

### Since 1998, BATA and Caltrans maintain a unique joint venture overseeing the Seven bridges

### **Statutory roles:**

- Caltrans: Owns, operates, maintains, and manages rehabilitation of the bridges, including toll facilities
- BATA: Budgets and reimburses Caltrans' work and administers the toll revenue including budget and financing action

Since Spring 2021, the agencies have been jointly pursuing Asset Management. By the end of this presentation, you will understand:

- Bridge Condition ratings
- Life Cycle Cost Analysis scenarios and results





San Francisco Oakland Bay Bridge

West Span Opened: 1936 East Span Opened: 2013



Richmond San Rafael Bridge

Opened: 1956



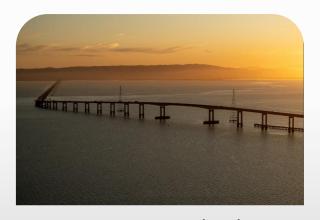
**Carquinez Bridge** 

Eastbound Opened: 1958 Westbound Opened: 2003



**Benicia Martinez Bridge** 

Southbound Opened: 1962 Northbound Opened: 2007



San Mateo Hayward Bridge Opened: 1967



Antioch Bridge Opened: 1978



Dumbarton Bridge Opened: 1982

# Bay Area State- Owned Toll Bridges



## **Asset Management Timeline**



#### **Work Started**

BATA and Caltrans partnered to develop the Toll Bridge Asset Management Plan (TBAMP)



#### **Adopted Policy**

BATA adopted the Asset Management Policy and Objectives

2021 2022 2023 2024 2025+



#### **Engage**

Completed ISO 55001 High Level Diagnostic



#### Finalize & Improve

Complete the TBAMP by the end of 2025 and continue monitoring and improvement



Actively engaged with Caltrans and industry experts to develop the TBAMP



# Bridge Condition: How BATA and Caltrans Keep Our

**Toll Bridges Safe** 

3. Taking Action



Project Development

### 1. Bridge Inspection



### Routine & Specialty Inspections

- Caltrans Structure Maintenance and Investigations has certified engineers inspect bridges (throughout California since 1928) every 2-4 years
- Inspectors follow federal and state guidelines

### 2. Inspection Reports



#### Documentation

- Findings are fully documented in bridge inspection reports sent to FHWA
- Bridge team tracks and monitors conditions over time

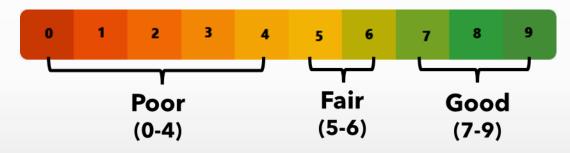
- Identify needed repairs from inspections
- Prioritize based on risk
- Plan and initiate projects



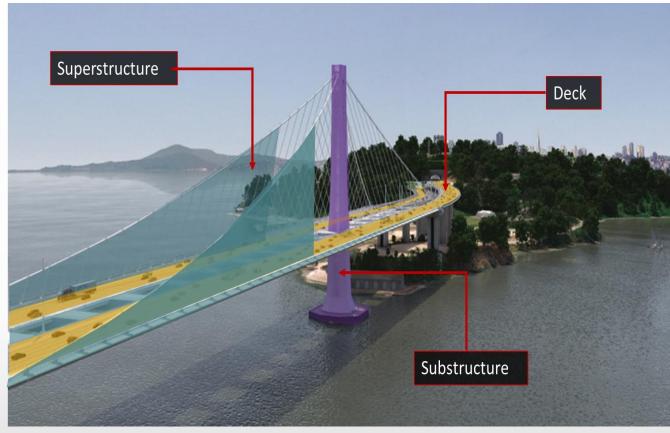
Safety issues are addressed at the time of discovery

## **Inspection Reports**

- Element Level Inspections Generate Bridge
   Component Condition Ratings
- The rating scale ranges from 0 (Failed condition) to 9 (Excellent condition)



 Lowest component rating determines the overall rating of the bridge





## **Taking Action**

### Bridge preservation maximizes our dollars



Adapted from Source: U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration, "Bridge Preservation Guide."



## Life Cycle Analysis Results Example

### **Establishing Toll Bridge Scenarios to Target Cost-Effective Strategies**

Scenario Planning for San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge West Span



- Scenario 1 Spot Repair:
   Fix bridge elements before they fall into very poor conditions
- Scenario 2 Reduce Backlog:
   Fix bridge elements as needed to sustain fair condition
- Scenario 3 Accelerate Rehab:
   Fix bridge elements as needed to increase time in good condition

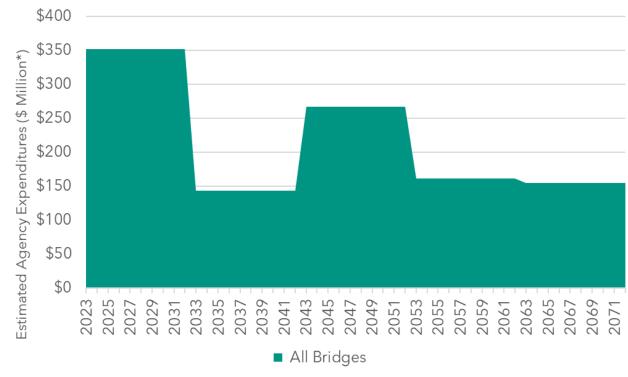


## Life Cycle Analysis Results

### **Summary of Results**

- Early investment maximizes cost effectiveness and prevents higher future repair costs
- San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge West Span and Richmond San Rafael Bridges represent majority of planned expenditures
- Incorporating life cycle cost analysis will increase planned investments beyond the current \$2.3B BATA 10-Year CIP (FY 2024-33)
- Approved toll increase starting in 2026 helps fund the most critical bridge preservation work

### Reduce Backlog Scenario



<sup>\*</sup>Estimates are based on 10-Year averages in 2023 dollars



## **Next Steps**

November 2025

#### **Toll Bridge Program Report**

Updated report to include asset management data

November 2026

### **BATA 10-Year Capital Improvement Plan**

Integrate asset management findings into the capital planning framework

