

Proposed DRAFT Transit-Oriented Communities Policy

Policy Advisory Council
April 13, 2022







Plan Bay Area & the TOC Policy



VISION & GUIDING PRINCIPLES

Ensure by the year 2050 that the Bay Area is affordable, connected, diverse, healthy and vibrant for all.





- Transportation Strategies
- Housing Geographies & Strategies
- Economic Geographies & Strategies
- Environmental Strategies

Strategies addressed by TOC Policy:







Overview: Focus on PBA 2050 Implementation

PBA 2050 Transit Investments PBA 2050 Strategies + RHNA

TransitOriented
Communities
Policy

Proposed TOC Policy Goals

Goal 1: Increase residential densities for new development and prioritize affordable housing in transit-rich areas.

Goal 2: Increase commercial densities for new development in transit-rich areas near regional transit hubs served by multiple transit providers.

Goal 3: Prioritize bus transit, active transportation, and shared mobility within and to/from transit-rich areas, particularly to Equity Priority Communities located more than one half-mile from transit stops or stations.

Goal 4: Support and facilitate partnerships to create equitable transit-oriented communities within the San Francisco Bay Area Region.

Proposed Changes: TOD v. TOC Policy

MTC Res. 3434 TOD Policy (2005)

- Only applies to half-mile station areas for specific transit expansion projects
- Minimum corridor-level housing thresholds by transit mode
- Must satisfy policy requirements before regional discretionary funds are programmed or allocated for transit expansion project

Proposed TOC Policy

- Plan Bay Area 2050 PDAs and TRAs with existing and/or future high-quality transit:
 - Focus on fixed guideway and rapid bus projects, including extensions and major improvements
- Requirements for:
 - Allowable residential and office densities
 - Affordable housing and anti-displacement
 - Parking management
 - Station access and circulation





Proposed Requirements: Residential & Office Density

Level of Transit Service	Residential Density*	Office Density*
Tier 1: Regional rail hubs (e.g., served by multiple BART lines, BART and Caltrain, etc.)	150-200 dwelling units per net acre	6-8 floor area ratio
Tier 2: Stop/station served by BART, Caltrain, Light Rail Transit, Bus Rapid Transit	75-100 dwelling units per net acre	3-5 floor area ratio
Tier 3: Stop/station served by commuter rail, ferry, or rapid bus with headways ≤15 minutes in peak periods	35-50 dwelling units per net acre	2-4 floor area ratio

^{*}Note: Initially proposed density ranges are based on PBA 2050 modeling for Strategies H3 and EC4 (see <u>Forecasting and Modeling Report</u>, p.44 and p. 57).

Feedback to date:

- Focus on fixed-guideway transit (e.g., rail, light rail, bus rapid transit, ferry).
- Use lower end of range as an "allowable" density calculated as an average for the area, or adjust ranges to provide a density "floor" as well as allowable "ceiling".



Bay Area Density Examples: Regional Rail Hubs (Tier 1)

Residential: Oakland



150-200 Dwelling Units/Acre

Commercial: Oakland and SF



Source: Loopne

6-8 Floor Area Ratio

Bay Area Density Examples: Regional Rail, LRT, BRT (Tier 2)

Residential: San Jose and South SF



75-100
Dwelling
Units/Acre

Commercial: SF and Burlingame



3-5 Floor Area Ratio





Bay Area Density Examples: Commuter Rail, Ferry, Rapid Bus (Tier 3)

Residential: San Jose and Fremont

35-50
Dwelling
Units/Acre





Commercial: San Mateo and Redwood City



2-4 Floor Area Ratio





Proposed Requirements: Affordable Housing, Parking Management, & Station Access and Circulation



Affordable Housing & Anti-Displacement Policies

Menu of policy options that address production, preservation and protection either as an overlay or jurisdictionwide.



Parking Management

Transit-supportive parking policies and requirements that prioritize active transportation and shared modes. Like density requirement, requirements are tiered to level of transit service available.

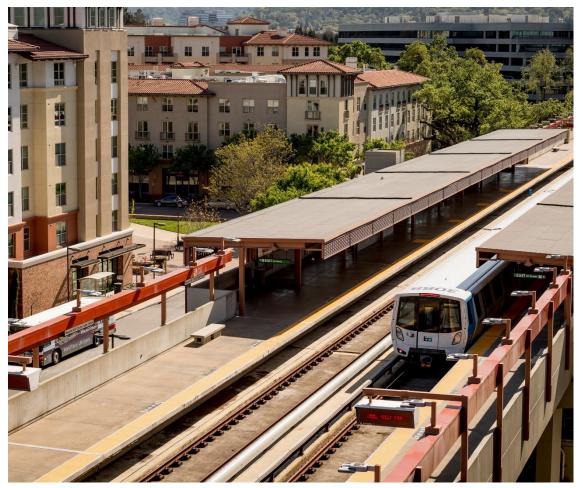


Station Access & Circulation

Planning and policies that prioritize and facilitate station access via active transportation and shared modes, including identification of needed infrastructure and service improvements.



Key Issues for Policy Development



Robust discussion at January 14th MTC Planning/ABAG Admin Committee

- TOC Policy compliance and relationship to funding, including timing/phasing of implementation
- For requirements, balancing simplicity with effectiveness + land use complexity and diversity
- Resources available for policy implementation, including planning and technical assistance grants, as well as policy compliance







Next Steps

Staff contact:

Kara Vuicich, AICP
Principal Planner
kvuicich@bayareametro.gov

April

- MTC Policy Advisory Council
- Develop revisions to policy proposal based on feedback

Summer

- Revised policy proposal to Joint MTC Planning/ABAG Admin Committee
- Final policy for consideration by Joint Committee & Commission



