

Saving Transit Service: Understanding the Bay Area's Transit Operating Fiscal Crisis

MTC Programming and Allocations Committee February 8, 2023

Overview



Reimagined Short Range Transit Plans (SRTP):
 A Scenario Planning Exercise



2. Transit's Story Over the Last Three Years



3. Outlook for Transit Agencies Over the Coming Years



4. A Regional Approach to a Looming Transit 'Fiscal Cliff'





Reimagined SRTPs



- 1. In April 2022, the MTC Commission adopted **MTC Resolution No. 4512**, updating the guidelines for the Short-Range Transit Plan (SRTP) process
- 2. Past SRTPs: Service and capital plans constrained to a single ten-year revenue forecast. Large operators and small operators on staggered SRTP schedule
- **3. Key changes** included:
 - Narrower 5-year focus targeted
 - All operators on same cycle to provide regional picture
 - Scenario planning exercise
- **4. Reimagined SRTP**: Revenue constraints were asserted based on scenario concepts, and service plans were required to fit within those constraints

Reminder: The scenarios and revenue envelopes were not developed to be predictive. The intention is to articulate what service *might* look like under different revenue constraints.





What might Bay Area transit service look like over the next five years under different <u>revenue</u> constraints?

- 1. Robust Recovery What if total revenues return to FY 2018-19 levels, adjusted for inflation?
- 2. <u>Tax Revenue Recovery, with fewer riders</u> What if *fare revenues* remain depressed, but other revenues recover to FY 2018-19 levels?

3. <u>Some Progress – Revenue at 85%</u> – What if total revenues don't recover beyond 85% of FY 2018-19 levels?





Scenario #1 Robust Recovery

What if total revenues return to FY 2018-19 levels, adjusted for inflation?

Scenario Insight in a Sentence: *It costs more to do less.*

- Despite 100% of adjusted FY 2018-19 revenues, service hours would be 96% of FY 2018-19 levels
- It already costs more to provide less
 - Costs have increased substantially (30% regionally) due to new labor contracts and higher fuel costs
 - For some operators, FY2022-23 expenses exceed adjusted FY 2018-19 levels, even with reduced service hours
- If available revenues return to adjusted pre-pandemic levels, transit operator retention and recruitment would likely remain a significant challenge to provide full service

Key Themes from the Scenario

Average Cost per Service Hour Region-wide



FY 2022-23 vs FY 2018-19 (% Change)

	Budget	Service Hours
SFMTA	+27%	-18%
LAVTA	+27%	-16%
NVTA	+23%	-12%









Scenario #2: Tax Revenue Recovery, with fewer riders

What if fare revenues remain depressed, but other revenues recover to FY 2018-19 levels?

Scenario Insight in a Sentence:

Key regional transit services are hollowed out

- Most likely of the three scenarios based on employer survey trends and actual fund source performance to date
- The fiscal and service impacts of this scenario would vary tremendously across operators.
- While region-wide ridership has recovered roughly 55% of prepandemic ridership, across operators, recovery ranges from 30% to 80%.
- Pre-pandemic fare dependent operators would be most impacted
- Under these revenue constraints, BART would only be able to provide **22% of pre-pandemic service hours**.

Key Themes from the Scenario



Spotlight

	Scenario 2 FY24 vs FY19 Reduction	Scenario 2 FY24 vs FY19 Reduction (%)
Operating Budget	-\$151 M	-22%
Revenue Vehicle Hours	-1.8M	-78%
Revenue Vehicle Miles	-67 M	-84%
Employees (Full Time Equivalent)	-1,400	-38%
Number of Lines Operated	-3	-43%



<u>Scenario #3: Some Progress – Revenue at 85%</u>

What if total revenues don't recover beyond 85% of FY 2018-19 levels?

Scenario Insight in a Sentence:

Across the board reductions in all transit service

- This scenario illustrates the service impacts if all operators were equally fiscally constrained.
- While the least likely given the current state of nonfarebox revenues, the impacts would be the most severe.

Key Themes from the Scenario

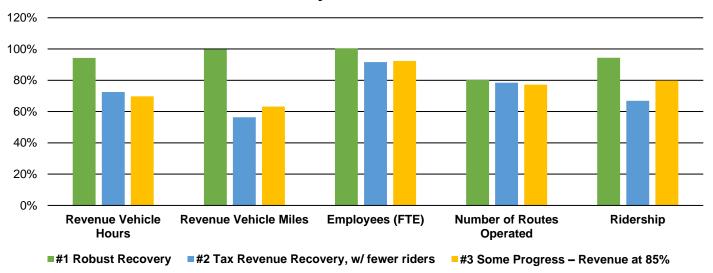
Regional impacts of a 15% revenue reduction

Category	# Reduction	%
Service Hours	-3.9M Hours	-30%
Service Miles	-71.4M Miles	-37%
Employees	-1,200 Employees	-8%

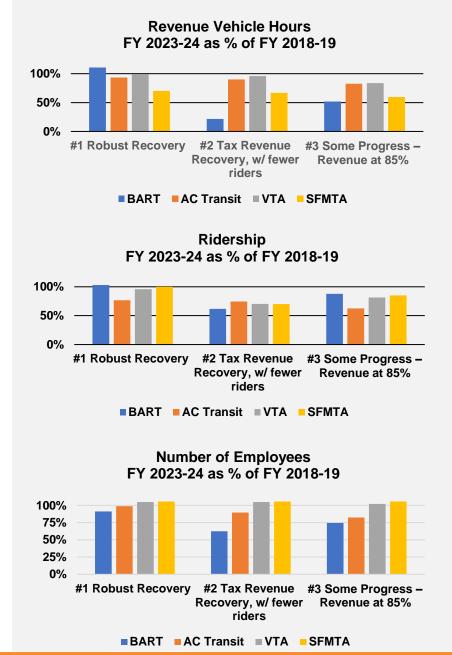




FY 2023-24 as % of FY 2018-19 Bay Area-wide



Although overall impacts of scenarios #2 and #3 look similar at the regional level, the impacts vary greatly across operators



Key Themes



Fiscal and operating challenges vary dramatically across operators

- 1. Farebox dependent operators remain acutely vulnerable to sluggish ridership recovery
- 2. 100% of pre-pandemic revenues would not be sufficient to restore 100% of pre-pandemic service
- 3. Fiscal cliff is not the only challenge. For some agencies, operator recruitment and retention are as significant a challenge, if not more so, than fiscal ones when it comes to restoring transit service to levels operated pre-pandemic

All operator submitted Reimagined SRTP data is posted at www.mtc.ca.gov/srtp

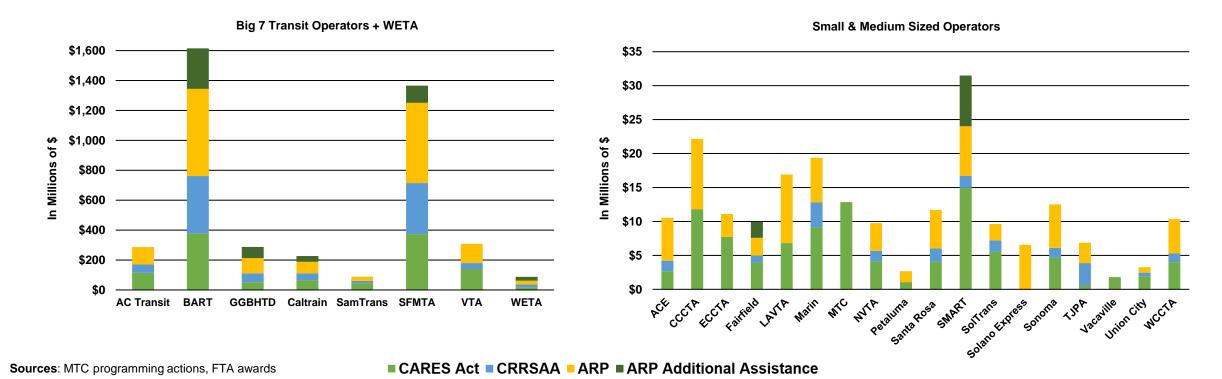




\$4.4 Billion in Federal COVID-19 Relief



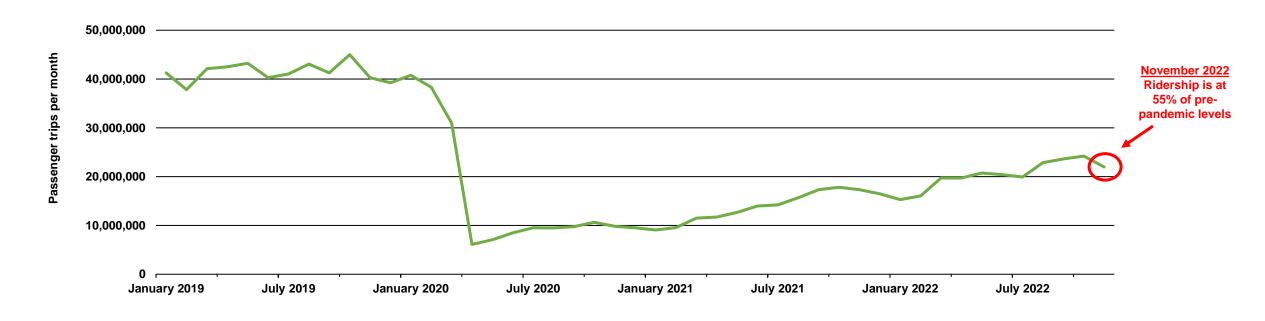
These funds have been critical for agencies dependent on passenger fares, bridge tolls, and parking revenues. Without federal relief the Bay Area would not have a functioning regional transit system.



Transit Ridership - All Bay Area Operators



Transit ridership across the Bay Area remains at only 55% of pre-pandemic levels. But **over 22 million** passenger trips were still taken on transit during the month of November 2022.



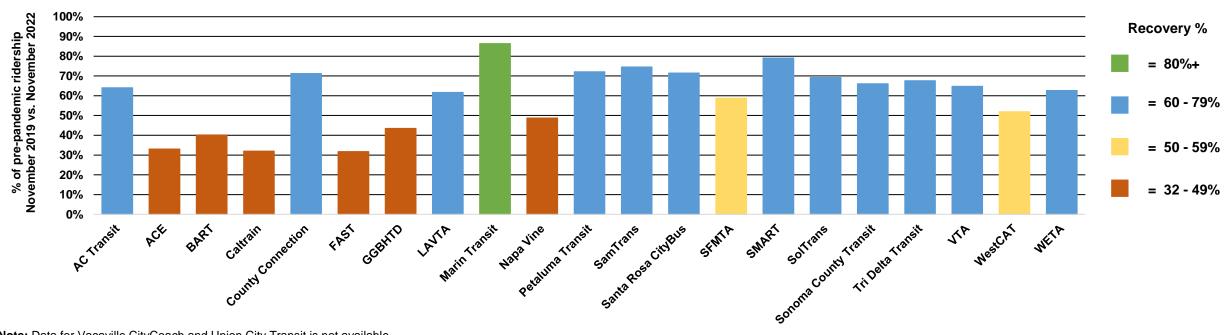
Source: National Transit Database



Ridership Recovery Varies Greatly by Operator



Ridership recovery by operator generally reflects the type of destinations served and the demographics of riders of each agency. Operators primarily serving riders without access to other modes of transportation have seen the most robust recovery.



Note: Data for Vacaville CityCoach and Union City Transit is not available. **Source:** National Transit Database, November 2022.





The (Pre-Pandemic) Revenue Models of Bay Area Transit Operators



User Fee Focused

Fares, Tolls, Parking Revenues

Example Operators
BART, GGBHTD

Sales Tax Dominates

Sales Taxes = 70% of Operations Rev.

Example Operators VTA, SamTrans

The financial position that Bay Area transit operators find themselves in today is closely tied to the type of **prepandemic revenue model** used by the agency to support operators

Mix of Tax-Based Sources

Property/Parcel Taxes, Sales tax

Example Operators
AC Transit, Marin Transit

Unique Funding Mix

City General Fund, Special Agreements, MOUs

Example Operators
SFMTA, WestCAT, ACE

Transit operators' **business model** (the type of service they provide and the demographics of riders they target) is also key to understanding their current financial position



A Challenged Business Model



Population Loss

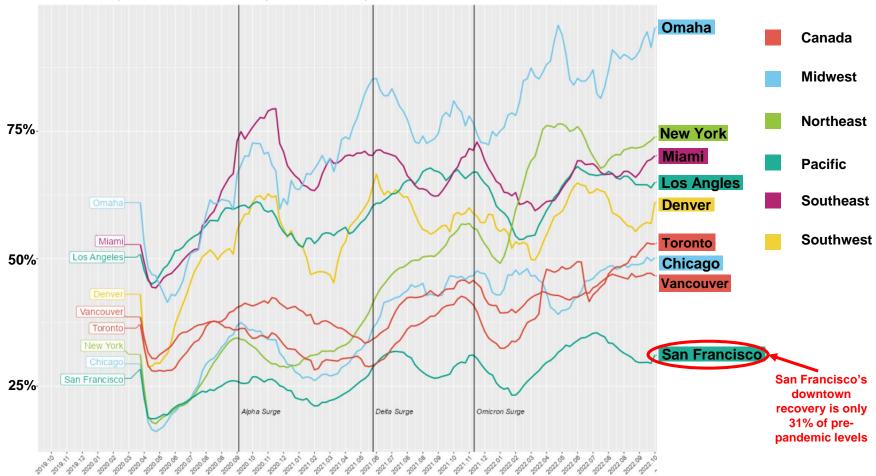
150,000 fewer people lived in the Bay Area 2022 than in 2015*



Workplace Changes

Downtown SF and Oakland have the *lowest rate of office in-person* occupancy in North America*.





*Sources: UC Berkeley/U of Toronto – <u>Downtown Recovery Study; CA Dept. of Finance</u>



A Challenged Business Model

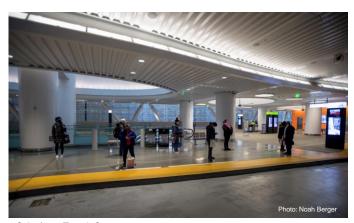




AM rush hour at Embarcadero BART Station - January 2023



Weekends on a WETA ferry - fall 2022



Salesforce Transit Center- 2022



Caltrain Diridon Station - 2022



Golden Gate Transit bus full of intra-SF Commuters – spring 2022

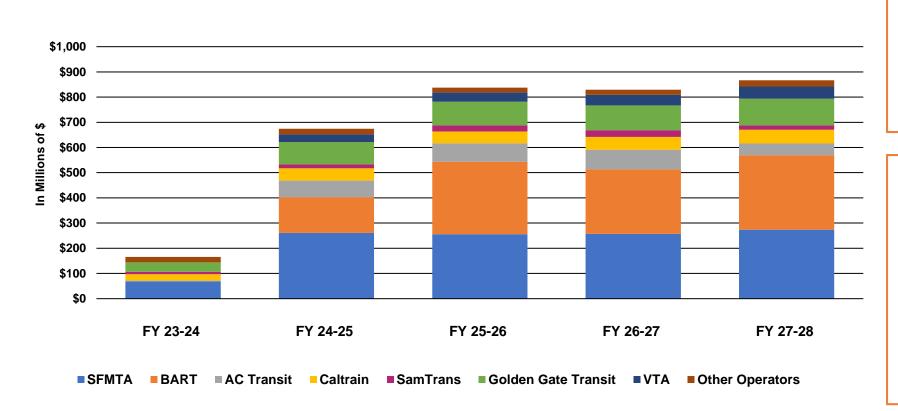
Themes

- · Stronger weekend demand
- Shifting travel patterns due to still suspended transit services
- Less demand for peak hour express bus + rail



Forecast of Annual Operating Shortfalls by Operator





Bay Area transit operators anticipate a cumulative operating shortfall of between \$2.5 - \$3.3 billion over next five years

This range of potential shortfalls reflects the uncertainty of the coming years. The lower end of the range would require making hard decisions like delaying the zero-emission bus transition, canceling key Vision Zero safety projects on streets, and delaying customer facing repairs for assets like escalators.

Note: Amounts shown in table represent high end of possible shortfall forecast. **Source**: Operator forecasts provided the California Transit Association





A Coordinated Response



MTC, Transit Operators, Advocates: Working together to advocate in Sacramento and tell the story of transit riders and why protecting service is critical to California

"Backbone"
committee of MTC,
transit agencies, and
community
organizations
collaborating to an
unprecedented
degree around
"fiscal cliff"

MTC staff will continue to gather data from operators to inform advocacy and the Commission

Building partnerships with other regions of California and CA Transit Association



Making the Case

Addressing the Five Year \$2 Billion+ Shortfall

Delivering the Transit Transformation Action Plan

- 1. Fares/Payment
- 2. Customer Information
 - 3. Transit Network Priority/Planning
 - 4. Accessibility
- 5. Secure New Funding

Presentations to Bay Area Legislative Caucus

Exploring local/regional revenue options

Joint letter signed by over 50+ agencies, organizations, business groups, and unions

