car ownership. As long as these systemic issues
		persist and are not addressed as part of any plan, they will
		not change."
		"It's really horrible to increase the cost of trying to survive
		in San Francisco. If costs could be proportional to
		someone's income, that would be fair. There also need to
		be in-language, accessible options, such as something
		like an EBT card for transit specifically that would apply to
		things like housing, parking, bridge tolls, etc."
		"We need FasTrak programs for low-income. Help for
		single mothers."
		"Stop supporting projects that only help the rich! The rich
		are often the most wasteful and impact climate change to
		most! If you don't help the poor and middle class no one
		will be happy."

Other themes expressed by participants included electrification, climate resilience, crime and taxes.

Contrary to last year's engagement, concerns about the high cost of living in the Bay Area did not rise to the top. Overall, the tone of comments was not as somber and gloomy as they were during the last round of outreach. While participants were not as pessimistic about life in the Bay area, they were not optimistic either.

Appendix 1. Summary of Findings from CBO Engagement

Staff partnered with 17 CBOs to reach Equity Priority Communities and other communities that have been historically excluded from the regional decision-making process. Our CBO partners organized 21 facilitated discussion groups, 6 presentations to community groups, and one traditional workshop that included a presentation and breakout groups. These were the issues that rose to the top among CBO communities.

Reducing Climate Emissions

- Community members emphasized the need to prioritize maintaining existing highways over expanding them.
- There was broad support for investing in transit to reduce solo driving and for making electric vehicles (EVs) and EV infrastructure more accessible, but at the same time, participants expressed concern about equitable access to EVs given the high cost of electricity.
- Fee-based strategies to discourage solo driving were unpopular, especially among lowincome communities, who highlighted that carpooling or taking transit is often not feasible due to the nature of their employment and/or work hours.
- Participants raised concerns about rising fees for transportation and parking, which
 disproportionately affect low-income residents. They emphasized that while
 environmental goals are crucial, they should not come at the expense of marginalized
 communities.

Improving Transit

- Participants strongly supported improving the frequency and reliability of public transit services, especially in urban areas, as well as expanding transit services to underserved areas like East Contra Costa County and Vallejo.
- Safety was a major concern, with many calling for more transit ambassadors and crisis intervention staff. Youth and Black residents expressed concern about increasing police presence, as this could escalate situations for Black, Indigenous and People of Color

- (BIPOC) communities; however, other community members, including immigrants, expressed support for more police.
- Safety concerns included theft and personal security issues on public transit, especially
 for women and the elderly. There was a strong push for improvements in cleanliness,
 better lighting and more security cameras at transit stops and stations.
- Youth particularly expressed concern about infrequent transit services and the difficulty in navigating transit systems, advocating for clearer and safer options.
- Youth highlighted the need for a more accessible transit system with shorter wait times, cleaner vehicles and stops/stations and safer conditions. They expressed concerns about the impact of long transit delays on their education and work, particularly in areas underserved by current transit routes.
- Concerns were raised about how transit expansion and rising housing costs might displace low-income and BIPOC residents.

Priorities for Implementation

- The top priorities identified by CBO communities included transportation, housing and climate change mitigation. Participants called for a holistic approach that integrates sustainable transit, affordable housing and job creation with environmental goals.
- There was unanimous support for producing new affordable housing and investing in infrastructure improvements. Participants wanted to see investments that protect existing affordable housing and prioritize underserved communities.
- Participants felt that new housing should benefit both current and incoming residents.
- Rural residents' top priority was ensuring access to high-speed internet, especially during disasters.

Overall, the discussions reflected a need for more equitable and efficient public transportation, alongside strategies to mitigate climate change and ensure affordable housing for all.